

TABLE OF CONTENTS

u_{i+ 11} **p** ≠

| | | <u>Page</u> | | | | | | |
|------|---|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| I. | Executive Summary | 1 | | | | | | |
| II. | General Description | 3 | | | | | | |
| | A. Facility Description | 3 | | | | | | |
| | B. Process Description | 3 | | | | | | |
| | C. Waste Management Operations | 12 | | | | | | |
| | D. Regulatory History | 14 | | | | | | |
| | E. Compliance History | 15 | | | | | | |
| | F. Visual Site Inspection | 15 | | | | | | |
| | G. Environmental Setting | 18 | | | | | | |
| III. | Description of Solid Waste Management Units | 29 | | | | | | |
| IV. | Summary of Suggested Further Actions | 89 | | | | | | |
| v. | References | 93 | | | | | | |
| | Attachment A - SWMU Location Map 1 | | | | | | | |
| | Attachment B - SWMU Location Map 2 | | | | | | | |
| | Attachment C - VSI Photograph Locations | | | | | | | |
| | Attachment D - Analytical Data for Soil and Wat | er | | | | | | |
| | Attachment E - Site 4-Mile Radius Map | | | | | | | |
| | Attachment F - Area Well Logs | | | | | | | |
| | Attachment G - 15-Mile Surface Water Map | | | | | | | |
| | Attachment H - Preliminary Assessment Form 2070 | -12 | | | | | | |



LIST OF FIGURES

| No. | <u>Name</u> | <u>Page</u> |
|-----|------------------------------------|-------------|
| 1 | Site Location | 4 |
| 2 | USGS Topographic Map | 5 |
| 3 | Cross Section of Lake Calumet Area | 20 |
| 4 | Borehole Locations | 21 |
| 5 | Monitor Well Locations | 26 |

LIST OF TABLES

4.np.

| No. | <u>Name</u> | <u>Page</u> |
|-----|---|-------------|
| 1 | List of Solid Waste Management Units | 2 |
| 2 | Categories of Waste Received at Clean Harbors | 6 |
| 3 | Prequalification Testing Parameters | 13 |
| 4 | Summary of On-site Soil Samples | 22 |
| 5 | Summary of Monitor Well Samples | 27 |
| 6 | Summary of On-site Tanks | 88 |
| 7 | Summary of Suggested Actions for SWMUs | 89 |

I. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Clean Harbors of Chicago is a commercial storage and treatment facility using physical and chemical methods to treat selected wastes. Primary treatment operations include chemical precipitation, coagulation, filtration, and stabilization/fixation. Some wastes require pre-treatment and these operations include neutralization, chemical oxidation/reduction, oil recovery and other pre-treatment. Hazardous waste codes handled at Clean Harbors of Chicago include D-wastes, K-wastes and F-wastes (see Table 2).

Based on information acquired during the Preliminary Review, a list of Solid Waste Management Units (SWMUs) was completed. The list of SWMUs included drum storage areas, laboratories, loading/unloading areas, process units, landfill, old lagoons and a wastewater treatment system. The Visual Site Inspection identified additional SWMUs and some SWMUs were grouped into specific processes. Spill information from Illinois EPA Office of Chemical Safety files did not identify any additional areas of concern.

The final list of Solid Waste Management Units identified are the result of the Preliminary Review, Visual Site Inspection and information provided by the facility. This list contains 36 SWMUs (see Table 1), which are described in Section III and shown in Attachment A and B. Based on a review of the information acquired and summarized for this site, the following generalizations can be made:

- No further action is recommended for the drum storage areas (SWMU Nos. 1, 2 and 3), drum staging area (SWMU No. 4), Safety-Kleen Unit (SWMU No. 5), former sludge storage pad (SWMU No. 8), organic laboratory (SWMU No. 12), storage tank (SWMU No. 23), treatment unit (SWMU No. 25) and filter presses (SWMU Nos. 34 and 35).
- Soil sampling is recommended for the outside drum storage areas (SWMU Nos. 7 and 9), auxiliary basin #3 (SWMU No. 15), landfill (SWMU No. 16), former disposal basins (SWMU Nos. 17 thru 21), treatment unit (SWMU No. 22), oil contaminated storage area (SWMU No. 24) and unloading pad (SWMU No. 32).
- Soil sampling is recommended for the process sewer system (SWMU No. 6), carbon absorption system (SWMU No. 10), inorganic laboratory (SWMU No. 11), oil/water separator (SWMU No. 13), former 10,000 gallon sludge feed tank (SWMU No. 14), sludge tank (SWMU No. 26), storage tanks (SWMU Nos. 27 thru 30), receiving tanks (SWMU No. 31), sludge dewatering system (SWMU No. 33) and drum storage area (SWMU No. 36) if the integrity of the sumps, floor drains and/or sewer lines has been breached.

TABLE 1

LIST OF SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT UNITS

Clean Harbors of Chicago, Inc. Chicago, Illinois

Hazardous/Solid Waste Storage Areas

SWMU No. 1 Acid Drum Storage Area

- SWMU No. 2 Alkaline Drum Storage Area SWMU No. 3 Organic Drum Storage Area SWMU No. 4 Drum Staging Area SWMU No. 7 Outside Drum Storage Area 1
- SWMU No. 8 Former Sludge Storage Pad
- SWMU No. 9 Outside Drum Storage Area 2
- SWMU No. 14 Former 10,000 Gallon Sludge Feed Tank
- SWMU No. 23 Special Waste Storage Tank
- SWMU No. 24 Oil Contaminated Soil Storage Area
- SWMU No. 26 13,000 Gallon Concrete Sludge Tank
- SWMU Nos. 27-30 Hazardous and Solid Waste Storage Tanks
- SWMU No. 31 7,000 Gallon Concrete Receiving Tanks
- SWMU No. 36 Inside Drum Storage Area

Treatment Units

- SWMU No. 10 Carbon Absorption System
- SWMU No. 13 Oil/Water Separator
- SWMU No. 22 Chemical Reduction/Oxidation Pretreatment System
- SWMU No. 25 Chemical Treatment Unit
- SWMU No. 33 Sludge Dewatering System

Miscellaneous

- SWMU No. 5 Safety-Kleen Unit
- SWMU No. 6 Process Sewer System
- SWMU No. 11 Inorganic Laboratory
- SWMU No. 12 Organic Laboratory
- SWMU No. 15 Auxiliary Basin #3
- SWMU No. 16 Landfill
- SWMU No. 17 Former Temporary Pickle Liquor Basin
- SWMU No. 18 Former Pickle Liquor Disposal Site
- SWMU No. 19 Former Permanent Pickle Liquor Basin
- SWMU No. 20 Former Oil Basin
- SWMU No. 21 Former Lime Basin
- SWMU No. 32 Truck Unloading Pad
- SWMU No. 34 Former Rotary Filter Press
- SWMU No. 35 Mobile Filter Press

II. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

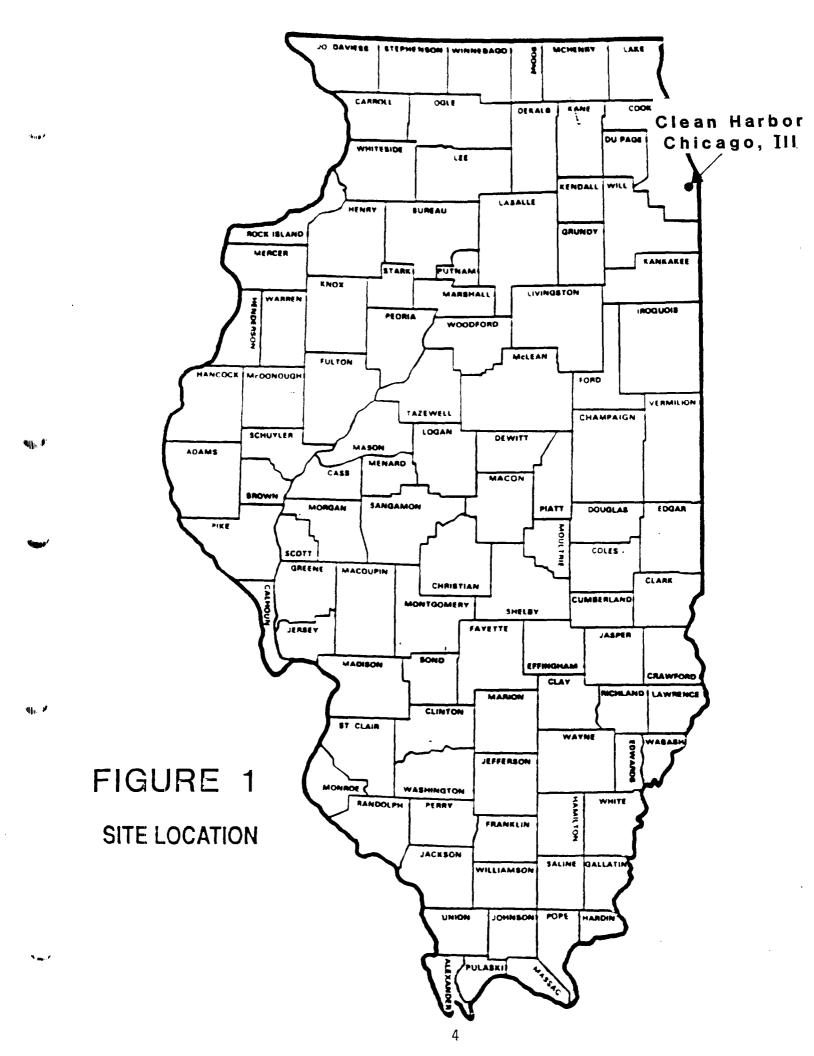
A. FACILITY DESCRIPTION

Clean Harbors of Chicago Inc. is located on a 25.5 acre parcel of land in Cook County, within the East 1/4 of Section 23 and the West 1/2 of Section 24 in Township 37 North, Range 14 East (see Figures 1 and 2). (Clean Harbors uses the east 1/3 of the pier between slip number 4 and slip number 6, on Lake Calumet). The facility address is 11800 South Stony Island Avenue Chicago, Illinois and is owned by Clean Harbors Environmental Services Companies, 1200 Crown Colony Drive, Quincy, Massachusetts. Clean Harbors leases the pier from the Chicago Port Authority, now called the International Port District.

Operations at this location began in the early 1970's by International Hydronics Corporation, also known as Hyon Corporation. Hyon used the pier for the storage, treatment and disposal, in lagoons, of hazardous waste and wastewater. (The lagoons were filled with pickle liquor waste then lime was added to stabilize the pickle liquor and produce a sludge). These operations used the eastern two-thirds of the present Clean Harbors pier. The west one-third of the pier was filled in with stabilized acid-lime sludge that was excavated from the lagoons. Hyon ceased operations sometime after June 29, 1976, with Envirotherm taking over operations until 1980. SCA Chemical Services bought out Envirotherm, but did not use any of the pier currently leased by Clean Harbors. The site was leased by Chem-Clear in 1980 after the lagoons and landfill were covered over with unknown material. Chem-Clear operated at the site until 1989, when ownership changed to Clean Harbors of Chicago, Inc.

B. PROCESS DESCRIPTION

Clean Harbors of Chicago began operations at this facility in 1981, with current operations in the treatment of selected chemicals by physical and chemical methods. The company also provides temporary storage of hazardous wastes prior to offsite shipment to a recovery, reclaiming, or disposal facility. The waste accepted for treatment include: spent pickle liquor, corrosive metal cleaning washes and stripping baths, non-hazardous sludges for dewatering, non-hazardous wastewater from cleaning tanks, non-hazardous wastes from the flushing of coolant systems, battery industry waste, and the waste from the washing and cleaning of tanks and equipment containing alkaline or acid solutions. The waste accepted for storage only include: non-hazardous lab packs, hazardous lab packs, wastewater treatment sludge and/or other wastes from aluminum surface coating and etching, wastewater sludges



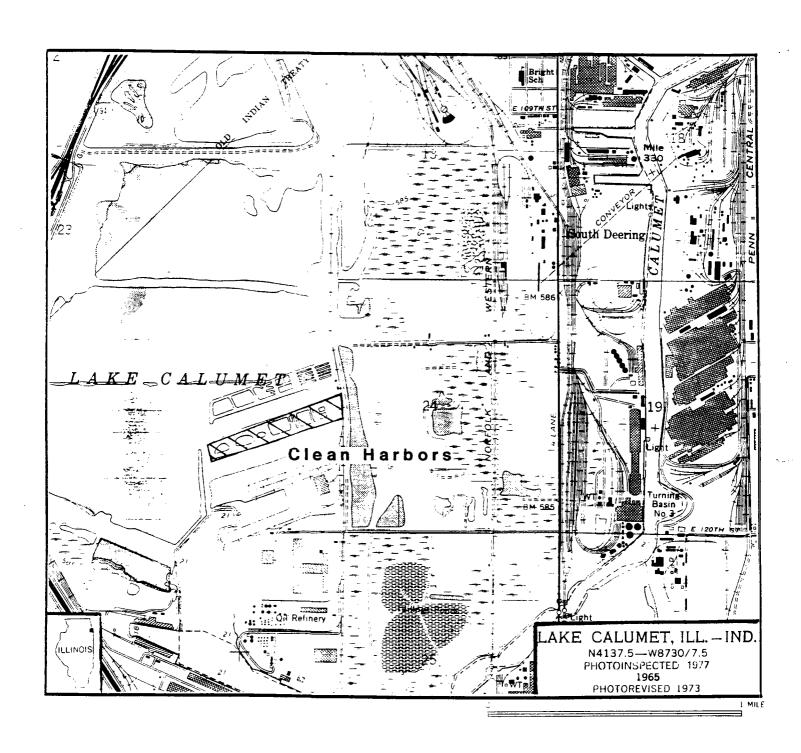


FIGURE 2

TABLE 2

CATEGORIES OF WASTE RECEIVED AT CLEAN HARBORS OF CHICAGO

| Waste No. | <u>Description</u> |
|-----------|--|
| D002 | A solid waste that exhibits the characteristic of corrosivity, but is not listed as a hazardous waste. (Accepted for treatment and storage). |
| D004 | A solid waste that exhibits the characteristic of EP toxicity for arsenic at 5.0 mg/l or more. (Accepted for treatment and storage). |
| D005 | A solid waste that exhibits the characteristic of EP toxicity for barium at 100.0 mg/l or more. (Accepted for treatment and storage). |
| D006 | A solid waste that exhibits the characteristic of EP toxicity for cadmium at 1.0 mg/l or more. (Accepted for treatment and storage). |
| D007 | A solid waste that exhibits the characteristic of EP toxicity for chromium at 5.0 mg/l or more. (Accepted for treatment and storage). |
| D003 | A solid waste that exhibits the characteristic of EP toxicity for lead at 5.0 mg/l or more. (Accepted for treatment and storage). |
| D009 | A solid waste that exhibits the characteristic of EP toxicity for mercury at 0.2 mg/l or more. (Accepted for treatment and storage). |
| D010 | A solid waste that exhibits the characteristic of EP toxicity for selenium at 1.0 mg/l or more. (Accepted for treatment and storage). |
| D011 | A solid waste that exhibits the characteristic of EP toxicity for silver at 5.0 mg/l or more. (Accepted for treatment and storage). |
| D018 | A solid waste that exhibits the characteristic of EP toxicity for benzene at 0.5 mg/l or more. (Accepted for storage only). |
| D019 | A solid waste that exhibits the characteristic of EP toxicity for carbon tetrachloride at 0.5 mg/l or more. (Accepted for storage only). |
| D020 | A solid waste that exhibits the characteristic of |

- EP toxicity for chlorodane at 0.03 mg/l or more. (Accepted for storage only).
- D021 A solid waste that exhibits the characteristic of EP toxicity for chlorobenzene at 100.0 mg/l or more. (Accepted for storage only).
- D022 A solid waste that exhibits the characteristic of EP toxicity for chloroform at 6.0 mg/l or more. (Accepted for storage only).
- D023 A solid waste that exhibits the characteristic of EP toxicity for o-cresol at 200.0 mg/l or more. (Accepted for storage only).
- D024 A solid waste that exhibits the characteristic of EP toxicity for m-cresol at 200.0 mg/l or more. (Accepted for storage only).
- D025 A solid waste that exhibits the characteristic of EP toxicity for p-cresol at 200.0 mg/l or more. (Accepted for storage only).
- D026 A solid waste that exhibits the characteristic of EP toxicity for cresol at 200.0 mg/l or more. (Accepted for storage only).
- D027 A solid waste that exhibits the characteristic of EP toxicity for 1,4-dichlorobenzene at 7.5 mg/l or more. (Accepted for storage only).
- D028 A solid waste that exhibits the characteristic of EP toxicity for 1,2-dichloroethane at 0.5 mg/l or more. (Accepted for storage only).
- D029 A solid waste that exhibits the characteristic of EP toxicity for 1,1-dichloroethylene at 0.7 mg/l or more. (Accepted for storage only).
- D030 A solid waste that exhibits the characteristic of EP toxicity for 2,4-dinitrotoluene at 0.13 mg/l or more. (Accepted for storage only).
- D031 A solid waste that exhibits the characteristic of EP toxicity for heptachlor at 0.008 mg/l or more. (Accepted for storage only).
- D032 A solid waste that exhibits the characteristic of EP toxicity for hexachlorobenzene at 0.13 mg/l or more. (Accepted for storage only).
- D033 A solid waste that exhibits the characteristic of EP toxicity for hexachloro-1,3-butadiene at 0.5 mg/l or more. (Accepted for storage only).

- D034 A solid waste that exhibits the characteristic of EP toxicity for hexachloroethane at 3.0 mg/l or more. (Accepted for storage only).
- D035 A solid waste that exhibits the characteristic of EP toxicity for methyl ethyl ketone at 200.0 mg/l or more. (Accepted for storage only).
- D036 A solid waste that exhibits the characteristic of EP toxicity for nitrobenzene at 2.0 mg/l or more. (Accepted for storage only).
- D037 A solid waste that exhibits the characteristic of EP toxicity for pentachlorophenol at 100.0 mg/l or more. (Accepted for storage only).
- D038 A solid waste that exhibits the characteristic of EP toxicity for pyridine at 5.0 mg/l or more. (Accepted for storage only).
- D039 A solid waste that exhibits the characteristic of EP toxicity for tetrachloroethylene at 0.7 mg/l or more. (Accepted for storage only).
- D040 A solid waste that exhibits the characteristic of EP toxicity for trichloroethylene at 0.5 mg/l or more. (Accepted for storage only).
- D041 A solid waste that exhibits the characteristic of EP toxicity for 2,4,5-trichlorophenol at 400.0 mg/l or more. (Accepted for storage only).
- D042 A solid waste that exhibits the characteristic of EP toxicity for 2,4,6-trichlorophenol at 2.0 mg/l or more. (Accepted for storage only).
- D043 A solid waste that exhibits the characteristic of EP toxicity for vinyl chloride at 0.2 mg/l or more. (Accepted for storage only).
- The following spent halogenated solvents used in degreasing tetrachloroethylene, trichloroethylene, methylene chloride, 1,1,1-trichloroethane, carbon tetrachloride, and chlorinated fluorocarbons; all spent solvent mixtures and blends used in degreasing containing, before use, a total of ten percent or more (by volume) of one or more of the above halogenated solvents or those solvents listed in F002, F004 or F005; and still bottoms from the recovery of these spent solvents and spent solvent mixtures. (Accepted for storage only).
- F002 The following spent halogenated solvents:

tetrachloroethylene, methylene chloride, trichloroethylene, 1,1,1-trichloroethane, chlorobenzene, 1,1,2-trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane, orthodichlorobenzene, trichlorofluoromethane, and 1,1,2-trichloroethane; all spent solvent mixtures and blends containing, before use, a total of ten percent or more (by volume) of one or more of the above listed halogenated solvents or those solvents listed in F001, F004, or F005; and still bottoms from the recovery of these spent solvents and spent solvent mixtures. (Accepted for storage only).

- The following spent non-halogenated solvents: cresols and cresylic acid, and nitrobenzene; all spent solvent mixtures and blends containing, before use, a total of ten percent or more (by volume) of one or more of the above non-halogenated solvents or those solvents listed in F001, F002 or F005; and still bottoms from the recovery of these spent solvents and spent solvent mixtures. (Accepted for storage only).
- The following spent non-halogenated solvents:
 toluene, methyl ethyl ketone, carbon disulfide,
 isobutanol, pyridine, benzene, 2-ethoxyethanol and
 2-nitropropane; all spent solvent mixtures and
 blends, containing, before use, a total of ten
 percent or more (by volume) of one or more of the
 above non-halogenated solvents or those solvents
 listed in F001, F002, or F004; and still bottoms
 from the recovery of these spent solvents and
 spent solvent mixtures. (Accepted for storage
 only).
- Wastewater treatment sludges from electroplating operations except from the following processes:

 (1) sulfuric acid anodizing of aluminum; (2) tin plating on carbon steel; (3) zinc plating (segregated basis) on carbon steel; (4) aluminum or zinc-aluminum plating on carbon steel; (5) cleaning/stripping associated with tin, zinc, and aluminum plating on carbon steel; (6) chemical etching and milling of aluminum. (Accepted for storage only).
- K002 Wastewater treatment sludge from the production of chrome yellow and orange pigments. (Accepted for storage only).
- K003 Wastewater treatment sludge from the production of molybdate orange pigments. (Accepted for storage only).
- K004 Wastewater treatment sludge from the production of

- zinc yellow pigments. (Accepted for storage only).
- K005 Wastewater treatment sludge from the production of chrome green pigments. (Accepted for storage only).
- K006 Wastewater treatment sludge from the production of chrome oxide green pigments (anhydrous and hydrated). (Accepted for storage only).
- K007 Wastewater treatment sludge from the production of iron blue pigments. (Accepted for storage only).
- K008 Oven residue from the production of chrome oxide green pigments. (Accepted for storage only).
- KO48 Dissolved air flotation (DAF) float from the petroleum refining industry. (Accepted for storage only).
- KO49 Slop oil emulsion solids from the petroleum refining industry. (Accepted for storage only).

9н. #

- K050 Heat exchanger bundle cleaning sludge from the petroleum refining industry. (Accepted for storage only).
- K051 API separator sludge from the petroleum refining industry. (Accepted for storage only).
- K052 Tank bottoms (leaded) from the petroleum refining industry. (Accepted for storage only).
- K060 Ammonia still lime sludge from coking operations. (Accepted for storage only).
- K061 Emission control dust/sludge from the primary production of steel in electric furnaces. (Accepted for storage only).
- K062 Spent pickle liquor generated by steel finishing operations of facilities within the iron and steel industry (SIC Codes 331 and 332) (as defined in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.110). (Accepted for treatment and storage).
- K084 Wastewater treatment sludges generated during the production of veterinary pharmaceuticals from arsenic or organo-arsenic compounds. (Accepted for storage only).
- K086 Solvent washes and sludges, caustic washes and sludges, or water washes and sludges from cleaning

tubs and equipment used in the formulation of ink pigments, driers, soaps and stabilizers containing chromium and lead. (Accepted for storage only).

- K087 Decanter tank tar sludge from coking operations. (Accepted for storage only).
- K101 Distillation tar residues from the distillation of aniline-based compounds in the production of veterinary pharmaceuticals from arsenic or organoarsenic compounds. (Accepted for storage only).
- K102 Residue from use of activated carbon for decolorization in the production of veterinary pharmaceuticals from arsenic or organo-arsenic compounds. (Accepted for storage only).

and/or other wastes from the manufacture of inorganic pigments, wastewater treatment sludge and/or other wastes from electroplating operations, emission control dust or sludge, spent pickling liquor and other wastes from the iron and steel industry, spent solvent mixtures containing, before use, a total of ten percent or more (by volume) of those solvents listed in F001 through F005, wastes from the pharmaceutical manufacturing, wastes from ink formulation, wastes from coking operations, wastes from the tannery industry, wastes from the photoprocessing industry, wastes from the graphic arts industry, wastes from the battery industry, hazardous hospital wastes, hazardous used oils, and non-hazardous used, waste, off-specification or surplus oils.

The first procedure at Clean Harbors is to prequalify a sample from a prospective customer prior to acceptance of the customer's waste on-site. The generator will complete a waste material profile sheet and submit supporting documentation such as lab analyses, material safety data sheets, and/or other literature. A sample of the waste is submitted by the generator and is analyzed in Clean Harbors' Chicago or Braintree, Massachusetts laboratory. determination is made on whether or not the waste can be accepted according to the prequalification analysis (see Table 3). If the waste is accepted, the generator can begin shipping waste to the site in either drums or tanker trucks. Once the waste is received at Clean Harbors, a physical/ chemical analysis is performed to verify the contents of the shipment, with additional testing parameters added if needed. Based on the results of the analysis, the shipment is either If accepted, the waste will be stored rejected or accepted. on-site in designated hazardous waste storage areas until it can be used in one of the processes, lab packed and/or The waste is not recharacterized every transferred off-site. year, but is prequalified whenever the generator indicates the process generating the waste has changed or if Clean Harbors suspects the waste received is not the waste prequalified.

C. WASTE MANAGEMENT OPERATIONS

400

Clean Harbors specializes in the treating of solid and liquid inorganic hazardous waste into a non-hazardous sludge. (The complete list of wastes received by Clean Harbors is provided in Table 2). The wastes received are hazardous due to corrosivity and EP toxicity for metals.

Other types of waste received at the site are either stored until the waste is transferred off-site or the waste is lab packed until shipped off-site. (The types of waste received for storage only are listed in Table 2). These wastes are then stored in a drum storage area depending on the type of waste (acid, alkaline or organic waste).

TABLE 3

PREQUALIFICATION TESTING PARAMETERS

Physical Description
pH Screen
Water Mix Characteristics
Ignitable Screen
Reactive Cyanides Screen
Reactive Sulfides Screen
Settleable Solids
Floating Solids or Oil

Oil on Acidification
Neutralization Equivalent
Chemical Oxygen Demand
Solids Content
Metal Content
Organic Components
Compatibility
Sample Treatability

SUPPLEMENTAL TESTING PARAMETERS

Percent Acidity Absorbent Reactivity GC/MS Scan Heat Phase Separation Cyanides-Peroxide Amenable Cyanides-Chlorination Amenable Cyanides-Conversion Amenable Liquid Waste Compatibility Sulfide-Peroxide Amenable Water Acceptance Hexavalent Chromium Phosphates Nitrates Total Cyanides Oil and Grease Total Residue Miscellaneous Metals (Cu, Fe, Ca, Mg, Mn, Ni, Zn)

Percent Alkalinity pH Spectrum Specific Gravity Gas Chromatography Scan Soluble Sulfides Sulfate Screen Paint Filter Test Distillation Active test Toxicity Characteristic Sulfates Chlorides Free Cyanides Total Sulfides Phenols Heavy Metals (As, Ba, Cd, Cr, Pb, Hg, Se, Ag)

Three types of hazardous waste and two types of non-hazardous waste are generated on-site from treatment operations and/or operations associated with the treatment of waste. hazardous waste generated on-site include waste flammable liquid, waste petroleum naptha and 1,1,1-trichloroethane. The waste flammable liquid is generated from the carbon absorption unit (SWMU #10) at a rate of 600 gallons per year. The waste is stored in drums (see SWMU #36), inside the carbon absorption unit building. The waste is transported to Clean Harbors, Braintree, Massachusetts facility for reclamation. The waste petroleum naptha is generated from the Safety-Kleen parts cleaner unit (SWMU #5) at a rate of 300 gallons per year. The waste is hauled off-site by Safety-Kleen personnel to their Portage, Indiana facility for recycling. The 1,1,1-trichloroethane is generated from the bulking operations, with the rate of generation variable. The waste is transported to Systech in Greencastle, Indiana for incineration.

The two types of non-hazardous waste, wastewater treatment sludge and waste oil, are generated from on-site treatment operations. The wastewater treatment sludge is generated from the sludge dewatering system (SWMU #33) at a rate of 8,000 cubic yards per year. The waste is transported daily in 35 cubic yard trailers to the Winthrop Harbor landfill. The waste oil is generated from the oil/water separator (SWMU #13) at a rate of 120,000 gallons per year. The waste oil is transported to Systech in Greencastle, Indiana for recycling.

D. REGULATORY HISTORY

On November 17, 1980, Chem-Clear submitted their RCRA Part A permit application to the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. The Part B permit application was received by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency on February 25, 1983, with the revised Part B submitted on September 28, 1990 and February 20, 1991. The Part B permit application identifies the following Hazardous Waste Management Units (HWMU): acid drum storage area (SWMU No. 1), alkaline drum storage area (SWMU No. 2), organic drum storage area (SWMU No. 3), drum staging area (SWMU No. 4), carbon absorption unit (SWMU No. 10), oil/water separator (SWMU No.13), pretreatment system (SWMU No. 22), chemical treatment unit (SWMU No. 25) and four waste storage tanks (SWMU Nos. 27 thru 30).

The facility applied for a permit from the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Division of Land Pollution Control, on May 14, 1980, including additional plans dated August 13 and October 14, 1980, to develop a waste management facility. The developmental permit (1980-36-DE) was granted on October 27, 1980, with the operating permit (1980-36-OP) granted to the facility on October 22, 1981. The original

operating permit includes the following revisions: Log Numbers 1990-532 (1990-478, 1990-476, 1990-277, 1990-250, 1990-156, 1990-155, 1990-007, 1989-237, 1984-759, 1985-219, 1986-083, 1986-101, 1986-145, 1987-022, 1988-294, 1989-007, 1989-173). Besides these permits issued to the facility by the Division of Land Pollution Control, the facility has permits from the IEPA Division of Water Pollution Control (DWPC) and the Division of Air Pollution Control (DAPC). The permit from the DWPC (1990-EN-1301) is for their process sewer system, with the effluent discharged to the Metropolitan Water Reclamation District of Greater Chicago. The permit from the DAPC (031600BTE) is for the following four emission sources:

Carbon Absorption System 84210029 Filter Press Building 85120021 Packed Countercurrent Scrubber 87080055 Wastewater Treatment Facility 83120017.

E. COMPLIANCE HISTORY

Clean Harbors of Chicago, Inc., according to Illinois EPA Land Division Files, has resolved all previous violations. These past violations include: manifest violation 855.104, closure/post closure violation 725.212, financial violations 725.243, 725.242(b) and 724.251 and other violations 725.116(b), 725.115(b), 725.116, 725.137 and 725.115(d).

Clean Harbors has been in violation of discharge standards set by the Metropolitan Water Reclamation District of Greater Chicago. The violations from 1984 to 1990 include the following parameters: mercury, pH, total cyanide, readily releaseable cyanide, polychlorinated biphenyls, sulfur bearing wastewater, copper, fats, oils and greases, lead, nickel, iron, zinc, total chromium and discharging an effluent with noxious gases (hydrogen sulfide). These violations have been resolved, with no current violations against the facility.

F. VISUAL SITE INSPECTION

A visual site inspection (VSI) was conducted at the Clean Harbors facility in Chicago, Illinois on December 19, 1990. Bob Casper, Judy Triller and Greg Dunn of the Illinois EPA arrived on-site at 9:35 a.m. Clean Harbors of Chicago representative, Mr. James Laubsted, was present during the VSI.

Clean Harbor and IEPA representatives met in Mr. Laubsted's office to discuss the objectives of the VSI. The site history and site processes were explained by Mr. Laubsted and IEPA personnel submitted a list of solid and hazardous waste

management units to be inspected. An aerial photograph from the mid 1970's was shown to Mr. Laubsted. The aerial photograph showed the past pickle liquor lagoons and the stormwater retention basin. A photocopy of the map was provided to Mr. Laubsted. The meeting lasted from 9:35 a.m. to 11:30 a.m.

At 11:40 a.m. the facility tour began with the inspection of the outside drum storage area 1 (SWMU #7), on the north side of process building #1. This area was used to store drums, but currently contains two mobile trailers. West of the drum storage area 1 is the four hazardous and solid waste storage tanks (SWMU #27-30). The tanks are surrounded by a concrete and/or a gravel berm, both with a pvc liner. No leaks were observed on the ground or in the area of the overhead pipes.

The south side of process building #1, beginning with the inspection of the mobile filter press (SWMU #35), was the next area visited. The filter press is located partly on the truck unloading pad (SWMU #32) and partly on the gravel parking lot. The filter press was in good condition, with no observed spills in the area of the trailer or conveyor belt. The outside drum storage area 2 (SWMU #9) located just north of the mobile filter press was observed next. No drums were observed on the concrete pad because the pad has not been used since early 1990. The concrete was in good condition, with a sump, associated with the concrete receiving tanks, nearby to collect any previous spills. During the inspection of the drum storage pad, three 35 cubic yard trailers (SWMU #24) were observed on the south side of the property. trailers contained oil contaminated soil and associated clean-up equipment. The trailers were placed on a gravel lot, with no observed leaks or spills in this area.

The four concrete receiving tanks (SWMU #31) were observed next. The tanks appeared to be in good condition, but the sump surrounding the tanks was full of material or debris in a couple of areas. Directly south of the concrete receiving tanks is the truck unloading pad (SWMU #32). The unloading pad is constructed of concrete, with no curbing around the edges to deter material from flowing into the gravel. A sump around the concrete receiving tanks is used to collect any spills from trucks unloading material into the receiving tanks. A few cracks were observed in the concrete pad.

The next area visited was the east side of the facility where the former pickle liquor, oil and lime basins (SWMU #17-21) were located in the 1970's. This area is now covered by grass and/or portions of the gravel parking lot. No observations could be made on these units. The IEPA personnel left the site at 12:30 p.m. for lunch.

Arriving on-site at 1:30 p.m. after lunch, the first area observed was the area on the west side of the pier. In this

area, the landfill (SWMU #16) and the auxiliary basin #3 (SWMU #15) were located in the 1970's. This area is now overgrown with brushy material and weeds. A few trees were observed growing on this part of the site.

Following the areas west of the facility, the visual inspection began on the inside parts of the process buildings. The first areas observed inside were the organic (SWMU #12) and inorganic (SWMU #11) laboratories. The labs are located inside process building #1, and are used to screen waste material coming into the facility. The waste material after analysis is placed into one of the four receiving tanks. Floor drains and sink drains in the inorganic lab, discharge into the concrete sludge tank (SWMU #26). The organic lab drains flow into a five gallon container that is emptied into one of the receiving tanks.

Inside the main part of process building #1, the chemical treatment unit (SWMU #25) was observed. All the tanks are located on a concrete floor, with the floor sloping toward the concrete sludge tank (for spill collection). Southwest of the chemical treatment area was the process sewer system (SWMU #6). This area contained a Metropolitan Water Reclamation District of Greater Chicago sampling station. Before leaving the south end of process building #1, the 13,000 gallon in-ground concrete sludge tank (SWMU #26) was observed. The tank had a metal grate over the top of the tank, with no other visual observations of the tank possible.

The carbon absorption unit (SWMU #10) and the inside drum storage area (SWMU #36) were the next areas observed. These units are located inside a concrete block building, just west of process building #1. Three drums of waste, all in good condition, from the carbon system were observed against the west wall. No cracks were observed in the concrete floor or walls of the building. A floor sump on the southeast side of the building collects any spills or leaks from the carbon system or drums. The sump was not observed during the VSI.

Proceeding to process building #2, the inside drum storage areas for acid, alkaline and organic wastes and the drum staging area were observed (SWMU #1-4, respectively). The drums are all located on a concrete floor that slopes toward a floor trench used to collect spills and leaks. The types of waste stored (acid, alkaline or organic) are segregated by concrete curbs and metal railings. The concrete in this area was in good condition, with no spills or leaks observed.

The sludge dewatering system (SWMU #33) was observed next in process building #2. The system has a 120 cubic foot recessed chamber pressure filter that solidifies the sludge. The sludge drops into a 35 cubic yard trailer that is underreath the filter. Three tanks associated with the system were also in this area and all appeared to be in good

condition. A floor sump near the tank area collects any spills, with the material pumped back into the sludge tank (SWMU #26). The concrete in this area was in good condition and no spills were observed during the VSI.

The last area observed during the VSI was the north end of process building #1. This area contained the oil/water separator system (SWMU #13), chemical reduction/oxidation pretreatment system (SWMU #22), special waste storage tank (SWMU #23) and the safety-kleen unit (SWMU #5). The oil/water separator system consists of four tanks contained within a concrete containment system. A sump within this system pumps any collected material back into one of the two reactor tanks. The tanks and concrete were in good condition, no cracks were observed in the curbing or concrete floor. Some small spill areas were noticed inside the containment system.

The chemical reduction/oxidation pretreatment system is located on a concrete floor, with the floor sloping toward the in-ground sludge tank (SWMU #26). The tank is used to collect any spills from this unit. The concrete was in good condition and no spills or stains were observed in this area.

The safety-kleen unit is in the same area as the pretreatment system and is also located on the concrete floor. A nearby sump collects any spills from this unit, with any collected material pumped into the sludge tank (SWMU #26). The area around the safety-kleen unit was clean, with no cracks or stains observed in the concrete. (See Table 6 for a summary of all on-site tanks).

After the visual site inspection, the IEPA personnel and Mr. Laubsted returned to the office trailer to clarify some of the units observed during the VSI. IEPA personnel left the Clean Harbors facility at 4:30 p.m. Photographs of the Visual Site Inspection are provided in Attachment C.

G. ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING

The climate of the Chicago area is characterized by cold winters and warm summers, but areas near Lake Michigan are cooler in the summer. In winter the average temperature is 25 degrees Fahrenheit and in the summer the average temperature is 71 degrees Fahrenheit.

The annual precipitation (rainfall and melted snowfall) in the Chicago region is 33.4 inches. The wettest months are June, July and September, with December, January and February the driest months. The heaviest one day rainfall in Chicago was 4.25 inches. The wind patterns (wind is primarily out of the south and southwest) from the Gulf of Mexico supply a majority of the moisture for this region during the summer

months.

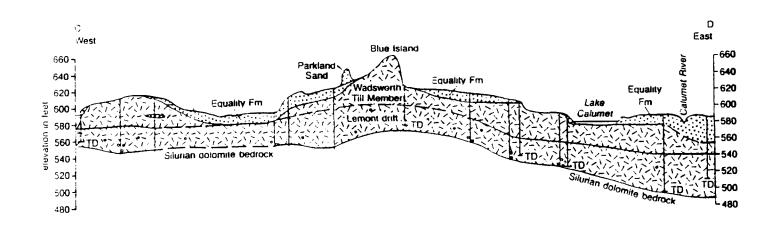
The soils at the Clean Harbors facility consist primarily fill material to an unknown depth. (This material was used to build the current pier area). Underlying the fill is approximately 10 feet of silts, clays and sands of the Equality Formation. The Wadsworth Till Member (about 30 feet thick) underlies the Equality Formation and consists of clayey gray tills. Below the Wadsworth Till Member is the Lemont Drift, which consists of yellow-gray silty till and sand and gravel (approximately 45 feet thick). Underlying the Lemont Drift is the Silurian dolomite of the Niagaran and Alexandrian Series. The Silurian dolomite is encountered approximately 90 feet below the surface (see Figure 3).

Approximately eight boreholes have been drilled at the Clean Harbors facility (see Figure 4 for the locations). The results indicate the presence of volatiles, semi-volatiles and heavy metals, with some elevated concentrations (see Table 4 for a summary). One other area exists on-site allegedly containing significant levels of hexachlorobenzene. (Attachment D contains the analytical data for all on-site samples).

Four aquifers systems exist in the Lake Calumet area and are designated as: 1) sand and gravel deposits of the glacial drift; 2) shallow Silurian dolomite; 3) Cambrian-Ordivician aquifer; and 4) Mt. Simon sandstone (IEPA, 1986). majority of private wells for homes and light industry use the shallow dolomite aquifer. The Maquoketa shale, a confining layer, separates the shallow dolomite aquifer from the Cambrian-Ordivician aquifer. The larger industries will obtain water from the Cambrian-Ordivician aquifer, which is a combination of six different units (ISWS and ISGS, 1959). The Eau Claire Formation (primarily shales) separates the Cambrian-Ordivician aquifer from the Mt. Simon sandstone aquifer. The Mt. Simon sandstone is also used by large industrial users due to the depth needed to penetrate the A four mile radius map for the Clean Harbors formation. facility is provided in Attachment E.

The major source of water for residents and industry in the Lake Calumet area is supplied by the City of Chicago from Lake Michigan. However, some private wells exist in this area, but most private wells are used for watering lawns only. There are 6 private wells within four miles of this site, serving approximately 17 people, that use groundwater for drinking (ISWS well logs). The closest well used for drinking is 1.95 miles south southeast of the site. Area well logs are provided in Attachment F.

As many as five monitor wells exist on-site, with one monitor well drilled by Clean Harbors and the other four wells drilled by Hyon Waste Management. The well drilled by Clean



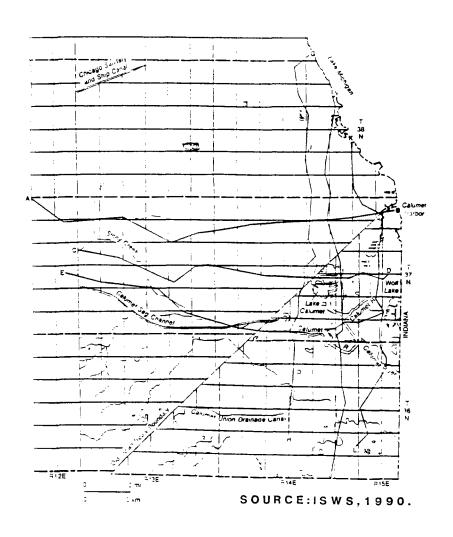
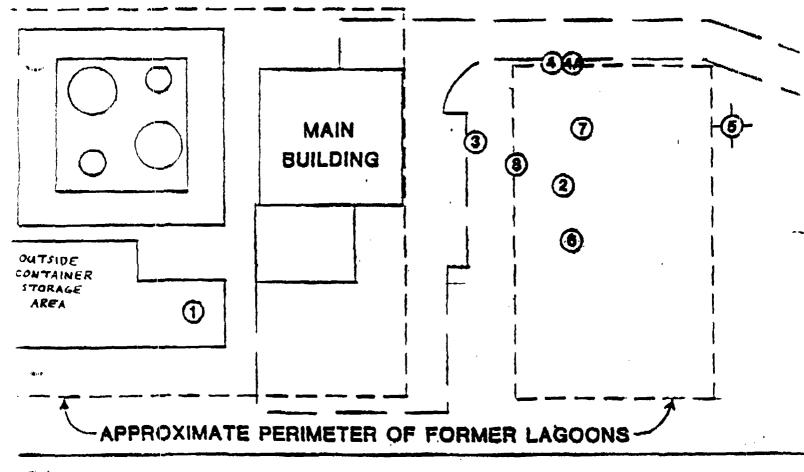


FIGURE 3 LAKE CALUMET CROSS-SECTION



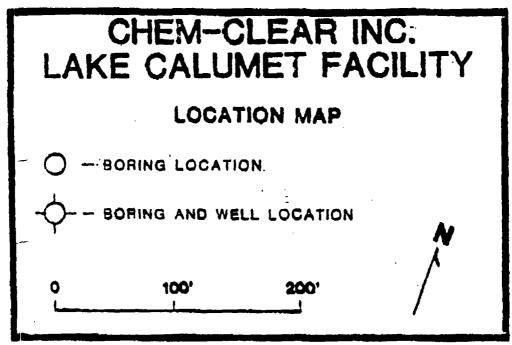


FIGURE 4 BOREHOLE LOCATIONS

TABLE 4 SUMMARY OF ON-SITE SOIL SAMPLES AUGUST 1990 (concentrations in ppm)

| | <u>B1,S1</u> | <u>B1,S2</u> | <u>B1,S3</u> | <u>B1,S4</u> | <u>B2,S1</u> | B2,S2 |
|----------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------|
| methylene chloride | | | | | | |
| acetone | | | 0.96 | 1.0 | 0.21 | 0.87 |
| 1,1-dichloroethane | | | | | | |
| chloroform | | | | | | |
| 1,2-dichloroethane | | | | | | |
| 2-butanone | | | | | | |
| 1,1,1-trichloroethane | | | | | - - | |
| trichloroethene | | | | | | |
| benzene | | 8.0 | 0.45 | 0.96 | 0.006 | 0.037 |
| 4-methyl-2-pentanone | | | 0.13 | 0.36 | | |
| tetrachloroethene | | | | | | |
| toluene | | 0.064 | 3.5 | 2.5 | 0.007 | 0.038 |
| chlorobenzene | | | | | | |
| ethylbenzen e | | | | 0.034 | | 0.010 |
| xylenes (total) | | | | 0.13 | 0.11 | |
| phenol | | | 12.0 | 22.0 | | |
| 2,4-dichlorophenol | | | | | | |
| 2-methylnaphthalene | | | | | | |
| 4-chloroaniline | | | | → - | | |
| hexachlorobenzene | | | | | | |
| phenanthrene | | | | | | |
| fluoranthene | 2.8 | | | | | |
| pyrene | 2.1 | | | | | |
| bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate | | | | | | |
| benzo(k) fluoranthene | | | | | | |
| 1,2-dichlorobenzene | | | | | | |
| 1,4-dichlorobenzene | | | | | | |
| barium | | | | | | |
| cadmium | | | | | | |
| chromium | 315.0 | 156.0 | 323.0 | 152.0 | 152.0 | 373.0 |
| lead | 400.0 | 330.0 | 160.0 | 150.0 | 260.0 | |
| mercury | | | | | | 0.1298 |
| selenium | | | | | | |

⁻⁻ indicates compound not detected
B-indicates boring number

S-indicates sample number

TABLE 4 (cont.)

SUMMARY OF ON-SITE SOIL SAMPLES AUGUST 1990

| | <u>B2,S3</u> | <u>B2,S4</u> | <u>B3,S1</u> | <u>B3,S2</u> | <u>B3,S3</u> | B3,S4 |
|------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|----------|
| methylene chloride | | | | | | 0.59 |
| acetone | 0.82 | 1.4 | | 0.1 | 0.28 | 2.7 |
| 1,1-dichloroethane | | | | | | 0.026 |
| chloroform | | | | | | 0.14 |
| 1,2-dichloroethane | | | | | | 0.35 |
| 2-butanone | 0.027 | | | | | 0.15 |
| 1,1,1-trichloroethane | | | | | | 0.19 |
| trichloroethene | | | | | | 2.9 |
| benzene | 0.32 | 4.1 | | | 0.062 | 0.32 |
| 4-methyl-2-pentanone | 0.074 | 0.2 | | | | |
| rachloroethene | | | | | | 0.37 |
| toluene | 0.14 | 0.7 | | | | 4.0 |
| chlorobenzene | | | | | | |
| ethylbenzene | 0.019 | 0.048 | | | | 0.81 |
| xylenes (total) | 0.12 | 0.3 | | | | 5.0 |
| phenol | 11.0 | | | | 8.7 | |
| 2 4-dichlorophenol | | | | | | |
| <pre>hethylnaphthalene</pre> | 2.6 | | | | | |
| 4-chloroaniline | | | 9.4 | | | |
| hexachlorobenzene | | | 23.0 | | 8.4 | |
| phenanthrene | | | | 4.2 | | |
| fluoranthene | 2.8 | | | | | |
| pyrene | 2.1 | | | 3.3 | | |
| bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate | | | 28.0 | | | |
| benzo(k) fluoranthene | | | 5.6 | | | |
| 1,2-dichlorobenzene | | | | 13.0 | 8.0 | |
| .4-dichlorobenzene | | | | 4.0 | | 0.040 |
| murium | | | | 0.390 | | |
| cadmium | | | 5.53 | 4.46 | 2.55 | 6.94 |
| chromium | 286.0 | 964.0 | 531.0 | 1320.0 | 380.0 | 370.0 |
| lead | 250.0 | | 400.0 | 300.0 | 180.0 | 1900.0 |
| mercury | 0.094 | 7 | 0.172 | 4 0.0883 | 0.061 | 4 0.4582 |
| selenium | | | | | | |

\10

⁻⁻ indicates compound not detected B-indicates boring number

S-indicates sample number

TABLE 4 (cont.)

SUMMARY OF ON-SITE SOIL SAMPLES AUGUST 1990

| | <u>B4,S1</u> | <u>B4,S2</u> | B4,S3 | <u>B4,S4</u> |
|----------------------------|--------------|--------------|-------|--------------|
| methylene chloride | | | | |
| acetone | 0.21 | 0.094 | | 0.066 |
| 1,1-dichloroethane | | | | |
| chloroform | | | | |
| 1,2-dichloroethane | | | | 0.005 |
| 2-butanone | 0.040 | | | |
| 1,1,1-trichloroethane | | | | |
| trichloroethene | 0.043 | | | 0.046 |
| benzene | 0.011 | 0.29 | | |
| 4-methyl-2-pentanone | | | | |
| tetrachloroethene | | | | |
| toluene | | | | 0.009 |
| chlorobenzene | 0.054 | | | |
| ethylbenzene | 0.094 | 8.0 | | |
| xylenes (total) | 0.44 | 0.042 | | 0.032 |
| phenol | | | | |
| 2,4-dichlorophenol | 4.1 | | | |
| 2-methylnaphthalene | | | | |
| 4-chloroaniline | 18.0 | | | 11.0 |
| hexachlorobenzene | 11.0 | | | 25.0 |
| phenanthrene | | | | |
| fluoranthene | | | | |
| pyrene | | | · | |
| bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate | 6.7 | | | 8.8 |
| benzo(k) fluoranthene | | | | |
| 1,2-dichlorobenzene | | | | 0.039 |
| 1,4-dichlorobenzene | | | | |
| barium | | | | |
| cadmium | 2.73 | | | 6.49 |
| chromium | 473.0 | 234.0 | 306.0 | 764.0 |
| lead | 180.0 | 260.0 | 190.0 | 640.0 |
| mercury | 0.074 | 1 | 0.072 | 0.2915 |
| selenium | | 53.0 | | |

⁻⁻ indicates compound not detected
B-indicates boring number
S-indicates sample number

Harbors is monitored quarterly (see Table 5 for summary), but the other four wells are not sampled by the facility. The last time these wells were sampled (according to IEPA records) was in January of 1974. At least two of the wells still exists on-site, but the other two were not observed. (See Table 5 and Figure 5 for the summary of monitor well samples and the locations of the wells, respectively).

Storm water run-off from areas around the unloading pad and within the tank farm flow into sumps that are pumped back into tanks for treatment. The run-off from the rest of the site will flow into Lake Calumet, which is less than 50 feet from the tank farm and 80 feet from the unloading pad. Calumet flows south toward the Calumet River which is two miles (stream miles) from the site. The water flowing into the Calumet River flows either north toward Lake Michigan or south into the Little Calumet River. The water from the Calumet River is diverted south through the O'Brien Lock and Dam for navigational and discretionary purposes (HWRIC RR-The discretionary use applies to water flowing south into the Little Calumet River to dilute the flow (for water quality improvement purposes). The Calumet River is approximately two miles (stream miles) from the site, with Lake Michigan approximately eight stream miles from Clean Harbors. The Little Calumet River is three miles from the site (one mile from Lake Calumet) and the Cal-Sag Channel is 9.5 miles from Clean Harbors. Lake Calumet is not used for recreation (according to Illinois Department of Conservation's Illinois Fishing Guide), but the Little Calumet River and Lake Michigan are used for recreation. drinking water intake for Chicago is located within fifteen miles of the site. A fifteen mile surface water map is provided in Attachment G.

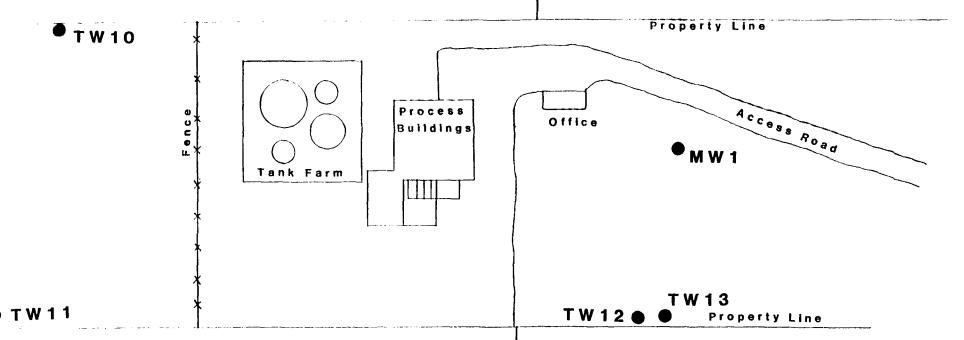
Air releases have occurred at the facility at least twice in the last ten years. The first incident occurred in September of 1987 when a wastestream accepted at Clean Harbors had a higher sulfur content than originally tested. The result was mercaptan emissions from the plant. The other air release happened in November of 1983 when a load of sulfuric/nitric acid was delivered to the site. When the driver of the truck opened the hatch, a orange color cloud was released from the tanker. The incidents did not cause any injuries or apparent harm to the environment. No complaints of odors from nearby industries have been documented since the 1987 incident. The total population within a four mile radius of the Clean Harbors facility is approximately 295,000 people.

Three other releases verified by Clean Harbors were the result of spills. The first spill occurred on January 6, 1985 when 100,000 gallons of metal hydroxide sludge was spilled from a pipeline rupture. The material was contained within process building #1 and the tank farm. The sludge was removed from these areas and placed in a sound tank. The



SCA/Chem Waste Management

Slip No. 6



Slip No. 4

MW-Present monitor well TW-Past test wells

Emes Company

Not to scale.

SUMMARY OF MONITOR WELL RESULTS (concentrations in ppm)

TABLE 5

| | MW1 12-20-90 | TW10 01-31-74 | TW13 01-31-74 | TW14 01-31-74 |
|--------------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| methylene chloride | 1.80 | | | |
| phenol | 1.60 | 0.82 | | |
| arsenic | 0.05 | 0.004 | 0.012 | 0.425 |
| barium | | | | |
| cadmium | | | 0.40 | 0.08 |
| copper | | 0.10 | 300.00 | 0.13 |
| cyanide | | 6.00 | | |
| total chromium | | 0.14 | 420.00 | 0.33 |
| total iron | | 0.10 | 36500.00 | 550.00 |
| ad | | 0.45 | 1.50 | 2.00 |
| "Manganese | | 0.62 | 400.00 | 20.50 |
| mercury | | 0.0003 | 0.0003 | |
| nickel | 0.12 | 0.10 | 45.00 | 1.00 |
| s e lenium | | | | |
| silver | | | 0.22 | 0.05 |
| rinc | 0.08 | 0.80 | 520.00 | 15.00 |
| ■ µ * | | | | |

-- indicates compound not detected
TW indicates test wells installed at site in 1973 (not monitored)
MW indicates monitor well currently on-site and monitored
TW14 background well used to compare 1973 results

NOTE: inorganic compounds for MW1 were analyzed for total concentrations

second spill occurred on July 18, 1990 when a drum apparently fell off a truck. Approximately 30 gallons of oil containing 1,1,1-trichloroethane was spilled in a 36 square foot area. Four 55-gallon drums of material were collected from the spilled area. The third incident happened on August 11, 1990 when a truck entering the facility was found to be leaking. The material leaking, sodium hydroxide wastewater, and the contaminated soil (approximately 5 cubic yards total) were removed for treatment.

Due to the low number of resident using groundwater, the lack of surface water use, and the regulated units on-site, a no further action is recommended by the Pre-Remedial Program.

III. DESCRIPTION OF SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT UNITS

According to the Part B permit application, twelve Hazardous Waste Management Units (HWMUs) have been identified as the following: acid drum storage area, alkaline drum storage area, organic drum storage area, drum staging area, carbon absorption unit, oil/water separator, pretreatment system, chemical treatment unit, and four waste storage tanks. following Solid Waste Management Units (SWMUs) have been identified from file searches, site representative interviews and the reconnaissance inspection: outside drum storage area 1, former sludge storage pad, outside drum storage area 2, former 10,000 gallon sludge feed tank, special waste storage tank, oil contaminated storage area, 13,000 gallon concrete sludge tank, 7,000 gallon concrete receiving tanks, inside drum storage area, sludge dewatering system, safety-kleen unit, process sewer system, inorganic and organic laboratories, auxiliary basin #3, landfill, former pickle liquor basins, former oil basin, former lime basin, truck unloading pad, former rotary press and mobile filter press (see attachment A and attachment B).

Unit No.: SWMU No. 1

Unit Name: Acid Drum Storage Area

(Photo #34 and #42)

Unit Description: This unit is located inside, on the

west end, of process building #2 (see Attachment A). The drum storage area, constructed of concrete, consists of approximately 754 square feet (29 feet

approximately 754 square feet (29 feet by 26 feet) of floor space for a maximum total capacity of 192-55 gallon drums. The waste is stored on wooden pallets in 55-gallon drums, 30-gallon drums, 16-gallon drums and 5-gallon containers, with the pallets stacked two high. The number of drums stored in this area is dependent on the number and frequency of shipments received by the facility. The drums are stored in the area approximately two weeks until they can be disposed, reclaimed or recovered off-site or used in one of the processes. The concrete floor slopes towards a floor trench used to collect any spills or leaks during storage. (The floor trench does not empty into any sumps or pipes, but is used solely for the collection of spills). No cracks were visible in the concrete floor or in the trench and no material was observed in the trench. Approximately 85-55 gallon drums, 1-16

Date of Start-up: 1990.

Date of Closure: This unit is presently active with no

anticipated date of closure.

on-site at the time of the VSI.

Waste Managed: Acid wastes which include: Non-

hazardous lab packs, hazardous lab packs, aluminum surface coating and etching wastes, inorganic pigment wastes, electroplating wastes, iron and steel industry wastes, spent solvents

gallon drum and 8-5 gallon drums were

listed in F001 through F005,

pharmaceutical manufacturing wastes, ink formulation wastes, coking wastes,

tannery industry wastes,

photo-processing industry wastes, graphic arts industry wastes, battery industry wastes, hazardous used oils, hazardous hospital wastes and nonhazardous used, off specification or surplus oils.

Release Controls:

Name of

The containers are stored on a concrete floor with a lateral floor trench used to collect any spills. Spills collected in the floor trench will be

pumped back into the drums.

Containment capacity for the acid drum

storage area and the floor trench combined totals 1,675 gallons.

History of Releases:

There have been no documented releases reported nor have any been observed from this unit.

Conclusions:

Soil/Groundwater: The release potential to the soil/groundwater is low due to unit design.

<u>Surface Water:</u> The release potential to surface water is low due to unit design.

Air: The release potential to air is low due to unit design.

Subsurface Gas: The potential for the generation of subsurface gas is low due to unit design.

Unit No.: SWMU No. 2

Unit Name: Alkaline Drum Storage Area

(Photo #35 and #42)

Unit Description: This unit is located inside, on the

west end of process building #2 (see Attachment A). The drum storage area, constructed of concrete, consists of 312 square feet of floor space (12 feet

by 26 feet) for a maximum total

capacity of 96-55 gallon drums. waste is stored on wooden pallets in 55-gallon drums, 30-gallon drums, 16gallon drums and 5-gallon containers, with the pallets stacked two high. The number of drums stored in this area is dependent on the frequency of shipments received by the facility. The drums are stored in the area approximately two weeks until the waste can be reclaimed, recovered or disposed offsite or used in one of the processes on-site. The concrete floor slopes toward a floor trench used to collect

any spills or leaks during storage. (The floor trench does not empty into any sumps or pipes, but is used solely for the collection of spills). material collected in the trench is pumped back into the drums. No cracks were observed in the concrete floor and no cracks or material were observed in the trench. Approximately 74-55 gallon drums, 3-30 gallon drums and 1-5 gallon container were on-site at the time of

Date of Start-up:

the VSI.

1990.

Date of Closure: This unit is presently active with no

anticipated date of closure.

Waste Managed: Reactive wastes which include: Non-

hazardous lab packs, hazardous lab packs, aluminum surface coating and etching wastes, inorganic pigment wastes, electroplating wastes, iron and

steel industry wastes, spent solvents

listed in F001 through F005,

pharmaceutical manufacturing wastes, ink formulation wastes, coking wastes,

tannery industry wastes,

photo-processing industry wastes,

graphic arts industry wastes, battery industry wastes, hazardous used oils, hazardous hospital wastes and non-hazardous used, off specification or surplus oils.

Release Controls:

The containers are stored on a concrete floor with a lateral floor trench used to collect any spills. Spills collected in the floor trench will be pumped back into the drums. Containment capacity for the alkaline drum storage area and the floor trench combined totals 675 gallons.

History of Releases:

There have been no documented releases reported nor have any been observed from this unit.

Conclusions:

<u>Soil/Groundwater:</u> The release potential to the soil/groundwater is low due to unit design.

<u>Surface Water:</u> The release potential to surface water is low due to unit design.

<u>Air:</u> The release potential to air is low due to unit design.

<u>Subsurface Gas:</u> The potential for the generation of subsurface gas is low due to unit design.

Unit Name: Organic Drum Storage Area

(Photo #36 and #42)

Unit Description: This unit is located inside, on the

west end of process building #2 (see Attachment A). The drum storage area, constructed of concrete, consists of 624 square feet of floor space (24 feet

by 26 feet) for a maximum total capacity of 192-55 gallon drums. waste is stored on wooden pallets in 55-gallon drums, 30-gallon drums, 16gallon drums and 5-gallon containers, with the pallets stacked two high. The number of drums stored in this area is dependent on the frequency of shipments received by the facility. The drums are stored in the area approximately two weeks until the waste can be reclaimed, recovered or disposed offsite or used in one of the processes on-site. The concrete floor slopes toward a floor trench used to collect any spills or leaks during storage. (The floor trench does not empty into any sumps or pipes, but is used solely

pumped back into the drums. No cracks were observed in the concrete floor and no cracks or material were observed in the trench. Approximately 166-55 gallon drums, 3-16 gallon drums and 1-5 gallon container were on-site at the time of the VSI.

for the collection of spills).

material collected in the trench is

Date of Start-up: 1990.

Date of Closure: This unit is presently active with no

anticipated date of closure.

Waste Managed: Organic wastes which include: Non-

hazardous lab packs, hazardous lab packs, aluminum surface coating and etching wastes, inorganic pigment wastes, electroplating wastes, iron as

wastes, electroplating wastes, iron and steel industry wastes, spent solvents

listed in F001 through F005,

pharmaceutical manufacturing wastes, ink formulation wastes, coking wastes,

tannery industry wastes,

photo-processing industry wastes,

graphic arts industry wastes, battery industry wastes, hazardous used oils, hazardous hospital wastes and non-hazardous used, off specification or surplus oils.

Release Controls:

The containers are stored on a concrete floor with a lateral floor trench used to collect any spills. Spills collected in the floor trench will be pumped back into the drums. Containment capacity for the organic drum storage area and the floor trench combined totals 1,350 gallons.

History of Releases:

There have been no documented releases reported nor have any been observed from this unit.

Conclusions:

<u>Soil/Groundwater:</u> The release potential to the soil/groundwater is low due to unit design.

<u>Surface Water:</u> The release potential to surface water is low due to unit design.

<u>Air:</u> The release potential to air is low due to unit design.

<u>Subsurface Gas:</u> The potential for the generation of subsurface gas is low due to unit design.

Unit Name: Drum Staging Area

(Photo #36)

Unit Description: This unit is located inside, on the

west end of process building #2 (see The drum staging area, Attachment A). constructed of concrete, consists of 520 square feet of floor space (20 feet by 26 feet) for a maximum total capacity of 72-55 gallon drums. waste is stored on wooden pallets in 55-gallon drums, 30-gallon drums, 16gallon drums and 5-gallon containers, with the pallets stacked one high. number of drums stored in this area is dependent on the frequency of shipments received by the facility. The drums are stored in the area until they can be moved to the proper drum storage area (either alkaline, acid or organic drum storage area). The concrete floor slopes toward a floor trench used to collect any spills or leaks during (The floor trench does not storage. empty into any sumps or pipes, but is used solely for the collection of spills). Any material collected in the trench is pumped back into the drums. No cracks were observed in the concrete floor and no cracks or material were

Date of Start-up: 1990.

Date of Closure: This unit is presently active with no

anticipated date of closure.

Waste Managed: All wastes (acid, reactive or organic)

hazardous lab packs, aluminum surface coating and etching wastes, inorganic pigment wastes, electroplating wastes, iron and steel industry wastes, spent solvents listed in F001 through F005, pharmaceutical manufacturing wastes, ink formulation wastes, coking wastes, tannery industry wastes, photo-

which include: Non-hazardous lab packs,

observed in the trench. No drums were observed in this area during the VSI.

processing industry wastes, graphic arts industry wastes, battery industry wastes, hazardous used oils, hazardous hospital wastes and non-hazardous used,

off specification or surplus oils.

Release Controls:

The containers are stored on a concrete floor with a lateral floor trench used

to collect any spills. Spills

collected in the floor trench will be

pumped back into the drums.

Containment capacity for the drum staging area and the floor trench combined totals 1,142 gallons.

History of Releases:

· 4411

There have been no documented releases reported nor have any been observed from this unit.

Conclusions: <u>Soil/Groundwater:</u> The release potential to the soil/groundwater is low due to unit design.

> <u>Surface Water:</u> The release potential to surface water is low due to unit design.

> Air: The release potential to air is low due to unit design.

Subsurface Gas: The potential for the generation of subsurface gas is low due to unit design.

Unit Name: Safety-Kleen Unit

(Photo #50)

Unit Description: This unit is located inside, on the

west end, of process building #1 (see Attachment A). The Safety-Kleen unit is typical of most of the degreasing units, with this unit fixed to a 10-gallon drum which contains the solvent. The washing basin is approximately two

feet long, one foot wide and

approximately one foot deep. Once the

solvent is used, Safety-Kleen is notified and the drum containing the used solvent is replaced with one

containing clean solvent. These drums are replaced approximately every six weeks. The unit was in good condition during the VSI, with no leaks or spills observed on the concrete in this area.

Date of Start-up: 1986.

Date of Closure: This unit is presently active with no

anticipated date of closure.

Waste Managed: Waste petroleum naptha.

Release Controls: Any spills from this unit will be

collected in a sump that is pumped into the 13,000 gallon concrete sludge tank

(SWMU #26).

History of Releases: There are no documented releases

reported or observed from this unit.

Conclusions: Soil/Groundwater: The release

potential to the soil/groundwater is

low due to unit design.

<u>Surface Water:</u> The release potential to surface water is low due to unit

design.

Air: The release potential to air is

low due to unit design.

<u>Subsurface Gas:</u> The potential for the generation of subsurface gas is low

due to unit design.

Unit Name: Process Sewer System

(Photo #27 and #28)

Unit Description: The discharge pipe from Clean Harbors

of Chicago is located in the southwest corner of process building #1 (see Attachment A). The effluent from the

facility is monitored by the

Metropolitan Water Reclamation District of Greater Chicago and by Clean Harbors for a certain set of parameters. No odors were detected from this area

during the VSI.

Date of Start-up: 1982.

٧.,,,

100

Date of Closure: This process sewer system is presently

used by the facility to discharge

wastewater.

Waste Managed: Treated wastewater.

Release Controls: No release controls exist except for

the monitoring of the effluent by the facility and the Metropolitan Water Reclamation District of Greater

Chicago (MWRDGC).

History of Releases: A number of violations have been

documented by the MWRDGC at the point of discharge from the Clean Harbors

facility.

Conclusions: <u>Soil/Groundwater:</u> The release

potential to the soil/groundwater is moderate because the integrity of the

sewer is unknown.

<u>Surface Water:</u> The release potential to surface water is low due to unit

design.

Air: The release potential to air is

low due to unit design.

Subsurface Gas: The potential for the

generation of subsurface gas is low

due to unit design.

Unit Name: Outside Drum Storage Area 1

(Photo #1)

Unit Description: This unit was located on the north side

of processing building #1 (see

Attachment A). The size of the drum

storage area is unknown, but

approximate measurements during the VSI indicate an area 30 feet by 45 feet. A

photograph from 1982 indicates

approximately 42 drums in this area. The unit apparently stored any type of

waste that could be accepted for

treatment between 1981 and 1984. The contents of the drums were used in one

of the facility's processes. The storage area consisted of a gravel lot with no known secondary containment. No drums were observed in this area during the VSI since this area now

contains two mobile trailers and two

semi rigs.

Date of Start-up: 1981.

Date of Closure: This area has not been used since 1984

and has not been through closure.

Waste Managed: Wastes permitted for acceptance between

1981 and 1984 include: dusts and sludges from the iron and steel industry, spent pickle liquor, electroplating wastes, wastewater treatment sludges from the chemical

conversion coating of aluminum, inorganic pigment wastes, metal heat treating wastes, corrosive metal

cleaning washes and stripping baths, ink formulation wastes, coking

ink formulation wastes, coking operations wastes, waste from the cleaning and washing of tanks, and non-

hazardous wastes from the flushing of coolant systems and related equipment.

Release Controls: There were no known containment

measures implemented at the time of

operation.

History of Releases: A photograph from 1982 indicates some

discolored areas around the drums. No

other releases are known.

Conclusions:

<u>Soil/Groundwater:</u> The past release potential to the soil/groundwater was high because there was no pad underneath the drums. The present release potential is low since the drums have been removed.

Surface Water: The past release potential to surface water was high because drummed material had the potential of flowing off-site into Lake Calumet. The present potential is low since drummed material has been removed.

Air: The past release potential to air is moderate due to the waste stored in this area. The present release potential is low since waste material has been removed.

<u>Subsurface Gas:</u> The past potential for the generation of subsurface gas is high due to the material stored in this area. The present release potential is low since drummed material has been removed.

Unit Name: Former Sludge Storage Pad

(Photo #11 and #40)

Unit Description: This unit was located outside, just

west of receiving tank #1 (SWMU #31) (see Attachment A). The sludge from the sludge dewatering system was stored in one of two 35 cubic yard trailers that were parked in this area. A pipe from the former rotary filter press (SWMU #34) inside was used to transport the sludge into the trailers. sludge was then hauled off to one of the landfills permitted to accept the The trailers were placed on a waste. concrete pad that was capable of holding two trailers at a time. amount of waste kept in this area depended on the amount of waste

depended on the amount of waste received by the facility. This area is currently used by the sludge dewatering

system (SWMU #33). No cracks were observed in the concrete floor.

Date of Start-up: 1981.

Date of Closure: This area has not been used since 1986

when the current sludge dewatering (SWMU #33) system began operations.

Waste Managed: Concentrated metal hydroxide sludge and

non-hazardous wastewater treatment

sludge.

Release Controls: The trailers were located on a concrete

pad with no other containment measures.

History of Releases: There are no documented releases

reported or observed from this unit.

Conclusions: Soil/Groundwater: The past release potential to the soil/groundwater was low due to the type of waste managed.

The present release potential is low since the pad is no longer in use and

the trailers have been removed.

Surface Water: The past release potential to surface water was low due to unit design. The present potential is low since the pad is no longer in use and the trailers have been removed.

<u>Air:</u> The past and present release potential to air was low due to the type of waste managed.

1 498

<u>Subsurface Gas:</u> The past and present potential for the generation of subsurface gas is low due to the type of waste managed.

Unit Name: Outside Drum Storage Area 2

(Photo #9)

Unit Description: This unit was located on the east side

of receiving pit #4 (SWMU #31), on the south side of process building #1 (see Attachment A). The size of the drum

storage area is unknown, but

approximate measurements indicate the area to be 16 feet by 28 feet. unit stored any type of waste that could be accepted for treatment, with the contents of the drums used in the facility's processes. The storage area consisted of a concrete pad, with a collection sump located on the west side of the pad. Spills would be collected in the sump then pumped into one of the receiving tanks (SWMU #31). No drums were observed in this area during the VSI. Some cracks were observed in the concrete, but no evidence of spills were found.

Date of Start-up: 1984.

Date of Closure: This unit has not been used since the

> new storage areas inside process building #2 began operating in 1990.

Wastes permitted for treatment between Waste Managed:

> 1984 and 1990 include: spent pickle liquor from metal finishing operations, corrosive metal cleaning washes and baths, waste from the washing and cleaning of tanks and equipment, nonhazardous wastes from the flushing of coolant systems and non-hazardous wastewater from cleaning tanks, floors

and equipment.

Release Controls: A 225 gallon collection sump was on the

west side of the storage pad to collect

any spills or leaks. No other containment measures existed.

History of Releases: There have been no documented releases

reported nor have any been observed

from this unit.

Conclusions: <u>Soil/Groundwater:</u> The past release

potential to the soil/groundwater was

moderate due to the cracks in the concrete and the wastes managed. The present release to the soil/groundwater is low since wastes are no longer stored in this area.

<u>Surface Water:</u> The past release potential to surface water was low due to unit design. The present release potential is low since wastes are no longer stored in this area.

Air: The past release potential to air was moderate due to the types of waste stored in this area. The present release potential to air is low since the wastes are no longer stored in this area.

<u>Subsurface Gas:</u> The past potential for the generation of subsurface gas was moderate due to the nature of the waste managed. The present release potential is low since the wastes are no longer stored in this area.

Unit Name: Carbon Absorption Unit

(Photo #32 and #33)

This unit is inside a concrete Unit Description:

building, which is located between the tank farm and process building #1, (see Attachment A). This unit includes a two ton activated carbon system,

condenser, water separator, preheater,

and a 700 cfm blower. Air from

receiving tanks 1 (SWMU #27), 2 (SWMU #28), 4 (SWMU #30) and the oil/water separator (SWMU #13) is preheated, with the resulting condensate is pumped to

the sludge tank (SWMU #26). The air from the preheater and water from the process water supply are then pumped into the activated carbon

system, along with steam from two steam The resulting steam from generators. the activated carbon system flows into the condenser, while air from the

carbon system is expelled to the atmosphere (per IEPA Air Pollution Liquid from the condenser permit). then flows into the water separator, while the water from the condenser flows back into the process water supply system. The water separator produces water, which is pumped to the

receiving tanks (SWMU #31) and a solvent, which is drummed. The system is located in a brick building that has a floor sump to collect any spills. cracks were observed in the concrete

floor or in the concrete block walls. The floor sump was not observed during

the VSI.

Date of Start-up: 1985.

Date of Closure: This unit is presently active with no

anticipated date for closure.

Waste Managed: Waste flammable liquid (DOO1).

Release Controls: The carbon absorption unit is inside

a concrete building sitting on a

concrete floor. The building contains a floor sump that is used to collect any spills. The spills are then pumped into one of the receiving tanks (SWMU

#31). No visible cracks were observed in the concrete floor or walls of the building. The sump was located behind the unit and could not be observed.

History of Releases:

Name :

There are no documented releases reported or observed from this unit.

Conclusions:

<u>Soil/Groundwater:</u> The release potential to the soil/groundwater is moderate since the integrity of the floor sump is unknown.

<u>Surface Water:</u> The release potential to surface water is low due to unit design.

<u>Air:</u> The release potential to air is low due to unit design and is regulated by IEPA's Air Pollution Division.

<u>Subsurface Gas:</u> The release potential for the generation of subsurface gas is low due to unit design.

Unit No.: SWMU Nos. 11 and 12

Unit Name: SWMU #11 - Inorganic Laboratory

SWMU #12 - Organic Laboratory

(Photo #21, #22 and #23)

Unit Description: These units are located inside, on the

east end, of process building #1 (see Attachment A). The organic lab is in the northeast part of process building #1, while the inorganic lab is in the southeast portion. The waste is first brought into the inorganic lab for a "finger print" analysis. If organic constituents are suspected, the sample is taken into the organic lab. After analysis, the waste is dumped into one of the receiving tanks (SWMU #31). labs generate approximately 10 gallons of waste methylene chloride per month, which is drummed and stored in the inside drum storage area (SWMU #36). The inorganic lab generates waste material from the analysis of incoming wastes and is collected in three gallon plastic containers. These containers, when almost full, are emptied into one of the receiving tanks (SWMU #31). inorganic lab also has a five shelf cabinet that is used to store waste material until an analysis can be completed. During the VSI, all containers on the shelves appeared to be in good condition with no apparent The floors in the labs are leaks. tiled with some spillage observed during the VSI.

Date of Start-up: The inorganic lab began in 1981, while

the organic lab began in 1990.

Date of Closure: These units are presently active with

no anticipated date of closure.

Waste Managed: Liquid and solid wastes from Clean

Harbors, customers.

Release Controls: These labs are located inside of

process building #1. All wastes are containerized and all sink and floor drains in the inorganic lab empty into the sludge tank (SWMU #26). The one sink in the organic lab empties into a five gallon container that is disposed

along with the methylene chloride in drums (SWMU #36).

History of Releases:

1 H

There have been no documented releases reported nor have any been observed from this unit.

Conclusions:

Soil/Groundwater: The release potential to the soil/groundwater is high in the inorganic lab since the integrity of the floor and sink drains are unknown. The release potential to the soil/groundwater in the organic lab is low due to unit design.

<u>Surface Water:</u> The release potential to surface water from both labs is low due to unit design.

<u>Air:</u> The release potential to air from both labs is low due to unit design.

<u>Subsurface Gas:</u> The potential for the generation of subsurface gas from both labs is low due to unit design.

Unit Name: Oil/Water Separator

(Photo #45)

Unit Description:

This unit is located inside, on the north end of process building #1 (see Attachment A). This unit includes two 6,000 gallon reactor tanks, one 6,000 gallon oil collection tank, one 6,000 gallon cuff collection tank, 500 gpm receiving pump, 1.5 million BTU steam generator, 300 gpm receiving/ recirculating pump and a 100 gpm transfer pump. Oil and grease contaminated wastes are pumped from one of the concrete receiving tanks (SWMU #31) into one of the 6,000 gallon Oil and aqueous reactor vessels. separation is achieved by adjusting the pH to 2, heating the material to 104 F with steam and adding demulsifying The water is decanted to the agents. mix tank for primary treatment and the oil is pumped to the oil collection tank and the cuff is pumped to the cuff The oil and cuff are collection tank. shipped of-site to Breslube (E. Chicago, IN) or Systech (Greencastle, IN.) for recycling. All four tanks are vented to the carbon absorption system The tanks are constructed (SWMU #10). of carbon steel, with a one inch thick polyurethane foam interior liner. tanks are on a concrete floor with a one foot high concrete curb surrounding The tank containment the tank area. system has a sump that pumps any material from spills or leaks into one of the reactor tanks. The concrete floor and curbing were in good condition, with no cracks observed during the VSI. A few spills were observed within the containment area. The tanks contained the following amounts during the VSI: reactor tank 1-4,000 gallons, reactor tank 2-4,500 gallons and the oil collection tank and the cuff collection tank both contained less than 1,000 gallons.

Date of Start-up: 1984.

Date of Closure: This unit is presently active with no

anticipated date of closure.

Waste Managed: Non-hazardous water contaminated with

oils or coolants.

Release Controls: The tanks are located within a one foot

high concrete curb that has a

containment capacity of 1,660 gallons. A sump is located in the containment system to collect any material and pump it back into one of the reactor tanks.

History of Releases: There have been no documented releases

reported nor have any been observed

from this unit.

Conclusions: <u>Soil/Groundwater</u>: The release

potential to the soil/groundwater is high since the integrity of the sump is

unknown.

<u>Surface Water:</u> The release potential to surface water is low due to unit

design.

Air: The release potential to air is

low due to unit design.

Subsurface Gas: The potential for the

generation of subsurface gas is low

due to unit design.

Unit Name: Former 10,000 Gallon Sludge Feed Tank

(Photo #54)

Unit Description: This unit was located inside, on the

north end of process building #1 (see Attachment A). The 10,000 gallon steel tank was used for the temporary storage of sludge until the sludge could be pumped to the former rotary filter

press (SWMU #34). The tank was located

on a concrete floor, near a floor

drain. The material that was collected in this floor drain was pumped into the sludge tank (SWMU #26). This tank no longer exists in this area, but the

concrete appeared to be in good

condition.

Date of Start-up: 1981.

Date of Closure: This tank has not been used since 1986

when the present system (SWMU #33)

began.

Waste Managed: Concentrated metal hydroxide sludge and

non-hazardous wastewater treatment

sludge.

Release Controls: A nearby floor drain was used to

collect any spills or leaks from the tank. The floor drain flows into the 13,000 gallon sludge tank (SWMU #26).

History of Releases: There have been no documented releases

reported nor have any been observed

from this unit.

Conclusions: Soil/Groundwater: The past release potential to the soil/groundwater was

moderate since the integrity of the floor drain is unknown. The present release is low since wastes are no

longer managed in this area.

<u>Surface Water:</u> The past and present release potential to surface water is

low due to unit design.

<u>Air:</u> The past and present release potential to air is low due to unit

design.

<u>Subsurface Gas:</u> The past and present release potential for the generation of subsurface gas is low due to unit design.

Unit Name: Auxiliary Basin #3

(Photo #19)

Unit Description: This unit was located southwest of the

present tank farm (SWMU #27-#30) (see Attachment B). This unit was used by Hyon Services, Inc. (also known as International Hydronics Corporation and

Envirotherm) for the storage of wastewater, stormwater, incinerator

scrubber water and partially

neutralized pickle liquor. The basin also received some oily material which was found during a 1973 inspection at the site. The basin had a capacity of five million gallons and was kept full to capacity. The basin was filled in sometime between 1979 and 1981. The fill material used has not been

determined, but may have been from the neutralizing of pickle liquor. The basin is now covered with weeds and other types of brushy material.

Date of Start-up: 1973.

Date of Closure: This unit has not been used since 1979.

Waste Managed: Stormwater, wastewater, scrubber water

from the Hyon incinerator and

partially neutralized pickle liquor.

Release Controls: The basin was constructed below the

adjacent road grade to allow for adequate freeboard. No other containment measures are known.

History of Releases: There have been no documented releases

reported nor have any been observed from this unit. However, the levels in the basin have risen to within eight

inches of the top.

Conclusions: Soil/Groundwater: The past release

potential to the soil/groundwater was high due to the possibility of an inadequate liner. The present release potential is low since the site is now

covered.

<u>Surface Water:</u> The past release potential to surface water was high due

to the proximity of the lake from the basin. The present release potential is low since the basin is covered.

<u>Air:</u> The past release potential to air was high due to the types of materials that may have been stored in the basin. The present release potential is low since the basin is covered.

<u>Subsurface Gas:</u> The past and present potential for the generation of subsurface gas is since the basin is covered.

Unit Name: Landfill

(Photo #20)

Unit Description: This unit was located on the west end

of the pier, just west of the auxiliary basin (SWMU #15) (see Attachment B). This area was used to construct the west end of the pier and also dispose

of the neutralized pickle liquor

sludge. Supposedly the sludge was not disposed near the lake edge, but air photos indicate piles near the edge of the lake. The landfill is now covered by three to four feet high weeds and brush used by sea gulls for nesting.

Date of Start-up: Early 1970's.

1,

Date of Closure: This unit has not been used since 1980.

Waste Managed: Stabilized acid-lime sludge.

Release Controls: No known release controls existed

during the landfilling of wastes.

History of Releases: There are no documented releases

reported or observed from this unit.

Conclusions: Soil/Groundwater: The past release

potential to the soil/groundwater was high due to the lack of containment. The present release potential is

moderate since the material is still

present.

<u>Surface Water:</u> The past release potential to surface water was high due

to the lack of containment. The

present release potential is moderate since the material may not been

entirely covered.

<u>Air:</u> The past and present release potential to air is low due to the type

design.

<u>Subsurface Gas:</u> The past and present release potential for the generation of subsurface gas is low due to the types

of waste managed.

Unit Name: Temporary Pickle Liquor Basins

(No Photo Available)

Unit Description: These units were located on the east

part of the pier, just east of auxiliary basin #3 (SWMU #15) (see Attachment B). The two temporary pickle liquor basins were used to neutralize pickle liquor (composed of sulfuric acid and iron sulfate) with lime, resulting in calcium sulfate and iron oxide. The approximate dimensions of the two basins were reported to be 300 feet by 50 feet by 6 feet deep. The basin depth was actually 8 feet deep, but a two foot freeboard was required during operation. anticipated capacity of each basin was estimated at 500,000 gallons. resulting sludge from the basins was used for fill in the area west of the auxiliary basin (SWMU #15). This area is now part of the tank farm (SWMU #27-

Date of Start-up: 1973.

Date of Closure: This unit has not been used since 1973.

Waste Managed: Pickle liquor.

#30).

Release Controls: A two foot freeboard was required

around the basins, but may have been breached. No known liner exists for

either basin.

History of Releases: There have been no documented releases

reported or observed from this unit.

Conclusions: Soil/Groundwater: The past release

potential to the soil/groundwater was high due to the types of waste managed and the lack of secondary containment.

The present release potential is

moderate since wastes may still be in

this area.

Surface Water: The past release potential to surface water was high due to the types of waste managed and the lack of secondary containment. The present release potential is low since

the basins have been covered.

* and *

<u>Air:</u> The past release potential to air was moderate due to the possibility of other wastes disposed in the basins. The present release potential is low since the basins are now covered.

<u>Subsurface Gas:</u> The past and present potential for the generation of subsurface gas is moderate due to the possibility of other wastes disposed in the basins.

Unit Name: Old Pickle Liquor Disposal Sites

(Photo #15)

Unit Description: This unit was located on the east side

of the facility, just west of the

current access road (see Attachment B). This area was used to neutralize pickle liquor with lime resulting in calcium

sulfate and iron oxide. The

approximate area used was 350 feet by 275 feet with the depth unknown. The area is now seeded with grass and currently not used by Clean Harbors.

Date of Start-up: 1972.

Date of Closure: This area has not been used since 1973.

Waste Managed: Pickle liquor.

Release Controls: There were no known containment

measures implemented at the time of

operation.

History of Releases: There are no documented releases

reported or observed from this unit.

Conclusions: Soil/Groundwater: The past release

potential to the soil/groundwater was high due to the type of wastes managed and the lack of secondary containment. The present release is moderate since

wastes may still be in this area.

<u>Surface Water:</u> The past release potential to surface water is high due to he proximity of the lake. The present release is low since the area

is now covered.

Air: The past release potential to air was moderate since the exact type of wastes managed is unknown. The present release potential is low since the area

is now covered.

<u>Subsurface Gas:</u> The past and present

potential for the generation of

subsurface gas is moderate due to the possibility of other wastes disposed in

the basins.

Unit Name: Permanent Pickle Liquor Basins

(Photo #15 and #16)

Unit Description: These units were located on the east

end of the pier, just west of the old pickle liquor disposal sits (SWMU #18) (see Attachment B). These permanent pickle liquor basins were used to neutralize pickle liquor with lime, resulting in calcium sulfate and iron The basins were constructed oxide. with a lime liner to an unspecified The dimensions are unknown, but depth. inspections indicate that basins may have been 150 feet by 30 feet. daily receipts for pickle liquor averaged between 4,500 gallon and 50,000 gallons. The resulting sludge from the basins was used for roads or placed in the landfill (SWMU #16) on the west end of the pier. The site office trailer is now located on this part of the site.

Date of Start-up: 1973.

Date of Closure: This area has not been used since 1979.

Waste Managed: Pickle liquor.

Release Controls: There were no known containment

measures implemented at the time of

operation.

History of Releases: There are no documented releases

reported or observed from this unit.

Conclusions: Soil/Groundwater: The past release potential to the soil/groundwater was

high due to the type of wastes managed and the lack of secondary containment. The present release is moderate since

wastes may still be in this area.

<u>Surface Water:</u> The past release potential to surface water is high due to the proximity of the lake. The present release is low since the area

is now covered.

Air: The past release potential to air

wastes managed is unknown. The present release potential is low since the area is now covered.

Subsurface Gas: The past and present potential for the generation of subsurface gas is moderate due to the possibility of other wastes disposed in the basins.

Unit Name: Oil Basin

(Photo #16 and #17)

Unit Description:

` **4**0F

4. >

This unit was located on the east side of the temporary pickle liquor basins (SWMU #17) (see Attachment B). The oil basin was used to store an oil/water mixture from a Mobil Oil (Joliet, IL) spill. The oil basin, lined with lime, was approximately 250 feet (on a side) square. A two foot above road grade berm was intact on all sides except one, where the berm in that area was near road grade level. In 1973, a majority of the basin was filled in leaving only a 50 foot by 50 foot The oil left in this basin was basin. apparently used for road application.

Date of Start-up: 1972.

Date of Closure: The last time this unit was used is

unknown.

Waste Managed: Oil/water mixture.

Release Controls: There were no known containment

measures implemented at the time of

operation.

History of Releases: A 1973 report indicates some oil from

the oil basin area had been discharged

into Lake Calumet.

Conclusions: <u>Soil/Groundwater:</u> The past release potential to the soil/groundwater was

high due to the lack of secondary containment. The present release potential is moderate since the waste may still be in this area.

<u>Surface Water:</u> The past release potential to surface water was high since contaminants were documented in Lake Calumet. The present release potential is low since the basin is covered.

<u>Air:</u> The past release potential to air was moderate since the type of wastes is unknown. The present release potential is low since the basin is

covered.

Subsurface Gas: The past and present potential for the generation of subsurface gas is moderate due to the possibility of other wastes disposed in the basins.

Unit Name: Lime Basin

(Photo #17)

Unit Description: This unit was located on the east side

of the pier, just east of the north of the oil basin (see Attachment B). This area is currently used as an access road into the site. The lime basin was used for the storage of lime, which was added to the pickle liquor solutions. The basin was also used at least once for the storage of pickle liquor. The dimensions of this unit are unknown.

Date of Start-up: 1973.

Conclusions:

· lange

Date of Closure: The last time this unit was used is

unknown.

Waste Managed: Lime and pickle liquor.

Release Controls: There were no known containment

measures implemented at the time of

operation.

History of Releases: There are no documented releases

reported or observed from this unit.

reported of observed from this unit.

<u>Soil/Groundwater:</u> The past release potential to the soil/groundwater was high due to the type of wastes managed and the lack of secondary containment. The present release is moderate since

wastes may still be in this area.

<u>Surface Water:</u> The past release potential to surface water is high due to the proximity of the lake. The present release is low since the area

is now covered.

<u>Air:</u> The past release potential to air was moderate since the exact type of wastes managed is unknown. The present release potential is low since the area

is now covered.

Subsurface Gas: The past and present potential for the generation of subsurface gas is moderate due to the possibility of other wastes disposed in

the basins.

Unit Name: Chemical Reduction/Oxidation

Pretreatment System

(Photo #29, #46 and #47)

Unit Description:

This unit is located on the west side of Process building #1, just south of the oil/water separator (SWMU #13) (see Attachment A). This unit includes the following equipment: three mixers with axial flow turbines, one reactor vessel with three compartments, 350 gpm recycle and transfer pump, inorganic lab pack pour-off station, 3000 cfm exhaust blower, two scrubbers, two 40 gpm recirculating pumps, two overflow collection tanks, 2000 cfm blower, 20 gpm transfer pump and one overflow transfer pump. Wastes from the receiving tanks, the inorganic lab pack pour-off station or the portable drum pumping station are pumped into the three compartment pretreatment reactor. The acid wastes are neutralized using sodium hydroxide or lime slurry, while alkaline wastes are neutralized with sulfuric acid, aluminum sulfate or ferric chloride. Some wastes need to be oxidized using hydrogen peroxide and potassium permanganate and reducing agents such as sodium bisulfite and sulfur dioxide are used for hexavalent chromium. Ammonia wastes are pH adjusted to high pH levels so the ammonia can freely release or can be stripped in the air scrubbers. waste after it is pretreated is pumped into the mix tank for primary treatment or into the sludge tank (SWMU #26). This unit is inside process building #1, on a concrete floor. The 13,000 gallon sludge tank (SWMU #26) is located nearby to collect any spills. Scrubbers are associated with this unit to control any emissions from the pretreatment reactors. No spills were observed in this area during the VSI, but the concrete around the base of the reactor had deteriorated and a few cracks were observed.

Date of Start-up:

The inorganic lab pack pour-off station began in 1990, the two scrubbers in

1987 and the rest of this unit began operations in 1981.

Date of Closure:

This unit is presently active with no anticipated date for closure.

Waste Managed:

Any waste that can be accepted for treatment which includes: spent pickle, corrosive metal cleaning washes and stripping baths, non-hazardous sludges for dewatering, non-hazardous wastewater from cleaning tanks, non-hazardous waste from the flushing of coolant systems, battery industry waste and the waste from the washing and cleaning of tanks and equipment containing alkaline or acid solutions.

Release Controls:

The pretreatment system is contained on a concrete floor with the sludge tank (SWMU #26) nearby to collect any spills.

History of Releases:

There was a possibly release of acid fumes from this unit in 1986. Details of this incident are unknown.

Conclusions:

<u>Soil/Groundwater:</u> The release potential to the soil/groundwater is moderate due to the cracks in the concrete and the deteriorated condition of the concrete.

<u>Surface Water:</u> The release potential to surface water is low due to unit design.

<u>Air:</u> The release potential to air is low due to unit design and is regulated by IEPA's Air Pollution Division.

<u>Subsurface Gas:</u> The release potential for the generation of subsurface gas is low due to unit design.

Unit Name: Special Waste Storage Tank

(Photo #48, #53 and #54)

Unit Description: This unit is located inside, on the

southwest end of process building #1 (see Attachment A). The special waste

storage tank is constructed of

stainless steel, 14 feet high and a diameter of 8 feet. The total capacity of the tank is 5,000 gallons. The tank is used to store ammonium sulfate that is pumped from the acid scrubber (SWMU #22). The ammonium sulfate is then pumped into tank #1 (SWMU #27) for treatment. The tank is on a concrete floor, with the sludge tank (SWMU #26) nearby to collect any spills or leaks. No cracks were observed in the concrete

during the VSI.

Date of Start-up: 1987.

Date of Closure: This unit is presently active with no

anticipated date of closure.

Waste Managed: Ammonium sulfate.

Release Controls: The tank is on a concrete floor with

> the 13,000 gallon sludge tank (SWMU #26) nearby to collect any spills or

leaks.

History of Releases: There have been no documented releases

reported nor have any been observed

from this unit.

Conclusions: Soil/Groundwater: The release

potential to the soil/groundwater is

low due to unit design.

<u>Surface Water:</u> The release potential

to surface water is low due to unit

design.

Air: The release potential to air is

low due to unit design.

Subsurface Gas: The potential for the

generation of subsurface gas is low

due to unit design.

Unit Name: Oil Contaminated Soil Storage Area

(Photo #10)

Unit Description: This unit is located outside, on the

southeast part of the site (see Attachment A). This area was used as an emergency storage area for three 20 cubic yard roll-off boxes full of oil

contaminated soil and clean-up

equipment. The dumpsters were placed in a 50 foot by 20 foot gravel area.

The dumpsters were in this area

approximately one month, prior to offsite disposal. The gravel did not have any visible stains and no soil was observed in this area during the VSI.

Date of Start-up: 1990.

tion !

Date of Closure: This unit is presently active with no

anticipated date of closure.

Waste Managed: Oil contaminated soil and equipment.

Release Controls: The containers are stored on a gravel

lot with no other secondary containment

measures.

History of Releases: There have been no documented releases

reported nor have any been observed

from this unit.

Conclusions: Soil/Groundwater: The release

potential to the soil/groundwater is

moderate due to the lack of

containment.

<u>Surface Water:</u> The release potential to surface water is moderate due to the

lack of containment.

<u>Air:</u> The release potential to air is low due to the type of waste managed.

<u>Subsurface Gas:</u> The potential for the generation of subsurface gas is low due to the type of waste managed.

Unit Name: Chemical Treatment Unit

(Photo #24, #26, #49, #52 and #53)

Unit description:

This unit is located inside, on the south part of process building #1 (see Attachment A). This unit includes the following equipment: two 150 gpm treatment feed pumps, ultrasonic flow meter, four chamber chemical treatment unit, flow distribution center, four gravitators (clarifiers), secondary clarifier, 200 gpm effluent transfer pump, clarifier collection tank, 150 gpm secondary treatment feed pump, two 3000 gallon mixing tanks and a 850 gallon flocculator tank. Waste is received in the chemical treatment unit from either tank #2 (SWMU #28) or tank #4 (SWMU #30). The waste is received in the first chamber, where sodium hydroxide or lime slurry is used to precipitate out metal hydroxides. waste then gravity flows into the other three chambers to be mixed with the following chemicals: second chamberaluminum sulfate, third chamber-sodium sulfide and the fourth chamber- various polymers. The solids are pumped into the 13,000 gallon sludge tank (SWMU #26) and the clarified effluent flows into a collection tank. When the collection tank is full, the effluent goes through a secondary treatment process by which additional solids settle out. These solids are also pumped into the sludge tank (SWMU #26) and the clarified effluent is pumped into tank #1 (SWMU #27) for discharge into the process sewer system (SWMU #6). All tanks and associated pipes are in good condition with no evidence of spills or leaks. The 13,000 gallon sludge tank collects all spills and leaks from these tanks. The concrete was in good condition and no cracks were observed in this area during the Approximately 10,000 gallons were present in the unit at the time of the VSI.

Date of Start-up: The chemical treatment unit began in 1981 and the secondary treatment unit

began in 1988.

This unit is presently active with no Date of Closure:

anticipated date of closure.

Waste accepted for treatment which Waste Managed:

includes: spent pickle liquor,

corrosive metal cleaning washes and stripping baths, non-hazardous sludges

for dewatering, non-hazardous

wastewater from cleaning tanks, nonhazardous wastes from the flushing of coolant systems, battery industry waste and the waste from the washing and cleaning of tanks and equipment containing alkaline and acid solutions.

These units are located on a concrete Release Controls:

floor that slopes toward the 13,000 gallon sludge tank (SWMU #26). No other containment measures are known.

There have been no documented releases History of Releases:

reported nor have any been observed

from this unit.

Conclusions: <u>Soil/Groundwater:</u> The release

potential to the soil/groundwater is

low due to unit design.

Surface Water: The release potential to surface water is low due to unit

design.

♦

Air: The release potential to air is

low due to unit design.

<u>Subsurface Gas:</u> The potential for the

generation of subsurface gas is low

due to unit design.

Unit Name: 13,000 Gallon Concrete Sludge Tank

(Photo #30)

Unit Description: This unit is located inside, on the

southwest part of process building #1 (see Attachment A). This unit includes

one 13,000 gallon in-ground lined concrete tank and one 100 gpm sludge

transfer pump. Solids from the

chemical treatment unit (SWMU #25), the pretreatment system (SWMU #22) and wastes from the inorganic lab (SWMU #11) (from the sinks and drains) are pumped into the tank. The contents of the 13,000 gallon sludge tank are

pumped into tank #3 (SWMU #29) for further settling. The tank is

constructed of 8 inch concrete with a pvc liner. The amount of waste present in the tank at the time of the VSI was

10,000 gallons.

Date of Start-up: 1981.

Date of Closure: This unit is presently active with no

anticipated date of closure.

Waste Managed: Waste from the treatment unit,

pretreatment unit, floor drains, wash water, pump seal water and lab drains.

Release Controls: The tank is constructed of 8 inch thick

concrete, with a pvc liner. A pipe is located near the bottom of the tank to transfer the waste into tank #3 (SWMU

#29).

History of Releases: There have been no documented releases

reported nor have any been observed

from this unit.

Conclusions: <u>Soil/Groundwater:</u> The release

potential to the soil/groundwater is low moderate since the integrity of in ground tank and underground piping is

unknown.

<u>Surface Water:</u> The release potential to surface water is low due to unit

design.

Air: The release potential to air is

low due to unit design.

<u>Subsurface Gas:</u> The potential for the generation of subsurface gas is low due to unit design.

Unit No.: SWMU Nos. 27-30

Unit Name: Hazardous and Solid Waste Storage Tanks

(Photo #2, #3, #4, #5, #6 and #7)

Unit : scription:

The hazardous and solid waste storage tanks are located outside on the west side of process building #1 (see Attachment A). The four tanks are closed top (fixed roof) steel construction. The tanks have an inner surface coating consisting of a coal tar base epoxy coating, one coat carbomastic #3 primer and one coat carbomastic #14 finish. The external portions of the tanks are painted with epoxy paint. The tanks are supported by 12 inch thick reinforced concrete foundations and the areas within the foundations are lined with a pvc liner. The four tanks are located within a diked area (having a total capacity of 465,000 gallons) that is also lined with a pvc liner. The side of the diked area has two concrete in ground sumps to collect any spills and rainwater. The sumps pump the material back into the tanks or into the concrete receiving tanks. Tank #1 (SWMU #27) has a total capacity of 188,500 gallons and is used for the storage of process effluent. effluent pumped from the treatment unit (SWMU #25) is stored in this tank prior to discharge into the process sewer system (SWMU #6). Tank 1 contained approximately 25,000 gallons on the day Tank #2 (SWMU #28) has a of the VSI. total capacity of 212,000 gallons and is used as a primary settling tank. Wastes from the concrete receiving tanks (SWMU #31) are pumped into this tank for initial settling purposes. The solids that settle out are pumped into tank #3 (SWMU #29) and the remaining material is pumped into tank #4 (SWMU #30). Tank #2 contained approximately 180,000 gallons on the day of the VSI. Tank #3 (SWMU #29) has a total capacity of 212,000 gallons and is used to store unconcentrated solids. The material is stored in this tank until the sludge can be pumped to the sludge dewatering system (SWMU #33) or

the liquid can be pumped back into one of the receiving tanks (SWMU #31). Tank #3 contained approximately 195,000 gallons on the day of the VSI. Tank #4 (SWMU #30) has a capacity of 424,000 gallons and is used in conjunction with tank #2 (SWMU #28). Liquid waste material is stored in this tank until it can be pumped into the chemical treatment system (SWMU #25) and the solid material is pumped into tank #3 (SWMU #29). Tank #4 contained approximately 320,000 gallons on the day of the VSI. The dike area was in good condition and no evidence of spills or leaks was observed during the VSI.

Date of Start-up: All tanks were constructed in 1981.

Date of Closure: This unit is presently active with no anticipated date of closure.

Waste Managed: Tanks #2 (SWMU #28) and Tank #4 (SWMU #30) store any waste that can be accepted for treatment which includes: spent pickle liquor, corrosive metal cleaning washes and stripping baths, non-hazardous sludges for dewatering, non-hazardous wastewater from cleaning tanks, non-hazardous wastes from the flushing of coolant systems, battery industry waste and the waste from the washing and cleaning of tanks and equipment containing alkaline and acid Tank #1 (SWMU #27) stores solutions. treated effluent and tank #3 (SWMU #29)

Release Controls:

1 10 4 P

Can .

Any spills from these tanks will be collected in one of two in ground concrete sumps or contained within the dike until it can be pumped back into one of the tanks. The dike area has a gravel bottom with a pvc liner underneath.

stores treated waste material.

History of Releases: In 1985, 100,000 gallons of concentrated sludge was released from a pipe connected to tank #3 (SWMU #29). The sludge was contained within the diked area and was eventually pumped back into tank #3.

Conclusions: <u>Soil/Groundwater</u>: The release potential to the soil/groundwater is moderate since the integrity of the in-ground sumps are unknown.

> <u>Surface Water:</u> The release potential to surface water is low due to unit design.

> Air: The release potential to air is low due to unit design.

Subsurface Gas: The potential for the generation of subsurface gas is low due to unit design.

11.00

" "

Unit Name: 7,000 Gallon Concrete Receiving Tanks

(Photo #9, #11, #13 and #25)

Unit Description: This unit is located on the south side

of process building #1 (see Attachment A). This unit consists of four 7,000 gallon in-ground concrete receiving tanks, a 225 gallon collection sump, a 50 gpm sump pump and four 500 gpm receiving pumps. Waste is off-loaded

into one of the four receiving tanks,

after an analysis of the waste determines the appropriate treatment

process. The waste in the receiving tanks is pumped into tank #2 (SWMU #28) or tank #4 (SWMU #30) prior to treatment or to the oil/water separator

system (SWMU #13). No cracks were observed in the concrete receiving tanks during the VSI because the tanks contained waste material (receiving

tank 1 - 4,500 gallons, receiving tank 2 - 2,000 gallons and receiving tanks 3 and 4 had 2,500 gallons each). A 225 gallon sump collects spills and was

full of material at the time of the

VSI.

Date of Start-up: 1981.

Date of Closure: This unit is presently active with no

anticipated date of closure.

Waste Managed: Waste accepted for treatment which

includes: spent pickle liquor,

corrosive metal cleaning washes and stripping baths, non-hazardous sludges

for dewatering, non-hazardous

wastewater from cleaning tanks, nonhazardous wastes from the flushing of

coolant systems, battery industry
waste and the waste from the washing
and cleaning of tanks and equipment

containing alkaline and acid solutions.

Release Controls:

A 225 gallon collection sump collects any spills from off-loading and pumps the material back into the receiving

tanks. The treatment operator

periodically checks the level of waste in each receiving tank. The receiving tanks also have a pvc liner underneath

and are emptied monthly so they can be inspected.

History of Releases:

On November 8, 1983 and July 13, 1987 emissions were observed coming from one of the four receiving tanks. The load on November 8 was off-loaded after diluting the load with water to deter gas fumes and the July 13 load was returned to the generator. No injuries or damage were reported from either incident.

Conclusions:

Soil/Groundwater: The release potential to the soil/groundwater is high because the integrity of the collection sump is unknown.

<u>Surface Water:</u> The release potential to surface water is low due to unit design.

<u>Air:</u> The release potential to air is moderate due to past incidents from off-loading and the lack of an overhead structure to contain any fume releases.

<u>Subsurface Gas:</u> The potential for the generation of subsurface gas is low due to unit design.

Unit Name: Truck Unloading Pad (Photo #9 and #12)

Unit Description: This unit is located on the south side

of processing building #1, just south of the receiving tanks (see Attachment

A). The incoming tank trucks are

parked on a concrete pad measuring 48 feet long by 36 feet wide. The concrete pad slopes down toward the receiving tanks (SWMI #31) where a 2

receiving tanks (SWMU #31), where a 225 gallon collection sump is located. The spills collected in the sump (along with any rainwater) are pumped back into one of the four receiving tanks.

The pad did not have any curbing around the outer edges of the concrete, with a few cracks observed in the concrete pad. During the VSI, the sump was full

material and could not be examined.

Date of Start-up: 1981.

4.,00

C 16 1

4....

Date of Closure: This unit is currently active with no

anticipated date for closure.

Waste Managed: Waste accepted for treatment which

includes: spent pickle liquor,

corrosive metal cleaning washes and stripping baths, non-hazardous sludges

for dewatering, non-hazardous

wastewater from cleaning tanks, non-

hazardous wastes from the flushing of coolant systems, battery industry waste

and the waste from the washing and cleaning of tanks and equipment

containing alkaline and acid solutions.

Release Controls: A 225 gallon collection sump collects

any spills and rainwater from the

unloading pad. The material collected

is pumped back into one of the receiving tanks (SWMU #31).

History of Releases: During the November 8, 1983

sulfuric/nitric acid incident at the plant, a small amount of acid was spilled on the pad. The pad was

rinsed, with the contaminants flushed

into the collection sump.

Conclusions: Soil/Groundwater: The release

potential to the soil/groundwater is high due to cracks in the unloading pad and since the integrity of the collection sump is unknown.

<u>Surface Water:</u> The release potential to surface water is low due to unit design.

<u>Air:</u> The release potential to air is moderate due to the past releases from off-loading trucks.

<u>Subsurface Gas:</u> The potential for the generation of subsurface gas is low due to unit design.

Unit Name: Sludge Dewatering System

(Photo #38, #39, #40, #41, #43 and #44)

Unit Description: This unit is located inside on the east

end of process building #2 (see Attachment A). The equipment

associated with this unit includes: a steel 10,000 gallon sludge conditioning tank, two filter feed pumps, two 500 gallon lime slurry tanks, a 200 gpm lime slurry feed tank, a 400 cfm

blower, baghouse and a 120 cubic foot recessed chamber pressure filter.
Sludge from the 13,000 gallon tank
(SWMU #26) is pumped into the sludge conditioning tank where lime slurry and polymers are added. The sludge is then pumped to the frame filter press for

solidification. Solids from the filter press drop into a 35 cubic yard trailer that is stationed below the filter press. Spills from the tank area of this process are collected in a sump

that is pumped back into the 13,000 gallon tank (SWMU #26). The sludge from the filter press, when spilled, is

shoveled up and dumped into the trailer. No spills or cracks in the concrete were observed during the VSI.

The 35 cubic yard trailer was approximately half full of sludge.

Date of Start-up: 1986.

44.0

Date of Closure: This area is presently active with no

anticipated date for closure.

Waste Managed: Concentrated metal hydroxide sludge and

non-hazardous wastewater treatment

sludge.

Release Controls: Any spills from the tanks will be

collected in a sump and will be pumped back into the 13,000 gallon tank (SWMU #26). The entire area of the sludge dewatering system is on a concrete floor with curbing to hold spills in

the sump area.

History of Releases: There are no documented releases

reported or observed from this unit.

Conclusions: <u>Soil/Groundwater:</u> The release potential to the soil/groundwater is moderate since the integrity of the sump is unknown.

> Surface Water: The release potential to surface water is low due to unit design.

Air: The release potential to air is low due to the type of waste managed.

Subsurface Gas: The potential for the generation of subsurface gas is low due to the type of waste managed.

Unit Name: Former Rotary Filter Press Area

(Photo #27, #28 and #53)

Unit Description: This unit was located inside on the

southwest side of process building #1, in the area now occupied by the process sewer system (SWMU #6) (see Attachment A). The sludge was pumped into the sludge concentrator, with the settled solids from this tank pumped into the filter press. The filter press

produced a sludge that contained 30 to 40 percent solids by weight. The

sludge was then discharged into one of two 20 cubic yard trailers placed outside on the former sludge storage pad (SWMU #8). The supernatant from the sludge concentrator was pumped back

through the treatment cycle. The

filter press was located on a concrete floor, with the 13,000 gallon in-ground

tank (SWMU #26) near to handle any spills. No cracks in the concrete floor were observed during the VSI.

Date of Start-up: 1981.

Date of Closure: This unit has not been used since the

new filter press began operating in

1986.

Waste Managed: Concentrated metal hydroxide sludge and

non-hazardous wastewater treatment

sludge.

Release Controls: The 13,000 gallon tank (SWMU #26)

collected any spills from the filter

press area.

History of Releases: There have been no documented releases

reported nor have any been observed

from this unit.

Conclusions: Soil/Groundwater: The past release

potential to the soil/groundwater was low due to unit design. The present release to the soil/groundwater is low since this process no longer exists in

this area.

<u>Surface Water:</u> The past release

potential to surface water was low due

to unit design. The present release potential is low since this process no longer exists in this area.

<u>Air:</u> The past release potential to air was low due to unit design. The present release potential to air is low since this process no longer exists in this area.

Subsurface Gas: The past potential for the generation of subsurface gas was low due to the nature of the waste managed. The present release potential is low since this process no longer exists in this area.

٠,,

1-1-1**5**

Unit Name: Mobile Filter Press (Photo #8 and #12)

Unit Description: This unit is located on the southeast

side of process building #2, on the west side of the truck unloading pad (SWMU #23) (see Attachment A). The mobile filter press is only used when the sludge dewatering system (SWMU #33) can not handle the load of material to be processed. Concentrated metal

be processed. Concentrated metal hydroxide sludge from the sludge

concentrator (SWMU #33) is pumped into the filter press. The sludge, pumped into the chambers, is dewatered then discharged into a 35 cubic yard

trailer. The sludge is hauled to Winthrop Harbor where it is landfilled. The mobile filter press is located outside on the truck unloading mad

outside on the truck unloading pad (SWMU #23) and the gravel lot. No visible spills or cracks in the

concrete around the mobile filter press

were observed during the VSI. The filter press apparently moves from site to site (Clean Harbor facilities only), but remains primarily at the Chicago

plant.

Date of Start-up: 1986.

Date of Closure: This unit is presently active with no

anticipated date for closure.

Waste Managed: Concentrated metal hydroxide sludge and

non-hazardous wastewater treatment

sludge.

Release Controls: A collection sump is located at the

north end of the truck unloading pad (SWMU #23) to collect any spills. A metal box underneath the conveyor belt will collect any sludge falling off the

belt. There is no containment underneath the gravel lot.

History of Releases: There are no documented releases

reported or observed from this unit.

Conclusions: Soil/Groundwater: The release

potential to the soil/groundwater is low due to unit design and type of

waste managed.

<u>Surface Water:</u> The release potential to surface water is low due to unit design and type of waste managed.

<u>Air:</u> The release potential to air is low due to unit design and type of waste managed.

<u>Subsurface Gas:</u> The release potential for the generation of subsurface gas is low due to unit design and type of waste managed.

Magazi

Harle 🖊

Unit Name: Inside Drum Storage Area

(Photo #31)

Unit Description: This unit is located on the west side

of process building #1, just east of the tank farm (see Attachment A). This area is used for the storage of waste flammable liquid (D001) from the carbon

absorption unit (SWMU #10) and laboratory wastes. The waste, in drums, is transported to the Clean

Harbors facility in Baintree,

Massachusetts for reclamation. The frequency of shipments to the Baintree facility is dependent on the amount of waste collected in this area. The waste is stored in 55-gallon drums, inside a building, on a concrete floor with a floor sump used to collect

spills. Any material collected in the floor sump is pumped back into the receiving tanks (SWMU #31). No cracks were observed in the concrete and no cracks or material was observed in the floor sump. Three drums, all in good condition, were in this area during the

VSI.

Date of Start-up: 1985.

Date of Closure: This unit is presently active with no

anticipated date for closure.

Waste Managed: Waste flammable liquid (D001) and

laboratory waste.

Release Controls: The drum storage area is located inside

a concrete building with concrete floors and walls. The building

contains a floor sump that is used to collect spills. Any spills collected would then be pumped back into the receiving tanks (SWMU #31). No visible cracks were observed in the concrete

floor or walls of the building.

History of Releases: There are no documented releases

reported or observed from this unit.

Conclusions: <u>Soil/Groundwater:</u> The release

potential to the soil/groundwater is high since the integrity of the floor

sump is unknown.

<u>Surface Water:</u> The release potential to surface water is low due to unit design and secondary containment.

<u>Air:</u> The release potential to air is low due to unit design.

<u>Subsurface Gas:</u> The release potential for the generation of subsurface gas is low due to unit design and secondary containment.

-

TABLE 6 SUMMARY OF ON-SITE TANKS

| 5WMU <u>ND.</u> | | <u>DESCRIPTION</u> | DESIGN CAPACITY (GALLONS) | OPERATING CAPACITY (GALLONS) | CONSTRUCTION MATERIAL | YEAR BUILT | PRI MARY <u>USE</u> |
|--------------------|-------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|---|
| 2 | 42 | Effluent collection tank | 1050 | 900 | Carbon steel | 1987 | Surge tank for the sewer discharge |
| 13 | 55 | ino reactor vessels | 5000 | 5600 | Carbon steel | 1987 | Oil waste treatment for demulsification. |
| 13 | 50 | eno product storage tanks | 590 0 | 5600 | Carbon steel | 1984 | Storage of recovered oil and "cuff". |
| 22 | - | o Compartment reactor Resei | 13000 | 11500 | Carbon steel | 1980 | Batch treatment of strong and incompatible waste. |
| 164 × 23 | :1 | Waste storage lank | 5200 | 4800 | FRP | 1984 | Storage of waste needing pretreatment |
| 25 | 1.7 | Shemical treatment unit | 4800 | 4300 | Carbon steel | 1980 | Batch pretreatment of strong and incompatible wastes. |
| 25 | 14 | Four gravitators | 2450 | 2300 | Carbon steel | 1980 | Precipitate flocculated metal hydroxides and solids. |
| 25 | 20 | Secondary clarifier | 6450 | 6100 | Carbon steel | 1980 | Precipitate flocculated metal hydroxides and solids. |
| 25 | 49 | Clarifier collection tank | 1900 | 1700 | Carbon steel | 1987 | Surge tank for secondary treatment feed. |
| 25 | 51 | 1st secondary treatment to | ank 318 | 265 | Carbon steel | นก หกอพก | Chemical mixing for metals precipitation |
| 25 | 51 | 2nd secondary treatment to | ink 318 | 265 | Carbon steel | 1987 | Chemical mixing for metals precipitation |
| 1 mp 25 | 53 | Flocculator tank | 880 | 730 | Carbon steel | 1987 | Flocculation of precipitate for metals removal. |
| 26 | 22 | Concrete sludge sumo | 13000 | 11875 | Carbon steel | 1980 | Collection of underflow from clarifiers. |
| 27 | 31 | E-fluent discharge tank | 198500 | 180000 | Carbon steel | 1980 | Collection of treated water for batch discharge. |
| 28 | 10 | Primary storage tank | 212000 | 207000 | Carbon steel | 1980 | Mix and store compatible wastes. |
| 29 | 24 | Sludge concentrator tank | 212000 | 200000 | Carbon steel | 1980 | Sludge thickening and storage. |
| 3 0 | 13 | Hix tank | 424000 | 403000 | Carbon steel | 1980 | Mix and store compatible wastes. |
| 31 | 1 % 8 | Concrete receiving tanks | 7000 | 6000 | Reinforced concret | e 1980 | Receive individual waste shipments. |
| Name 33 | 29 | Sludge conditioning tank | 10 400 | 9750 | Carbon steel | unknown | Prepare sludge for dewatering. |

TABLE 7

| <u>SWMU</u> NO. | UNIT NAME | SUGGESTED FURTHER ACTION | RELEASE |
|--------------------|--------------------------------|---|---------|
| 1 | Acid Drum Storage Area | No further action is suggested at this time because waste handling appears to be adequate. | Unknown |
| 2 | Alkaline Drum Storage Area | No further action is suggested at this time because waste handling appears to be adequate. | Unknown |
| 3 | Organic Drum Storage Area | No further action is suggested at this time because waste handling appears to adequate. | Unknown |
| 4 | Drum Staging Area | No further action is suggested at this time because waste handling appears to be adequate. | Unknown |
| 5 | Safety-Kleen Unit | No further action is suggested at this time because waste handling appears to be adequate. | Unknown |
| 6 | Process Sewer System | The entire process sewer system should be tested to verify the integrity of the system. If integrity has been breached, sample soils for organic and inorganic compounds. | Unknown |
| 7 | Outside Drum Storage Area 1 | Soil samples should be taken in the area of the old storage area and analyzed for constituents managed in this area. | Unknown |
| 8 | Former Sludge Storage Pad | No further action is suggested at at this time because waste handling appears to be adequate. | Unknown |
| 9 | Outside Drum Storage Area 2 | Soil samples should be taken around the edges of this storage pad. Samples should be analyzed for constituents managed in this area. | Unknown |
| 10 | Carbon Absorption System | No further action is suggested at this time because waste handling appears to be adequate. | Unknown |
| 11 | Inorganic Laboratory | The integrity of the floor drains should be verified. If the integrity has been breached, sample soils for constituents managed in this area. | Unknown |

TABLE 7 (cont.)

| #* ' | | | |
|------------------------|---|--|---------|
| <u>swmu</u> no. | UNIT NAME | SUGGESTED FURTHER ACTION | RELEASE |
| 12 | Organic Laboratory | No further action is suggested at this time because waste handling appears to be adequate. | Unknown |
| 13 | Oil/Water Separator | The integrity of the sump should be verified. If the integrity has been breached, sample soils for constituents managed in this area. | Unknown |
| 14 | Former 10,000 Gallon Sludge Feed Tank | The integrity of the floor drain should be verified. If the integrity has been breached, sample soils for constituents managed in this area. | Unknown |
| 15 | Auxiliary Basin #3 | Sample soils for constituents managed in this area. | Unknown |
| 16 | Landfill | Sample soils for constituents managed in this area. | Unknown |
| ● □# * 7 | Former Temporary Pickle Liquor Basins | Sample soils for constituents managed in this area. | Unknown |
| 18 | Former Pickle Liquor Disposal Sites | Sample soils for constituents managed in this area. | Unknown |
| 19 ······· | Former Permanent Pickle Liquor Basins | Sample soils for constituents managed in this area. | Unknown |
| 20 | Former Oil Basin | Sample soils for constituents managed in this area. | Unknown |
| 21 | Former Lime Basin | Sample soils for constituents managed in this area. | Unknown |
| 22 | Oxidation | Verify the integrity of the concrete at the base of this unit. If the integrity has been breached, sample soils for constituents managed in this area. | Unknown |
| 23 | Special Waste Storage Tank | No further action is suggested at this time because waste handling appears to be adequate. | Unknown |

TABLE 7 (cont.)

| SWMU NO. | UNIT NAME | SUGGESTED FURTHER ACTION | RELEASE |
|-------------|---|--|--------------|
| 24 | Oil Contaminated Soil Storage Area | Sample soils for constituents managed in this area. | Unknown |
| 25 | Chemical Treatment Unit | No further action is suggested at this time because waste handling appears to be adequate. | Unknown |
| 26 | 13,000 Gallon Concrete Sludge Tank | The integrity of the in-ground tank and associated piping should be verified. If the integrity has been breached, sample soils for constituents managed in this area. | Unknown |
| 27 | Tank 1 | The integrity of the two in-ground sumps within the tank farm should be verified. If the integrity has been breached, sample soils for constituent managed in this area. | Unknown s |
| 28 | Tank 2 | No further action is suggested at this time because waste handling appears to be adequate. (See SWMU #27 | Unknown) |
| 29 | Tank 3 | No further action is suggested at this time because waste handling appears to be adequate. (See SWMU #27 | Unknown) |
| 30 | Tank 4 | No further action is suggested at this time because waste handling appears to be adequate. (See SWMU #27 | Unknown |
| 31 | 7,000 Gallon Concrete Receiving Tanks | The integrity of the sump should be verified. If the integrity has been breached, sample soils for constituent managed in this area. | Unknown s |
| 32 | Truck Unloading Pad | Sample soils around the edge of the pad for constituents managed in this area (sump integrity should be checked as stated in SWMU #31). | Unknown |
| 33 | Sludge Dewatering System | The integrity of the sump should be verified. If the integrity has been breached, sample soils for constituents managed in this area. | Unknown |

TABLE 7 (cont.)

| SWMU NO | UNIT NAME | SUGGESTED FURTHER ACTION | RELEASE |
|------------|-------------------------------|---|--------------|
| 34 | Former Rotary Filter Press | No further action is suggested at this time because waste handling appears to be adequate. | Unknown |
| 35 | Mobile Filter Press | No further action is suggested at this time because waste handling appears to be adequate. | Unknown |
| 36 | Inside Drum Storage Area | The integrity of the sump should be verified in conjunction with SWMU #10. If the integrity has been breached, sample soils for constituent managed in this area. | Unknown s |

RI 19

V. REFERENCES

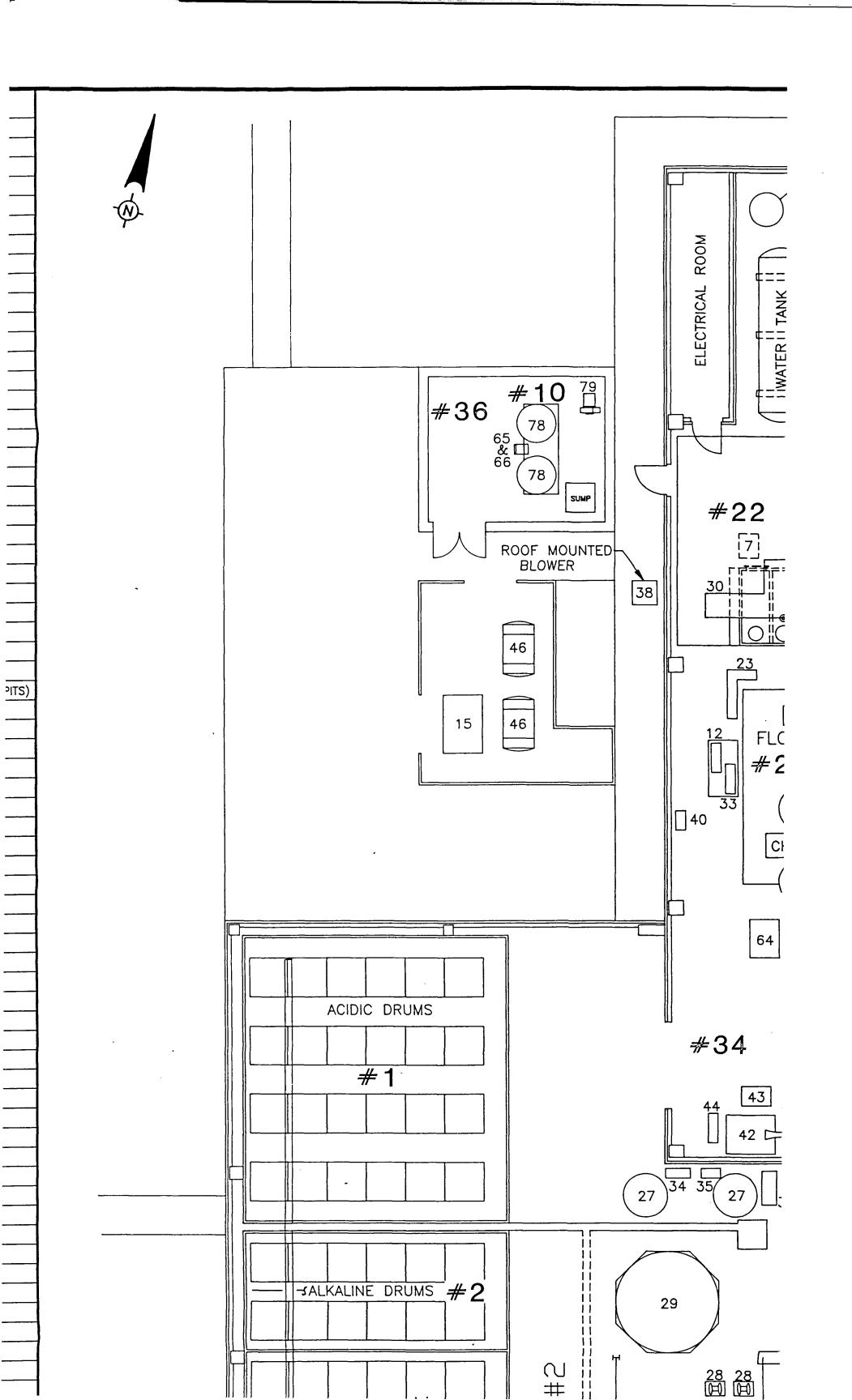
- Clean Harbors of Chicago, Inc., September 28, 1990 revised February 19, 1991, Part B Permit Application.
- Hazardous Waste Research and Information Center (HWRIC), 1990, Pollutant Transport to Lake Calumet and Adjacent Wetlands and an Overview of Regional Hydrology, Research Report 050, 74 p.
- Illinois EPA Division of Air Pollution Control files for the Clean Harbors of Chicago, Inc. facility.
- Illinois EPA Division of Land Pollution Control files for the Clean Harbors of Chicago, Inc. facility.
- Illinois EPA Division of Water Pollution Control files for the Clean Harbors of Chicago, Inc. facility.
- Illinois Environmental Protection Agency, 1986, <u>The Southeast Chicago Study: An Assessment of Environmental Pollution and Public Health Impacts</u>, IEPA/ENV/86-008, 14 pages.
- Illinois State Water Survey and Illinois State Geological Survey, 1959, <u>Preliminary Report on Groundwater Resources of th Chicago Region</u>, Illinois, Cooperative Groundwater Report 1-5, 18p.
- Illinois State Geological Survey, 1975, <u>Handbook of Illinois</u> <u>Stratigraphy</u>, Bulletin 95, 261 pages.
- Illinois State Water Survey, well logs from a three mile radius surrounding the Clean Harbors facility.
- Metropolitan Water Reclamation District of Greater Chicago, discharge violations from the Clean Harbors facility.
- United States Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service, Soil Survey of DuPage and Part of Cook Counties, Illinois, Soil Report #108, 217 pages.
- U.S. Geological Survey, 1973 Blue Island, Illinois 7.5 Minute Quadrangle.
- U.S. Geological Survey, 1980 Calumet City, Illinois-Indiana 7.5 Minute Quadrangle.
- U.S. Geological Survey, 1973 Lake Calumet, Illinois-Indiana 7.5 Minute Quadrangle.

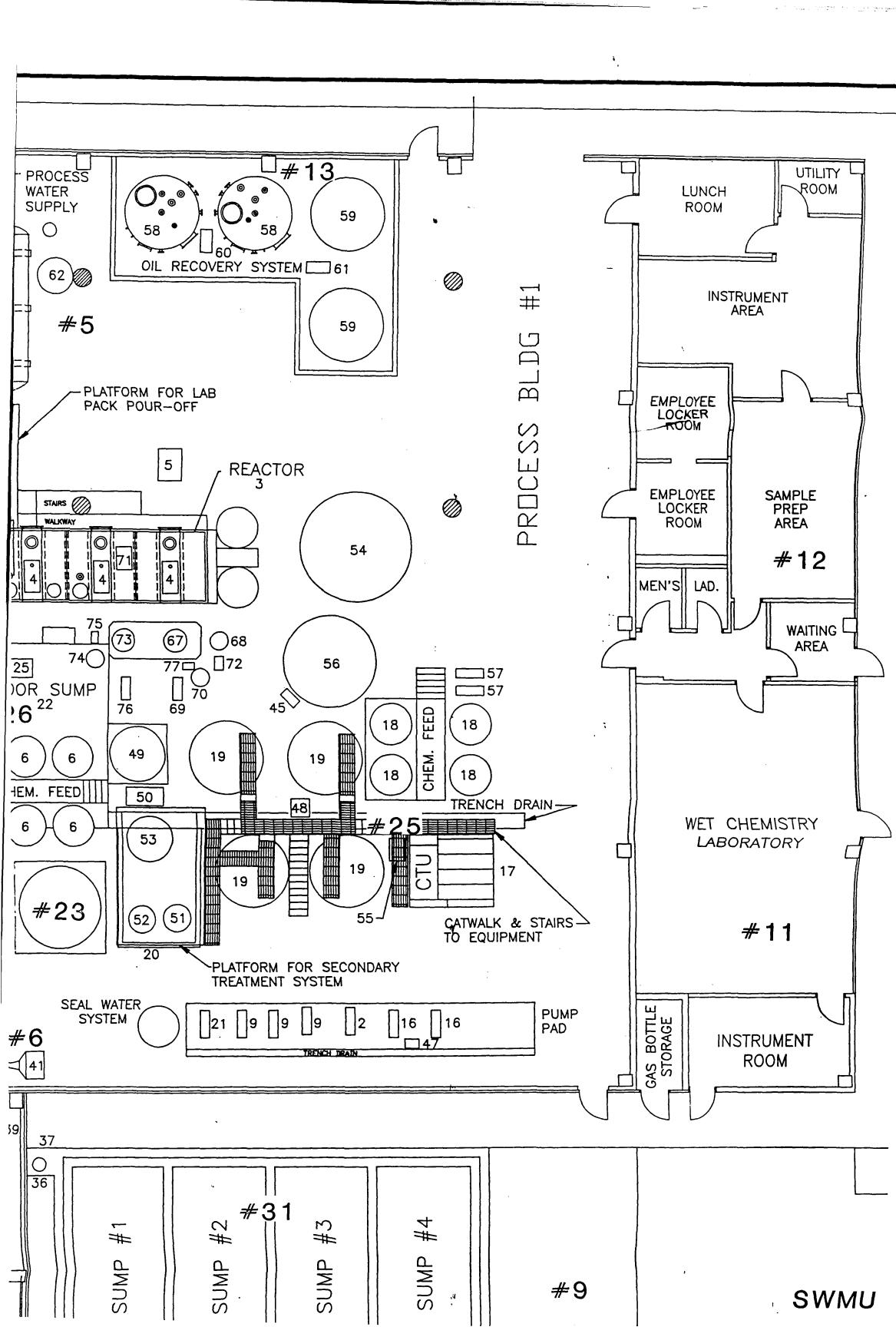
ATTACHMENT A

SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT UNIT LOCATION MAP 1

| ITEM NO. | QTY. | DESCRIPTION |
|-------------|------|---|
| 1 | 1 | 7,000 GAL. EPOXY LINED CONCRETE RECEIVING TANKS |
| 2 | 1 | 500 GPM RECEIVING PUMP - CRANE DEMING CENTRIFUGAL |
| 3 | 3 | REACTOR VESSEL 3 COMPARTMENTS |
| 5 | 1 | MIXER W/AXIAL FLOW TURBINE 1 1/2" PORTABLE AIR OPERATOR DIAPHRAGM PUMP |
| 6 | 1 | CHEMICAL STORAGE AND FEED SYSTEM FOR 4 CHEMICALS |
| 7 | 1 | 350 GPM RECYCLE & TRANSFER PUMP |
| 8 | 3 | 7,000 GAL. EPOXY LINED CONCRETE RECEIVING TANKS |
| 12 | 3 | 500 GPM RECEIVING PUMPS 500 GPM TRANSFER PUMP |
| 15 | 1 | 400 CFM 6 60 PSI COMPRESSOR |
| 16 | 2 | 150 GPM TREATMENT FEED PUMP |
| 17 | 1 | CHEMICAL TREATMENT UNIT |
| 18 | 1 | CHEMICAL STORAGE AND FEED SYSTEM |
| 20 | 1 | GRAVITATOR (CLARIFIER) SECONDARY CLARIFIER — 60 SQ. FT. (TUBE SETTLER) |
| 21 | 1 | 200 GPM EFFLUENT TRANSFER PUMP |
| 22 | 1 | 13,000 GAL. CONCRETE SLUDGE SUMP |
| 23 | 1 | 100 GPM SLUDGE TRANSFER PUMP |
| 25 26 | 1 | 3" SAND PIPER AIR OPERATED DIAPHRAGM PUMP 120 CU. FT. RECESSED CHAMBER PRESSURE FILTER |
| 27 | 2 | 500 GAL. LIME SLURRY TANKS |
| 28 | 2 | FILTER FEED PUMP, AIR DIAPHRAGM |
| 29 | 1 | 10,000 GAL. SLUDGE CONDITIONING TANK |
| 30 | 1 | INORGANIC LAB-PACK POURING STATION |
| 33 34 | 1 | 250 GPM DISCHARGE PUMP BAG HOUSE |
| 35 | 1 | 400 CFM BLOWER |
| 36 | 1 | 50 GPM SUMP PUMP |
| 37 | 1 | 225 GAL. SPILL COLLECTION SUMP (COMMON FOR 4 RECEIVING PITS) |
| 38 39 | 1 | 3,000 CFM EXHAUST BLOWER |
| 40 | 1 | 20 GPM LIME SLURRY FEED PUMP ULTRASONIC FLOW METER, INDICATOR AND TOTALIZER |
| 41 | 1 | 3" PARSHALL FLUME AND APPROACH BOX |
| 42 | 1 | 1,000 GAL. EFFLUENT COLLECTION TANK |
| 43 | 1 | CHICAGO SANITARY DISTRICT FLOW MONITORING STATION |
| 44 | 1 | 150 GPM DISCHARGE PUMP 10 GPM LIQUID CAUSTIC PUMP |
| 46 | 2 | AIR COMPRESSORS |
| 47 | 1 | ULTRASONIC FLOW METER |
| 48 | 1 | FLOW DISTRIBUTION CHAMBER |
| 49 50 | 1 | 5' DIA. x 9' HIGH CLARIFIER COLLECTION TANK 150 GPM SECONDARY TREATMENT FEED PUMP |
| 51 | 1 | 3' DIA. x 6' HIGH 1st SECONDARY TREATMENT MIXING TANK |
| 52 | 1 | 3' DIA. x 6' HIGH 2nd SECONDARY TREATMENT MIXING TANK |
| 53 | 1 | 5' DIA. x 6' HIGH FLOCCULATOR TANK |
| 54 | 1 | 8,000 GAL. LIQUID ALUM STORAGE TANK |
| 55 56 | 1 | 10 GPM ALUM METERING PUMP 8,000 GAL. LIQUID CAUSTIC STORAGE TANK |
| 57 | 2 | 10 GPM CAUSTIC METERING PUMP |
| 58 | 2 | 8' DIA. x 16' HIGH 8,000 GAL. REACTOR VESSELS |
| 59 | 2 | 8' DIA. x 16' HIGH 6,000 GAL. PRODUCT STORAGE TANKS |
| 60 | 1 | 300 GPM RECEIVING/RECIRCULATING PUMP |
| 61 | 1 | 1.5 MILLION BTU STEAM GENERATOR |
| 63 | 1 | 8' DIA. x 14' HIGH 5,000 GAL. WASTE STORAGE TANK |
| 64 | 1 | 1 1/2" AIR OPERATED DIAPHRAGM PUMP |
| 65 | 1 | CONDENSER |
| 66 67 | 1 | WATER SEPARATOR SCRUBBER |
| 68 | 1 | OVERFLOW COLLECTION TANK |
| 69 | 1 | 40 GPM RECIRCULATING PUMP |
| 70 | 1 | 100 GAL. CAUSTIC FEED TANK |
| 71 | 1 1 | 2,000 CFM BLOWER |
| 72 | 1 | OVERFLOW TRANSFER PUMP |

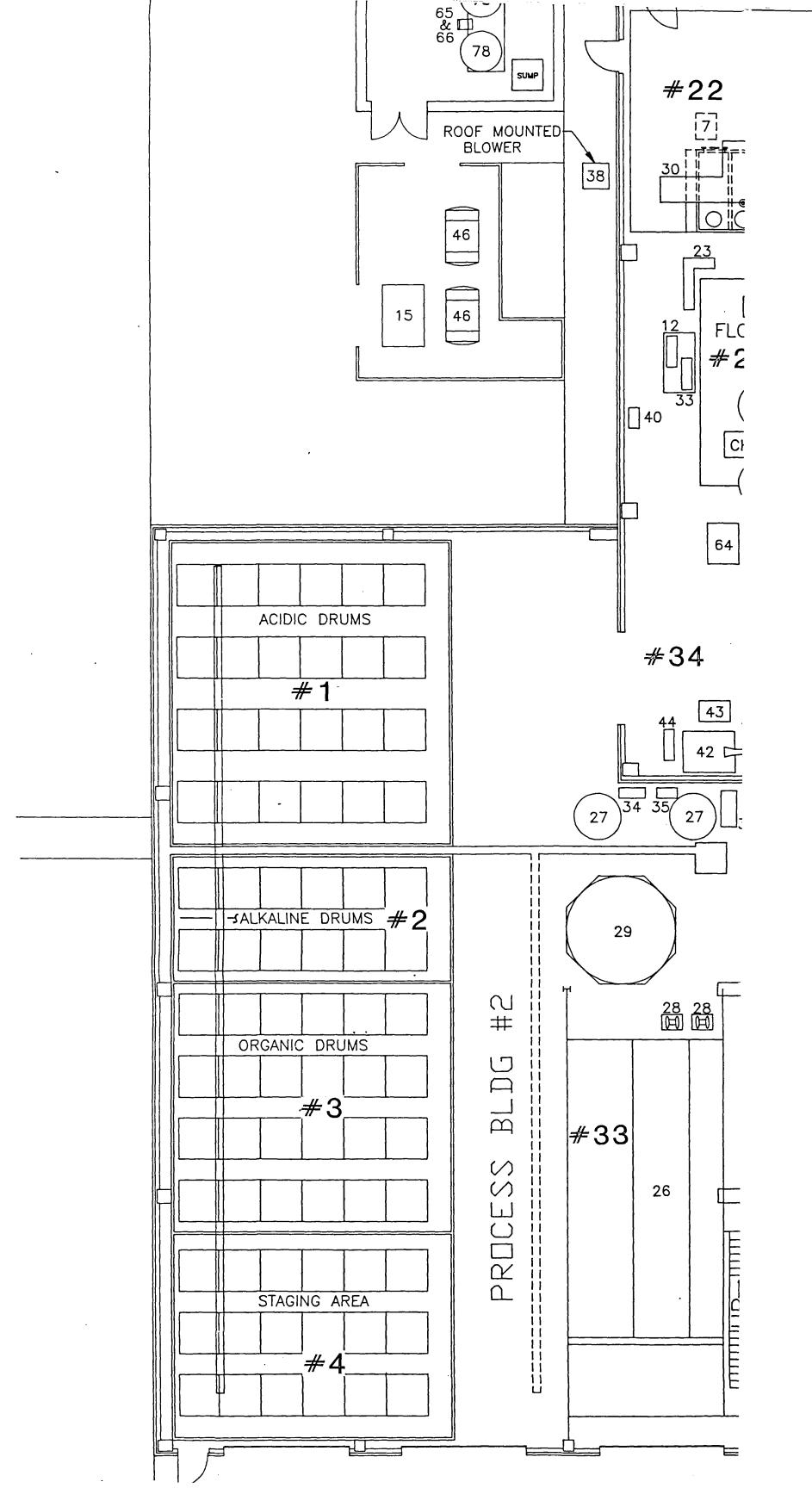


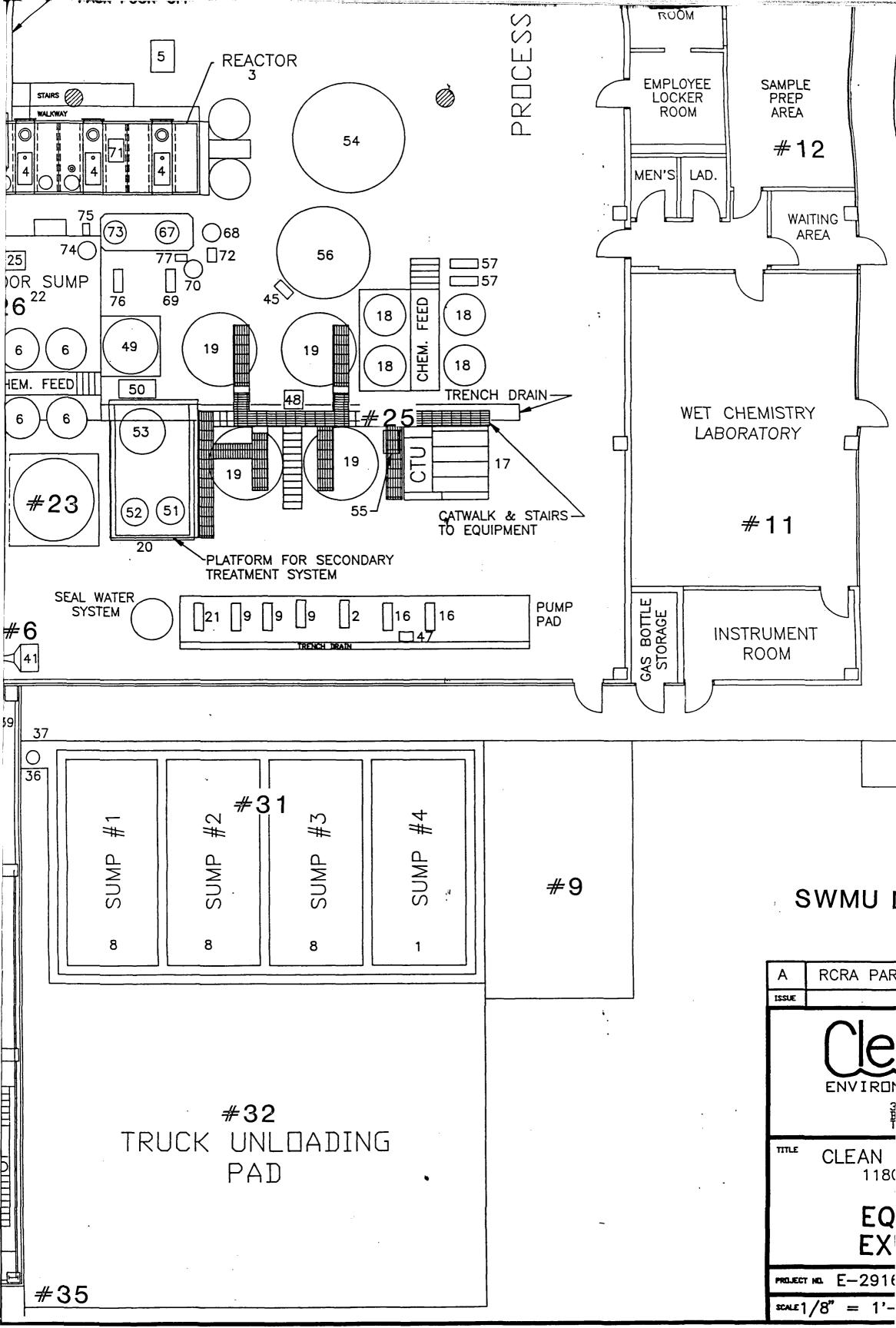


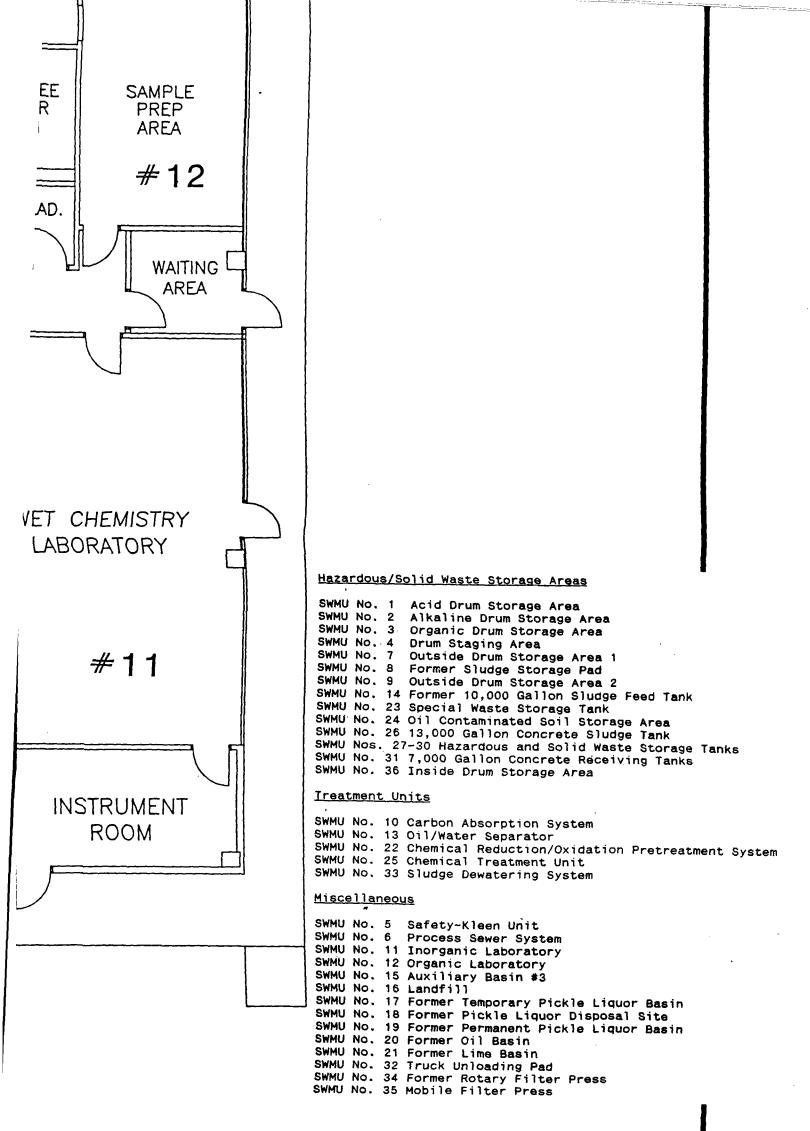


| 21 | 1 | 200 GPM EFFLUENT TRANSFER PUMP |
|----|---|--|
| 22 | 1 | 13,000 GAL. CONCRETE SLUDGE SUMP |
| 23 | 1 | 100 GPM SLUDGE TRANSFER PUMP |
| 25 | 1 | 3" SAND PIPER AIR OPERATED DIAPHRAGM PUMP |
| 26 | 1 | 120 CU. FT. RECESSED CHAMBER PRESSURE FILTER |
| 27 | 2 | 500 GAL. LIME SLURRY TANKS |
| 28 | 2 | FILTER FEED PUMP, AIR DIAPHRAGM |
| 29 | 1 | 10,000 GAL. SLUDGE CONDITIONING TANK |
| 30 | 1 | INORGANIC LAB-PACK POURING STATION |
| 33 | 1 | 250 GPM DISCHARGE PUMP |
| 34 | 1 | BAG HOUSE |
| 35 | 1 | 400 CFM BLOWER |
| 36 | 1 | 50 GPM SUMP PUMP |
| 37 | 1 | 225 GAL. SPILL COLLECTION SUMP (COMMON FOR 4 RECEIVING PITS) |
| 38 | 1 | 3,000 CFM EXHAUST BLOWER |
| 39 | 1 | 20 GPM LIME SLURRY FEED PUMP |
| 40 | 1 | ULTRASONIC FLOW METER, INDICATOR AND TOTALIZER |
| 41 | 1 | 3" PARSHALL FLUME AND APPROACH BOX |
| 42 | 1 | 1,000 GAL. EFFLUENT COLLECTION TANK |
| 43 | 1 | CHICAGO SANITARY DISTRICT FLOW MONITORING STATION |
| 44 | 1 | 150 GPM DISCHARGE PUMP |
| 45 | 1 | 10 GPM LIQUID CAUSTIC PUMP |
| 46 | 2 | AIR COMPRESSORS |
| 47 | 1 | ULTRASONIC FLOW METER |
| 48 | 1 | FLOW DISTRIBUTION CHAMBER |
| 49 | 1 | 5' DIA. x 9' HIGH CLARIFIER COLLECTION TANK |
| 50 | 1 | 150 GPM SECONDARY TREATMENT FEED PUMP |
| 51 | 1 | 3' DIA. x 6' HIGH 1st SECONDARY TREATMENT MIXING TANK |
| 52 | 1 | 3' DIA. x 6' HIGH 2nd SECONDARY TREATMENT MIXING TANK |
| 53 | 1 | 5' DIA. x 6' HIGH FLOCCULATOR TANK |
| 54 | 1 | 8,000 GAL. LIQUID ALUM STORAGE TANK |
| 55 | 1 | 10 GPM ALUM METERING PUMP |
| 56 | 1 | 8,000 GAL. LIQUID CAUSTIC STORAGE TANK |
| 57 | 2 | 10 GPM CAUSTIC METERING PUMP |
| 58 | 2 | 8' DIA. x 16' HIGH 8,000 GAL. REACTOR VESSELS |
| 59 | 2 | 8' DIA. x 16' HIGH 6,000 GAL. PRODUCT STORAGE TANKS |
| 60 | 1 | 300 GPM RECEIVING/RECIRCULATING PUMP |
| 61 | 1 | 100 GPM TRANSFER PUMP |
| 62 | 1 | 1.5 MILLION BTU STEAM GENERATOR |
| 63 | 1 | 8' DIA. x 14' HIGH 5,000 GAL. WASTE STORAGE TANK |
| 64 | 1 | 1 1/2" AIR OPERATED DIAPHRAGM PUMP |
| 65 | 1 | CONDENSER |
| 66 | 1 | WATER SEPARATOR |
| 67 | 1 | SCRUBBER |
| 68 | 1 | OVERFLOW COLLECTION TANK |
| 69 | 1 | 40 GPM RECIRCULATING PUMP |
| 70 | 1 | 100 GAL. CAUSTIC FEED TANK |
| 71 | 1 | 2,000 CFM BLOWER |
| 72 | 1 | OVERFLOW TRANSFER PUMP |
| 73 | 1 | SCRUBBER |
| 74 | 1 | OVERFLOW COLLECTION TANK |
| 75 | 1 | 20 GPM TRANSFER PUMP |
| 76 | 1 | 40 GPM RECIRCULATING PUMP |
| 77 | 1 | 2 GPM CAUSTIC FEED PUMP |
| 78 | 1 | 2 TON ACTIVATED CARBON SYSTEM |
| 79 | 1 | 700 CFM BLOWER |
| | | |

•



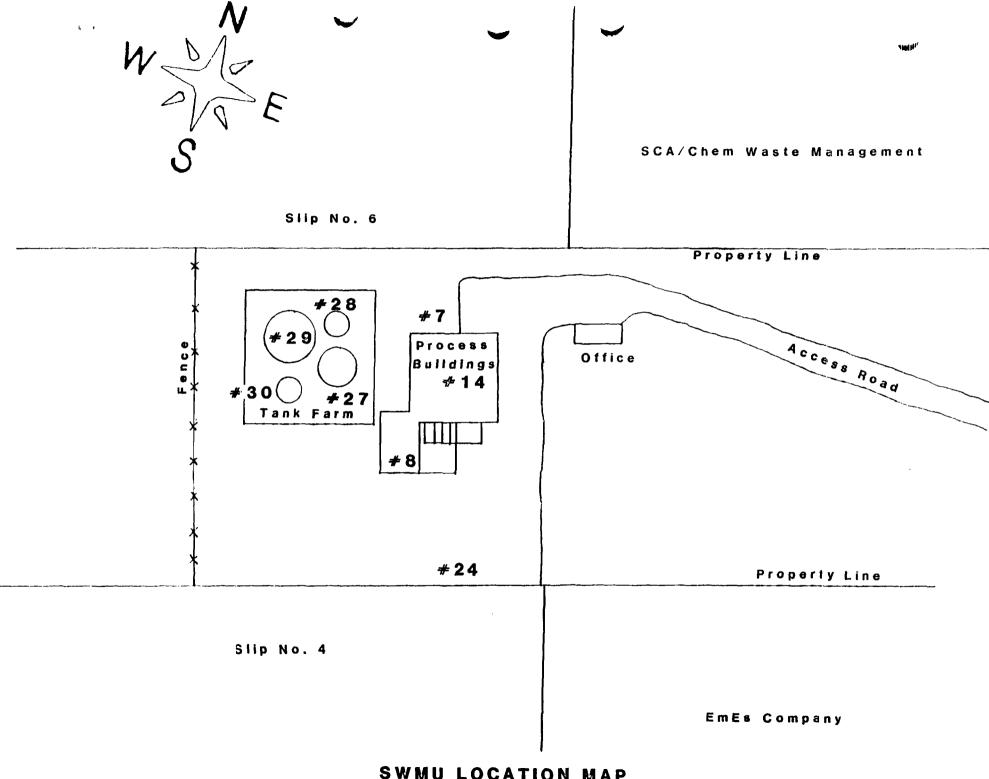




SWMU LOCATION MAP



 \equiv



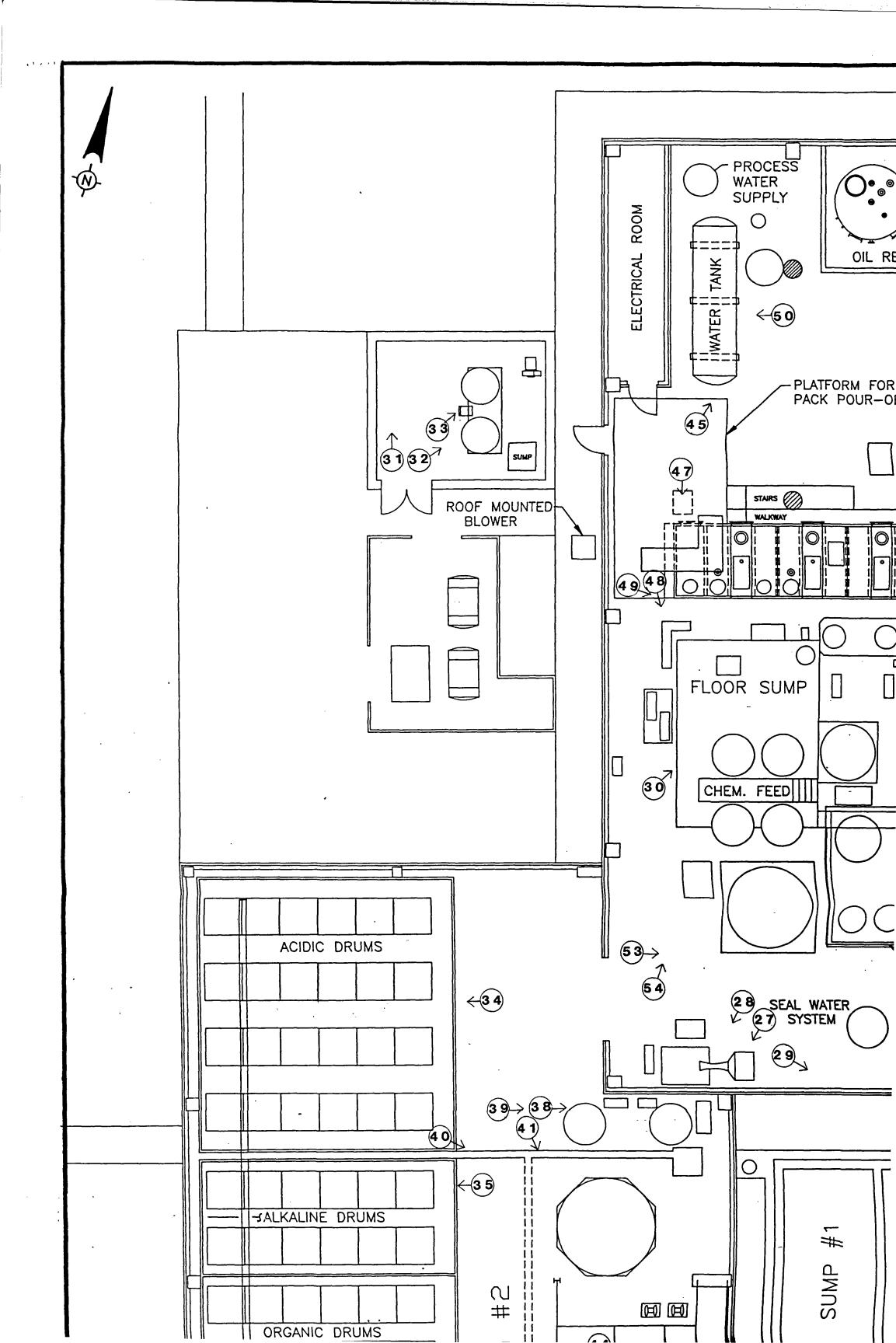
SWMU LOCATION MAP

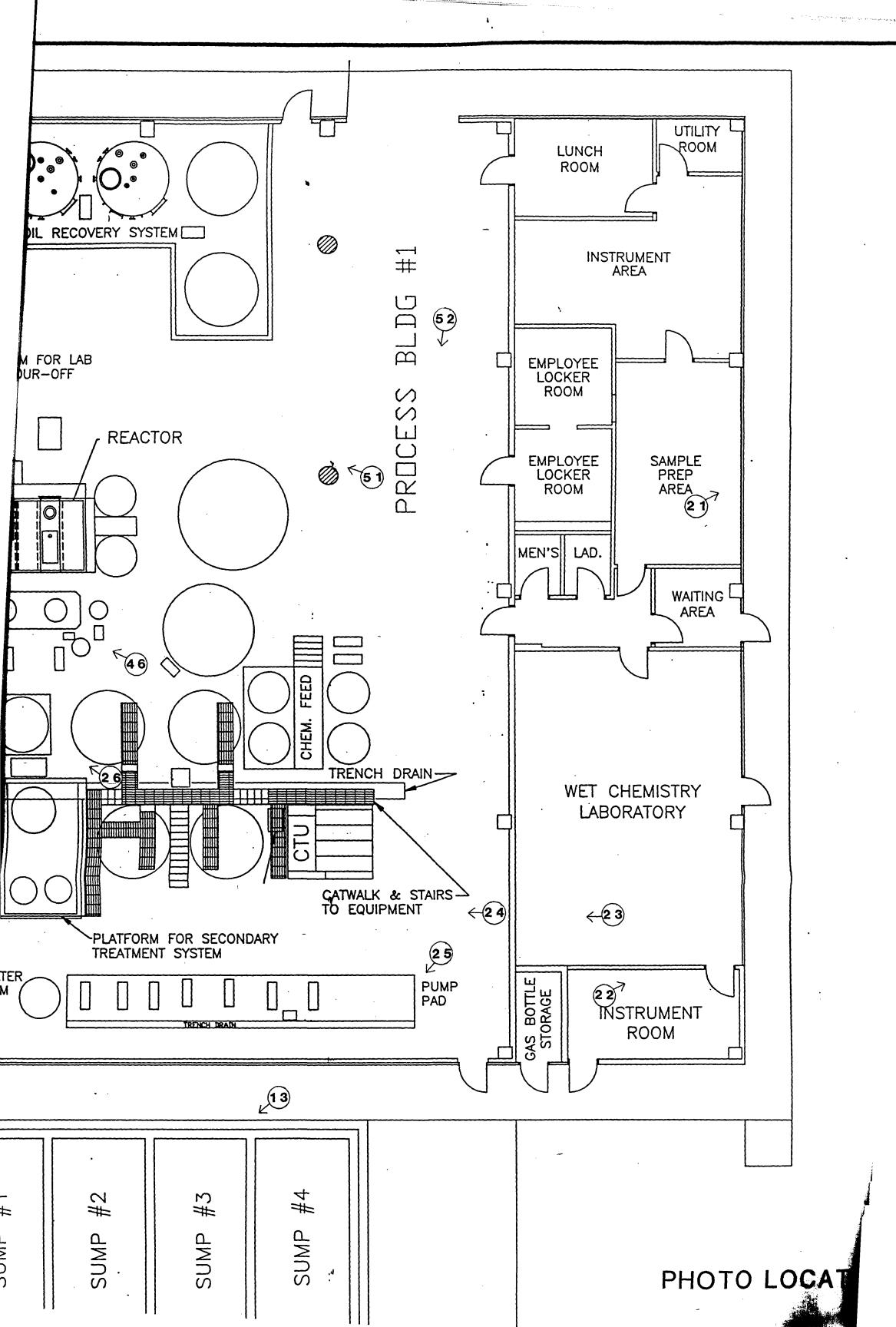
ATTACHMENT B

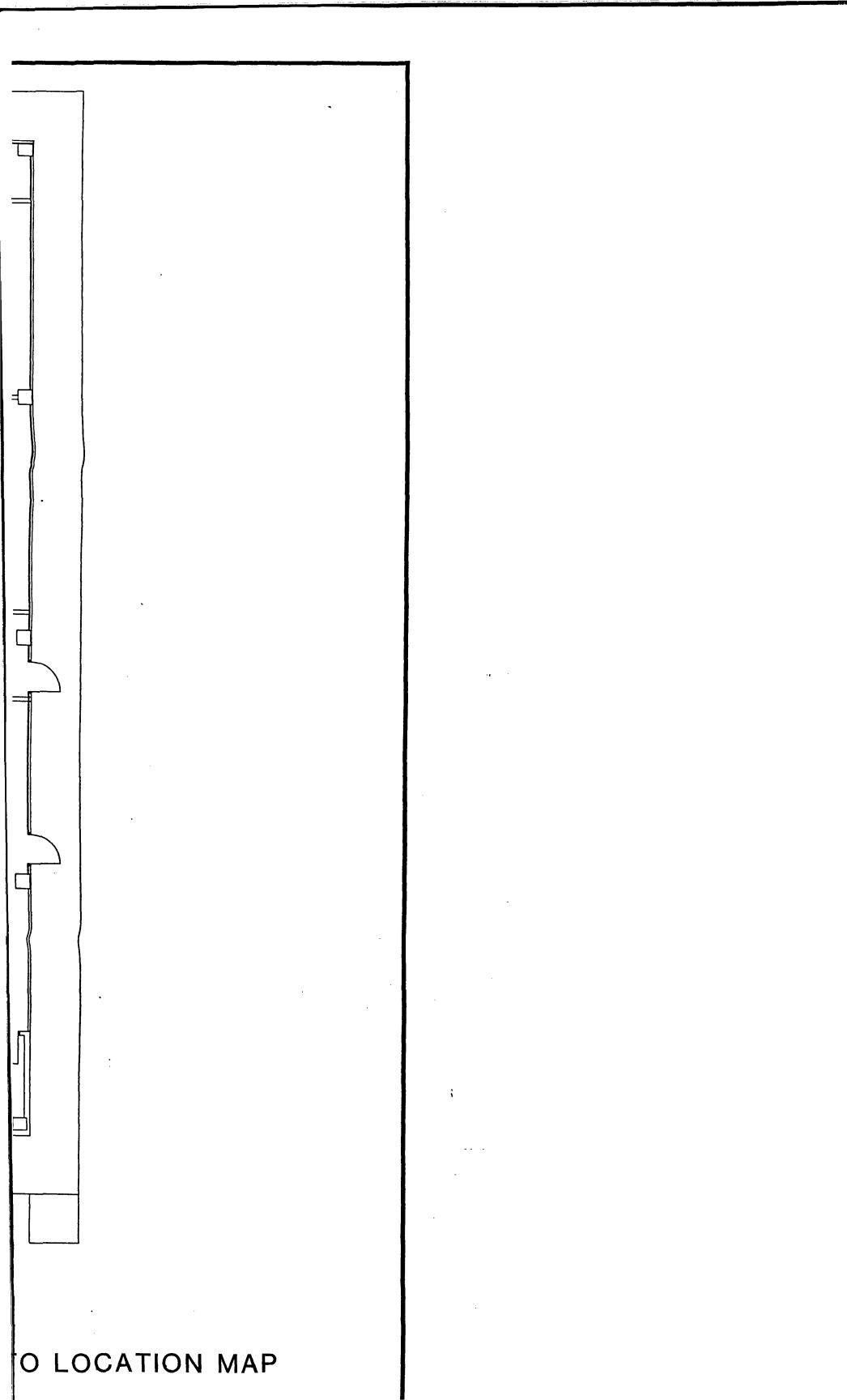
SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT UNIT LOCATION MAP 2

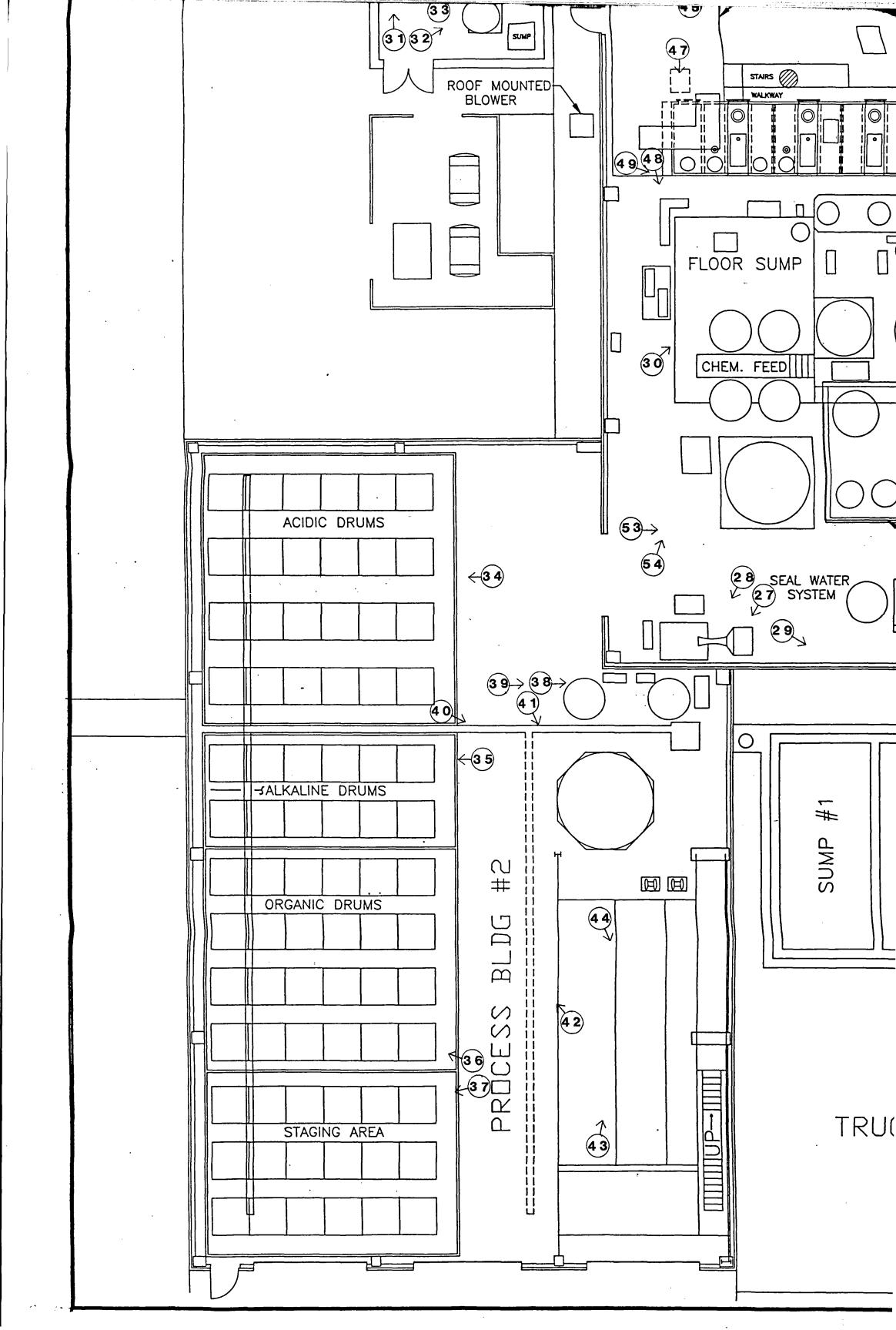


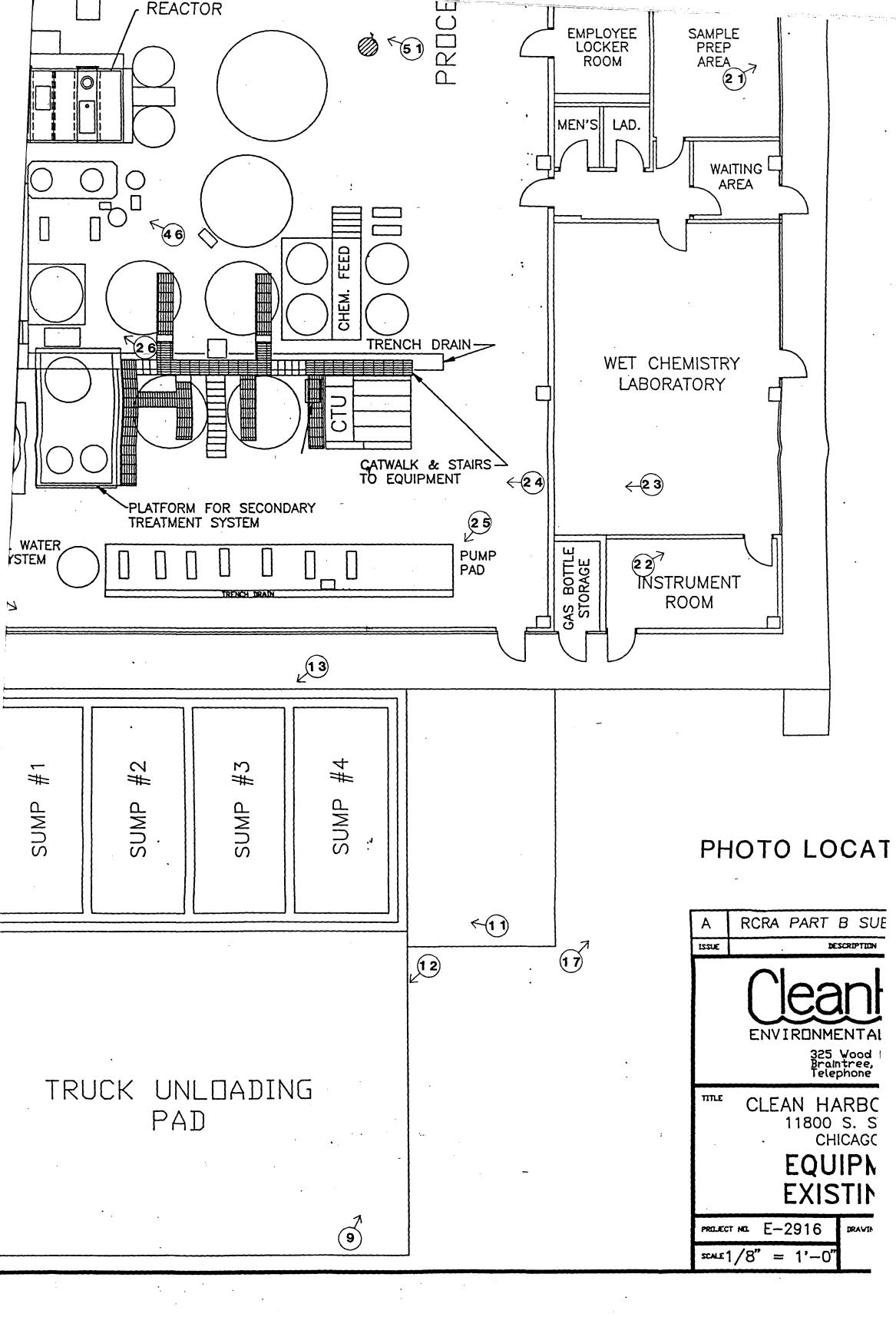
SOURCE:IDOT,1975

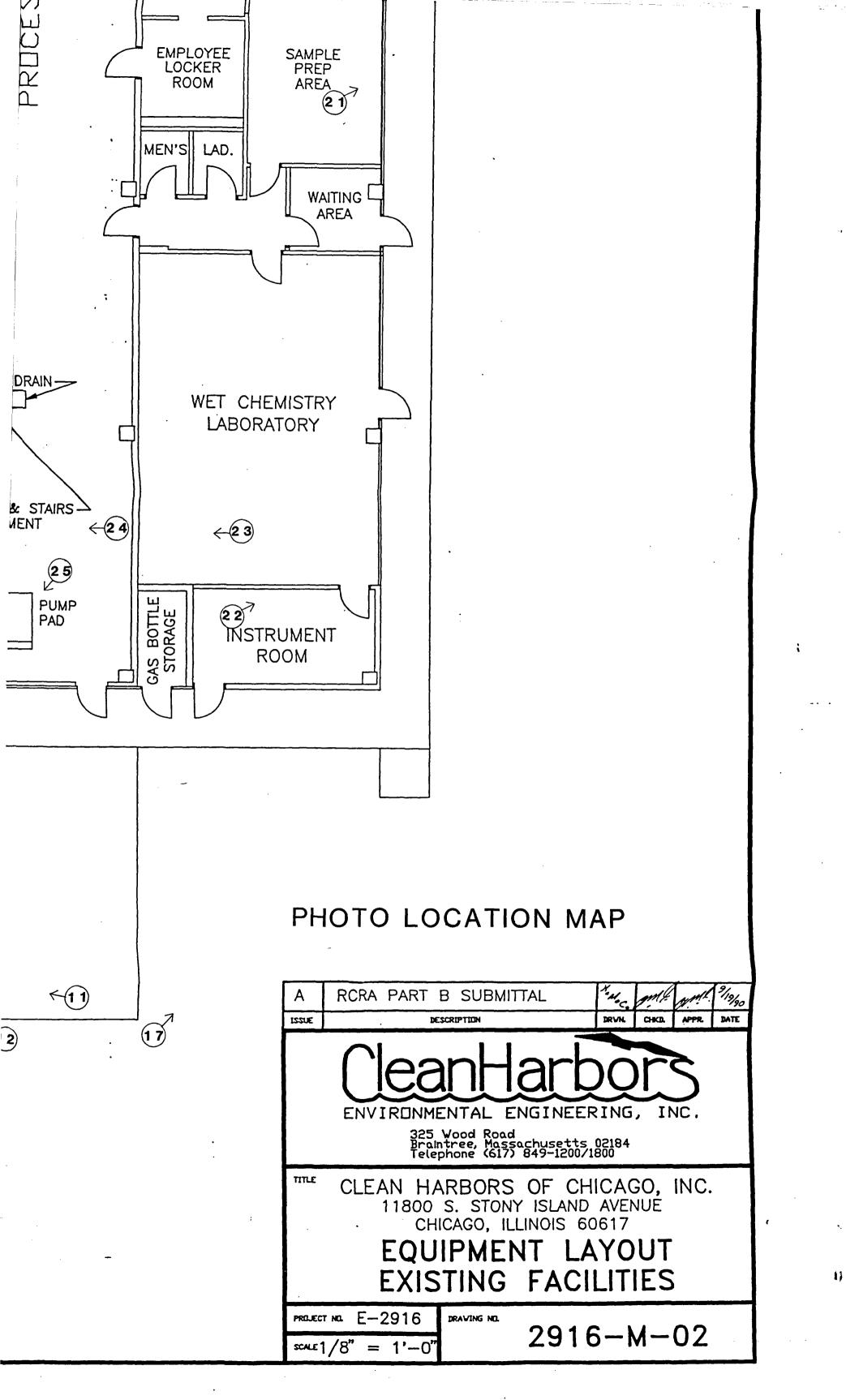












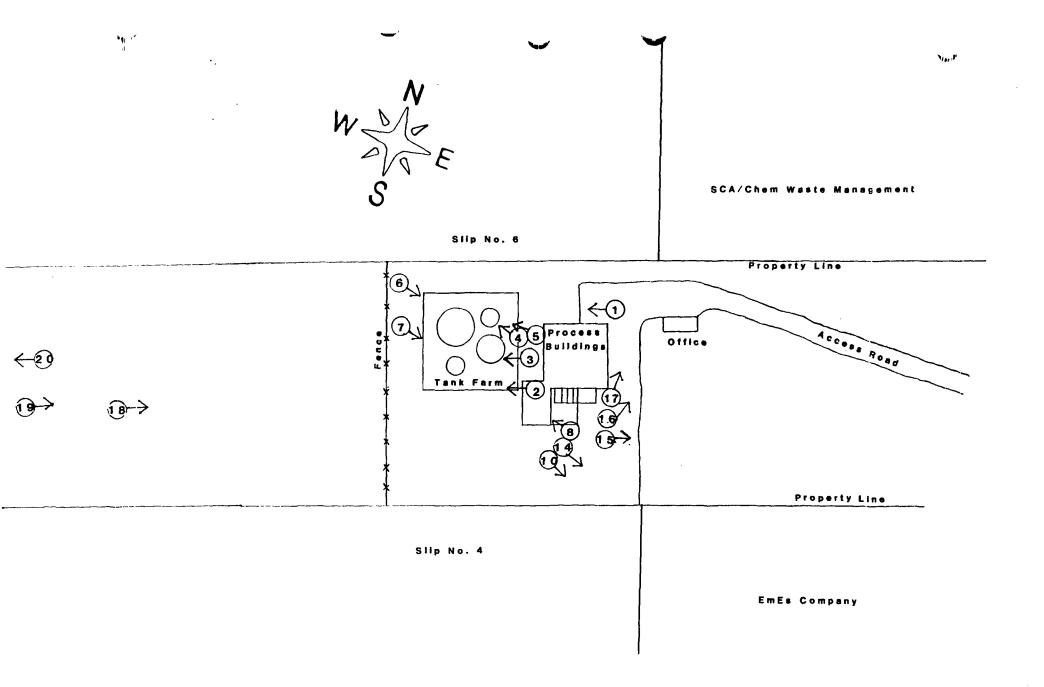


Photo Location Map

ATTACHMENT C

VSI PHOTOGRAPH LOCATIONS MAP

| DATE: December 19,1990 |
|------------------------------------|
| ME: //:48 Am |
| PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: |
| July Triller |
| PHOTO NUMBER: 1 |
| LOCATION: LOSIL DOCOSI Cook County |
| Clean Harbers of Chicago, INC. |
| ILD 000608471 |
| COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD |
| the west on the north side of |
| Process building #1. Old Drum |
| Storage Area #1 (SWMU#7) |
| |



| DATE: December 19,1990 |
|--------------------------------------|
| TIME: 11:52 Am |
| PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: |
| July Tziller |
| HOTO NUMBER: 2 |
| LOCATION: 20316000051 ~- Cook County |
| Clean Harbors of Chicago, Inc. |
| ILD 000608 471 |
| COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD |
| the west southwest at touk #1 |
| (SWMU = 27) in fore grounde and |
| tont #3 (SWMU #29) in |
| ckground. |
| |



| DATE: December 19, 1990 |
|--------------------------------|
| TIME: //:52 Am |
| PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: |
| Judy TRiller |
| PHOTO NUMBER: 3 |
| LOCATION: 20316000051 Cook Co. |
| Clean Harbors of Chicago, INC. |
| ILD 000608471 |
| COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD |
| the west at tank #1 |
| (SWMU # 27) |
| |



DATE: December 19,1990

TIME: //54 Am

PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY:

July Triller

PHOTO NUMBER: 4

LOCATION: 20316000051-- Gok Go.

Clean Harbers of Chicago, Juc.

ILD 000 608471

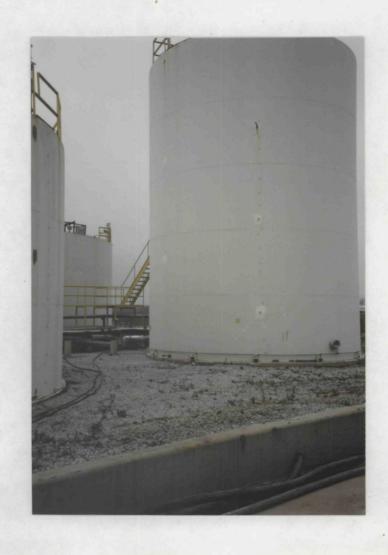
COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD

The west at tank #2 (Sumu #28)

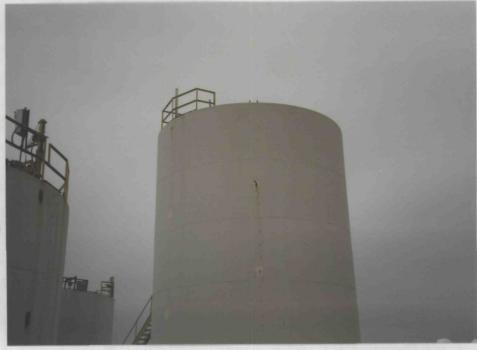
with Tank #1 (Swmu #271 on the

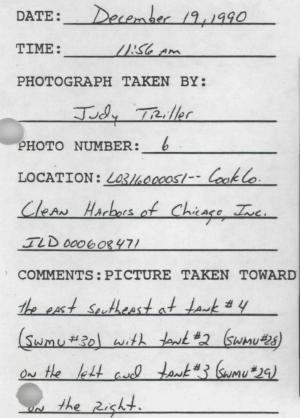
left and Tank #4 (Swmu #30), w

Ce background.



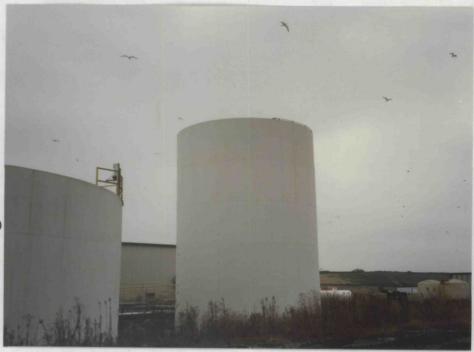
| DATE: <u>December</u> 19,1990 |
|---------------------------------------|
| TIME: //:54 Am |
| PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: |
| Judy Tziller |
| PHOTO NUMBER: 5 |
| LOCATION: <u>203/6000051 Cook Co.</u> |
| Clean Harbors of Chicago, Inc. |
| JLD 000 608471 |
| COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD |
| the west at tank #2 (Swmu#28) |
| and tank #1 6wmu #2>) on the |
| left and Tank # 4 (SWMU #30) in |
| the background. |
| |







| DATE: December 19,1990 |
|---------------------------------------|
| TIME: //:57 Am |
| PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: |
| Judy Tailler |
| PHOTO NUMBER: 7 |
| LOCATION: <u>20316000051 Cook Co.</u> |
| Clean Harbors of Chicago, INC. |
| ILD 000608471 |
| COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD |
| the southeast at tank #3 (SWMU |
| 29) with took #4 (SWMU#30) |
| on the Ceft. |
| |



DATE: December 19,1990

TIME: 12:02 pm

PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY:

Tudy Tiziller

PHOTO NUMBER: 8

LOCATION: 20316000051-- Cook 6.

Clear Harbors of Chicaso, Juc.

TLD 0006i8471

COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD

the Northwest at the mobile

filter press (Swmu#35), with

the concrete receiving taks (Swmu

I and unloading ppd (Swmu#32) on zight.



| DATE: December 19, 1990 |
|---|
| TIME: /2!07 pm |
| PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: |
| Judy Triller |
| PHOTO NUMBER: |
| LOCATION: 20316000051 Cook Co. |
| Clean Harbors of Chicago, INC. |
| ILD 000608471 |
| COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD |
| the north at the concrete receiving |
| LKS (SWMU#31) and unloading Pad |
| (Swmv#32) on the left, with outside |
| drum Storage Area (Swmu #9) on the pad Right of the receiving tanks. |
| Right of the receiving tanks. |
| |
| DATE: December 19,1990 |
| TIME: /2:09 pm |
| PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: |
| Judy Tailler |
| PHOTO NUMBER: 10 |
| LOCATION: 60316000051 Cook Co. |
| Clean Harbors of Chicago, INC. |
| ILD 000608471 |
| COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD |
| the southeast at the area used |
| to store oil contaminated soil |
| in 20 cubic yard Roll-off |
| noxes (SWMU #24) |





| DATE: December 19,1990 |
|---|
| 1_ME: /2:/1pm |
| PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: |
| Judy Triller |
| PHOTO NUMBER: // |
| LOCATION: <u>LO3/6 000051 Cook Co.</u> |
| Clear Harbors of Chicago, INC. |
| ILD 000608471 |
| COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD |
| the west southwest at the |
| screte receising tonts (SWMU#31) |
| Process building #1 is on the Right and |
| Process building \$2 is on the left. |
| |



DATE: December 19,1990

TIME: 12:11pm

PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY:

Tudy Tiziller

PHOTO NUMBER: 12

LOCATION: LO3160000051: -- Cook Co.

Clean Harbors of Chicago, Inc.

ILD 000606471

COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD

the south southwest of the

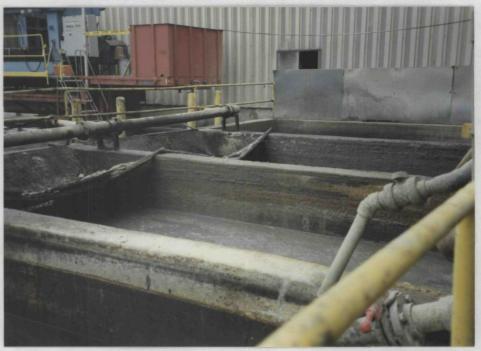
truck unbading pad (Sumu#32)

with the mobile filter press in

background (Sumu#35)



| DATE: December 19,1990 |
|-----------------------------------|
| T.E: 12:15 pm |
| PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: |
| July Tiziller |
| PHOTO NUMBER: /3 |
| LOCATION: 20316000051 Cook Co. |
| Clear Harbors of Chicago, Inc. |
| ILD 000608471 |
| COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD |
| the southwest at the concrete |
| Ceiving tanks (Swmu# 31) |
| with Process Building # 2 in the |
| background. |
| |
| DITT |
| DATE: December 19,1990 |
| TIME: 12:22 pm |
| PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: |
| Judy Triller |
| PHOTO NUMBER: 14 |
| LOCATION: 20316 000051 Cook Co. |
| Clean Harbors of Chicago, INC. |
| ILD 000608471 |
| COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD |
| the east southeast at the |
| southeast corner of the facility. |





| DATE: December 19,1990 |
|--|
| TIME: /2!22 pm |
| PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: |
| Iudy Tiziller |
| PHOTO NUMBER: 15 |
| LOCATION: 20316000051 Conk Co. |
| Clear Harbors of Chicago, Inc. |
| JLD 000 608471 |
| COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD |
| the east at the east side of |
| he facility and where the |
| Former Pickle Liguer Disposal site (SNMU#18) |
| wed Former Permanent Pickly Ligure BASIN (SWMU#19) |



DATE: December 19,1990

TIME: 12:22 pm

PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY:

Tudy Triller

PHOTO NUMBER: 16

LOCATION: 203/16000051-- Cook Co.

Clear Harbers of Chicago, Jr.c.

ILD 000608471

COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD

east notheast at the east part of the

Socility and office Trailer. Area where

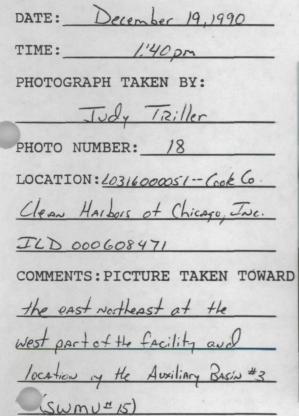
the former permanent pickle liquor (Swmo

Mand former ail basin (Swmo*20)



| DATE: December 19,1990 |
|---|
| TIME: /2:22 pm |
| PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: |
| Judy Triller |
| PHOTO NUMBER:/7 |
| LOCATION: 403/6000051 Cook 6. |
| Clean Harbors of Chicago, INC. |
| ILD 000608471 |
| COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD |
| the north northeast at the office |
| Opiler and area where the |
| former oil basin (SWMU * 20) and |
| former line basin (swmu*21) were located. |
| |







| DATE: 1) ecember 19, 1990 | | |
|--------------------------------|---------|-----------------|
| TIME: 1:46 pm | | |
| PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: | | |
| Judy Tailler | | |
| PHOTO NUMBER: | | |
| LOCATION: 20316000051 Cook Co. | | |
| Clear Harbors of Chicago, INC. | | |
| ILD000608471 | | |
| COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD | | 计算是 发生的人 |
| east northeast at the west end | CAN AFT | |
| the facility in an area | | |
| of the old landfill (SWMU#16) | | |
| | | |
| • | | |
| DATE: December 19,1990 | | |
| TIME: 1:46 pm | | |
| PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: | | |
| Judy Tiziller | | |
| PHOTO NUMBER: 20 | | |
| LOCATION: 20316000051 Cook 6. | | |

Clean Harbois of Chicago, INC.

COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD

west northwest at the end

of the pier and in the area

of the old landfill (SWMU #16)

ILD 000608471

| December 19,1990 |
|--------------------------------|
| TIME: 1.59 pm |
| PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: |
| Judy Triller |
| PHOTO NUMBER: 21 |
| LOCATION: 20316000051 Cook Co. |
| Clean Harbors of Chicago, INC. |
| TLD 000 608471 |
| COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD |
| the north at the fune hood in |
| the Organic Laboratory (Swmu# |
| (2) |



DATE: December 19,1990

TIME: 2:12 pm

PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY:

Judy Tailler

PHOTO NUMBER: 22

LOCATION: 103/6000051-- Cook Co.

Clean Harbers of Chicago, Inc.

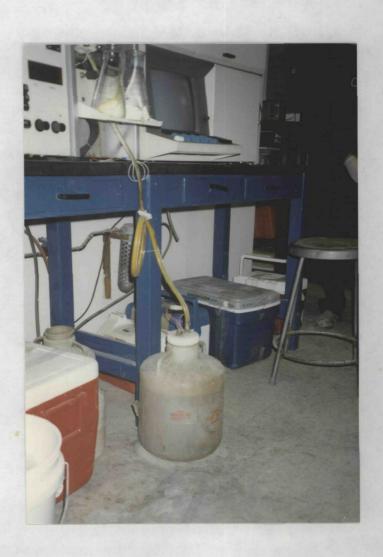
JLD 000608471

COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD

the north at a container used

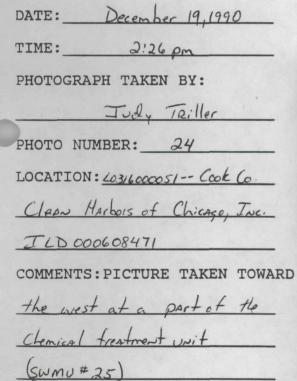
to collect wask material in

the Judgmic Laboratory (Swmu*11)



| DATE: December 19,1990 |
|---------------------------------|
| TIME: 2:14pm |
| PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: |
| Judy Tailler |
| PHOTO NUMBER: 23 |
| LOCATION: 203160000051 Cook Co. |
| Clear Harbors of Chicago, Inc. |
| ILD 000608471 |
| COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD |
| the west southwest at a 5 |
| Shelf cabinet used to |
| store incoming wastes in the |
| Inorganic Laboratory (SWMU#11) |
| |

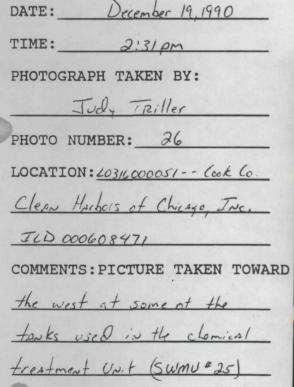






| DATE: December 19,1990 |
|---------------------------------|
| TIME: 2:26pm |
| PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: |
| Judy Triller |
| PHOTO NUMBER: 25 |
| LOCATION: LO3/100005/- Cook Co. |
| Clean Harbors of Chicago, Inc. |
| ILD 000 608471 |
| COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD |
| the southwest at the pumps |
| Oed to pump material from |
| the concrete receiving tanks |
| (SWmu #31) |
| |
| |
| DATE: December 19,1990 |
| TIME: 2:3/pm |

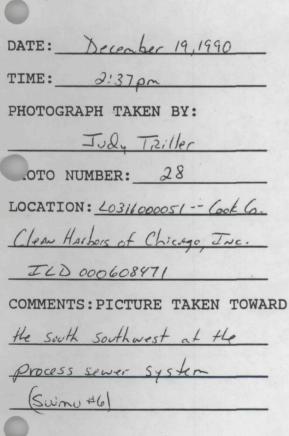


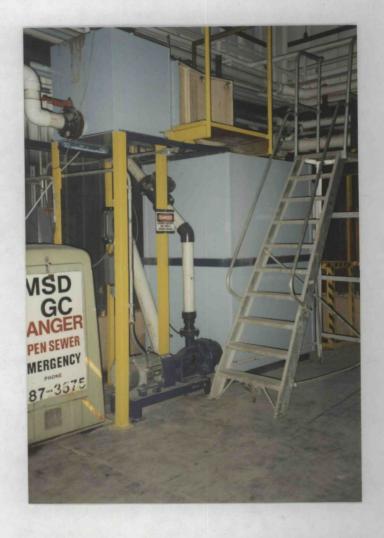




| DATE: December 19,1990 |
|--------------------------------|
| TIME: 2:37 pm |
| PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: |
| Tudy Tailler |
| PHOTO NUMBER: 27 |
| LOCATION: 20316000051 Cook 6. |
| Clear Harbers of Chicago, Inc. |
| ILD 000608471 |
| COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD |
| the south at the process |
| Ower system (Swmu #6) and |
| the sampling box used to |
| monitor the discharge |
| |
| |
| DATE: December 19,1990 |
| |

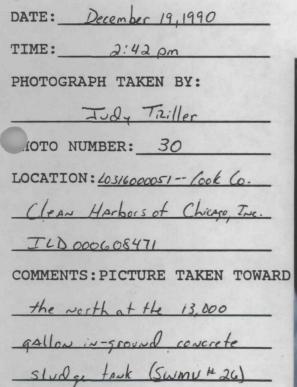






| DATE: December 19,1990 |
|--------------------------------|
| 1.1E: 2:38 pm |
| PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: |
| Judy Tziller |
| PHOTO NUMBER: 29 |
| LOCATION: 203/6000051 Cook 6. |
| Clear Harbors of Chicago, Inc. |
| TLD 000608471 |
| COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD |
| the southeast at one of the |
| Sortable drum pumping |
| stations |
| |









DATE: December 19,1990

TIME: 2:48pm

PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY:

July Triller

PHOTO NUMBER: 32

LOCATION: 20316000051-- Cook Co.

Clean Harbors of Chicago, Inc.

JLD 000608471

COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD

the north northeast at the

Carbon Absorption system

(Sumu #10)



| DATE: December 19,1990 |
|----------------------------------|
| TIME: 2.48pm |
| PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: |
| Judy Triller |
| PHOTO NUMBER: 33 |
| LOCATION: 20316000051 - Cook lo. |
| Clear Harbors of Chicago, INC. |
| ILD 000608471 |
| COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD |
| the worth northeast at the |
| Carbon Abscription System |
| (Swmu # 10) |
| |
| |



DATE: December 19,1990

TIME: 3:01 pm

PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY:

Judy Triller

PHOTO NUMBER: 34

LOCATION: LOS/LOGOOOSI-- (acklo.)

Clean Harbors of Chicago, Juc.

JLD 000608471

COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD

He west northwest at the

Acid drum storag area

(sumuti)



| DATE: | | |
|--------------------------------|--|-------------------------|
| TIME: 3:02 pm | | |
| PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: | | |
| Judy TRiller | | |
| PHOTO NUMBER: 35 | | |
| LOCATION: 20316000051 Cook Co. | 2) | ALKALINE DRUMS |
| Clear Harbors of Chicago, Inc. | DR BRIDE | |
| JLD 000608471 | | |
| COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD | | |
| the west northwest at the | | |
| Alkaline drum storage area | | MOVERBACK |
| (SWmu #2) | | |
| | | |
| • | | |
| DATE: December 19,1990 | | |
| TIME: 3.03pm | | |
| PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: | | X I. I. III AND A COLOR |
| Judy Triller | THE PARTY OF THE P | THE THE |
| OTO NUMBER: 36 | | |
| LOCATION: 20316000051 Cook Co. | ORGANIC DRUMS | AUGU |
| Clean Harbors of Chicago, Inc. | | |
| ILD 000608471 | | |
| COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD | | |
| west northwest at the | | |
| organic drum storage area | X X | |
| (Swmu #3) | | - Cana |
| | | |

| DATE: <u>December 19, 1990</u> |
|---------------------------------------|
| ME: 3:03pm |
| PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: |
| Judy Triller |
| PHOTO NUMBER: 37 |
| LOCATION: <u>20316000051 Cook Co.</u> |
| Clear Harbors of Chicago Inc. |
| ILD 000 608471 |
| COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD |
| the west at the drum |
| taging Area (Swmu#4) |
| |



DATE: December 19,1990

TIME: 3:12pm

PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY:

July Triller

OTO NUMBER: 38

LOCATION: 203160000051- Cook (o.

Clear Harbers of Chicago, Inc.

JLD 000608471

COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD

the past at the lime slurry

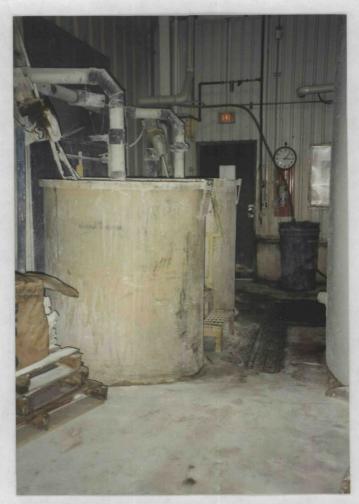
tanks associated with the

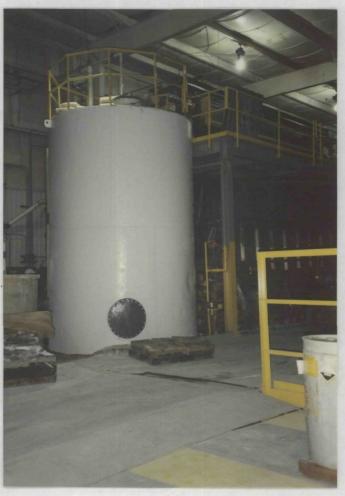
Singe demaking system

(Swmu#33)

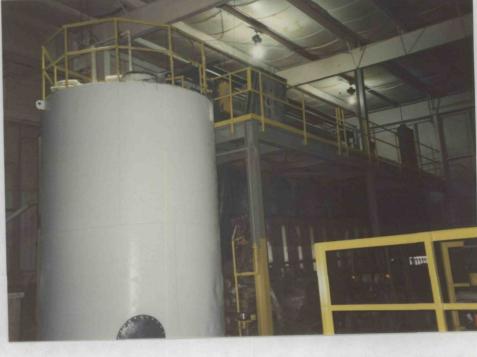


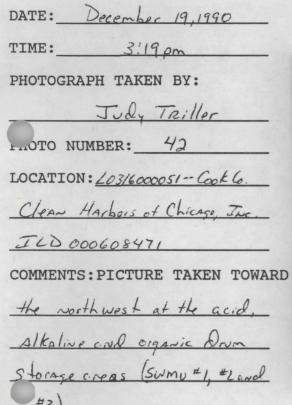
| DATE: December 19,1990 TIME: 3:12 pm PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: Tody Tailler PHOTO NUMBER: 39 LOCATION: 2036000051 Cook Co. Clean Harbors of Chicago, Inc. Tod 000608471 COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD the east at the line slurry PANKS ASSOCIATED With the Sludge dewatering System (Sumu#33) DATE: December 19,1990 TIME: 3:13 pm PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: Tody Tailler PHOTO NUMBER: 40 LOCATION: 20316000051 Cook Co. Clean Harbors of Chicago, Inc. Tod 000608471 COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD the southeast at a 10,000 gallow sludge conditioning tank Associated with the sludge dewatering system (Swimu#33) | |
|--|---------------------------------|
| PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: Toly Triller PHOTO NUMBER: 39 LOCATION: 20316000051 Cook Co. Clean Harbors of Chicago, Inc. Tod 000608471 COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD the east at the line slurry Parks associated with the Sludge dewatering System (Swmu#33) DATE: December 19,1990 TIME: 3:13pm PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: Tody Triller PHOTO NUMBER: 40 LOCATION: 20316000051 Cook Co. Clean Harbors of Chicago, Inc. Tod 000608471 COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD the southeast at a 10,000 gallow sludge conditioning tank Associated with the sludge | DAT: <u>December 19,1990</u> |
| PHOTO NUMBER: 39 LOCATION: 203/6000051 Cook Co. Clear Harbers of Chicago, Jac. TOD 000608471 COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD the east at the line slurry PANTS: Associated with the Sludge dewatering system (Swmu#33) DATE: December 19,1990 TIME: 3!13pm PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: JUdy Triller PHOTO NUMBER: 40 LOCATION: 203/6000051 Cook Co. Clear Harbers of Chicago, Jac. TID 000608471 COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD the southeast at a 10,000 qallow sludge conditioning tank Associated with the sludge | TIME: 3:12 pm |
| PHOTO NUMBER: 39 LOCATION: 203/6000051 Cock Co. Clear Harbors of Chicago, Juc. JLD 000608471 COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD the east at the line slurry Prouts Associated with the Sludge dewatering System (Swmu#33) DATE: December 19,1990 TIME: 3:13pm PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: JUdy Triller PHOTO NUMBER: 40 LOCATION: 203/600051 Cook/o. Clear Harbors of Chicago, Juc. JLD 000608471 COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD the southeast at a 10,000 qallow sludge conditioning tank Associated with the sludge | PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: |
| LOCATION: 20316000051- Cock Co. Clear Harbers of Chicago, Jac. JCD 000608471 COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD the east at the line slurry Practs Associated with the Sludge dewatering System (Swmu#33) DATE: December 19,1990 TIME: 3:13pm PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: JUdy Triller PHOTO NUMBER: 40 LOCATION: 20316000051Cook Co. Clear Harbers of Chicago, Jac. JCD 000608471 COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD the southeast at a 10,000 qallow sludge conditioning tank Associated with the sludge | Judy Triller |
| Clear Harbors of Chicago, Inc. ILD 000608471 COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD the east at the line slurry Prants Associated with the Sludge dewatering System (Swmu#33) DATE: December 19,1990 TIME: 3:13pm PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: Indy Teiller PHOTO NUMBER: 40 LOCATION: 20316000051Cooklo. Clear Harbors of Chicago, Inc. ILD 000608471 COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD the southeast at a 10,000 gallow sludge conditioning tank Associated with the sludge | PHOTO NUMBER: 39 |
| COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD The east at the line slurry Parks Associated with the Sludge dewatering system (Swmu#33) DATE: December 19,1990 TIME: 3:13pm PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: Judy Triller PHOTO NUMBER: 40 LOCATION: 20316000051Cook(o. Clear Harbors of Chicago, Inc. JUD 000608471 COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD the southeast at a 10,000 Gallow sludge conditioning tank Associated with the sludge | LOCATION: 20316000051 Cook Co. |
| COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD The east at the line slurry Pranks Associated with the Sludge dematering system (Swmu#33) DATE: December 19,1990 TIME: 3:13pm PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: Judy Triller PHOTO NUMBER: 40 LOCATION: 20316000051 Good 6. Clean Harbers of Chicago, Inc. JUD 000608471 COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD the southeast at a 10,000 Gallow sludge conditioning tank Associated with the sludge | Clean Harburs of Chicago, Inc. |
| The east at the line slurry Prants Associated with the Sludge dewatering System (Swmu#33) DATE: December 19,1990 TIME: 3:13pm PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: Judy Triller PHOTO NUMBER: 40 LOCATION: 20316000051 Cooklo. Clean Harbors of Chicago, Inc. Judy Toologo 8471 COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD the southeast at a 10,000 Gallow sludge conditioning tank Associated with the sludge | ILD 000608471 |
| DATE: December 19,1990 TIME: 3:13pm PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: Tudy Triller PHOTO NUMBER: 40 LOCATION: 20316000051 Cooklo. Clean Harbors of Chicago, Inc. TID 000608471 COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD He southeast at a 10,000 Gallow sludge conditioning tank Associated with the sludge | COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD |
| Sludge dewatering System (Swmu#33) DATE: December 19,1990 TIME: 3:13pm PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: Judy Triller PHOTO NUMBER: 40 LOCATION: 20316000051Cooklo. Clean Harbors of Chicago, Inc. JUD 000608471 COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD He southeast at a 10,000 Gallon sludge conditioning tank Associated with the sludge | the east at the line slurry |
| DATE: December 19,1990 TIME: 3:13pm PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: July Triller PHOTO NUMBER: 40 LOCATION: 20316000051Cooklo. Clean Harbors of Chicago, Inc. July Toologo 471 COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD the southeast at a 10,000 Gallon sludge conditioning tank Associated with the sludge | PANKS ASSOCIATED with the |
| DATE: December 19,1990 TIME: 3:13pm PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: July Triller PHOTO NUMBER: 40 LOCATION: 20316000051Cooklo. Clear Harbors of Chicago, Inc. JUD 000608471 COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD He southeast at a 10,000 Gallow sludge conditioning tank Associated with the sludge | Sludge dewatering system |
| PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: Judy Triller PHOTO NUMBER: 40 LOCATION: 20316000051Cooklo. Clean Harbors of Chicago, Inc. JUD 000608471 COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD the southeast at a 10,000 Gallon sludge conditioning tank Associated with the sludge | (Swmu#33) |
| PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: Judy Triller PHOTO NUMBER: 40 LOCATION: 20316000051Cooklo. Clean Harbors of Chicago, Inc. JUD 000608471 COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD the southeast at a 10,000 Gallon sludge conditioning tank Associated with the sludge | 0 |
| PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: Judy Triller PHOTO NUMBER: 40 LOCATION: 20316000051Cook(a. Clean Harbers of Chicago, Inc. JUD 000608471 COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD the southeast at a 10,000 Gallon sludge conditioning tank Associated with the sludge | DATE: December 19, 1990 |
| PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: July Triller PHOTO NUMBER: 40 LOCATION: 20316000051CookCo. Clear Harbors of Chicago, Inc. JUN 000608471 COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD the southeast at a 10,000 Gallow sludge conditioning tank Associated with the sludge | TIME: 3:13pm |
| PHOTO NUMBER: 40 LOCATION: 20316000051 Cooklo. Clean Harbors of Chicago, Inc. ILID 000608471 COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD the southeast at a 10,000 Gallon sludge conditioning tank Associated with the sludge | |
| LOCATION: 20316000051Cooklo. Clear Harbors of Chicago, Inc. ILID 000608471 COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD the southeast at a 10,000 Gallon sludge conditioning tank Associated with the sludge | Judy Triller |
| Clear Harbors of Chicago, Inc. ILIS 000608471 COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD the southeast at a 10,000 Gallon sludge conditioning tank Associated with the sludge | PHOTO NUMBER: 40 |
| TLD 000608471 COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD the southeast at a 10,000 Gallow sludge conditioning tank Associated with the sludge | LOCATION: 20316000051Cooklo. |
| the southeast at a 10,000 gallow sludge conditioning tank Associated with the sludge | Clean Harbors of Chicago, Inc. |
| gallow sludge conditioning tank Associated with the sludge | ILIS 000608471 |
| gallow sludge conditioning tank Associated with the sludge | COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD |
| Associated with the sludge | the southeast at a 10,000 |
| | gallow studge conditioning tank |
| dewatering system (Swimu #33) | Associated with the sludge |
| | dewatering system (Swimu # 33) |





| DATE: <u>December 19,1990</u> |
|------------------------------------|
| TIME: 3:13 pm |
| PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: |
| July Triller |
| PHOTO NUMBER: 4/ |
| LOCATION: 603/6000051 Cook 6. |
| Clean Harbors of Chicago, Inc. |
| ILD 000608471 |
| COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD |
| the southeast at the 10,000 gollow |
| De conditioning tank and the |
| filterpress used in the sludge |
| dewatering system (SWMU#33) |







| DATE: December 19,1990 | |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| TIME: 3!20pm | |
| PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: | |
| Judy Triller | |
| PHOTO NUMBER: 43 | |
| LOCATION: <u>603/6000051 Cook le-</u> | |
| Clean Harbors of Chicago, Inc. | |
| ILD 000608471 | |
| COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD | |
| the north at the filter press | |
| Associated with the sludge | |
| dewatering system. (SWAU#33) | |
| | |

DATE: December 19,1990

TIME: 3:22pm

PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY:

Toly Tiller

LOCATION: 20316000051-- (ook 6.

Clear Harbors of Chicago, Tree.

TOD 000608471

COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD

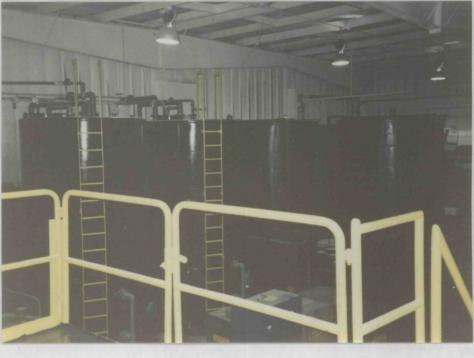
The southeast at the Litter

Press Associated with the sludge

dematering system (Swmu #33)



| DATE: December 19, 1990 |
|--------------------------------------|
| TIME: 3:34pm |
| PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: |
| July Triller |
| PHOTO NUMBER: 45 |
| LOCATION: <u>LO316000051 Cooklo.</u> |
| Clean Harbers of Chicago, INC. |
| TLD 000608471 |
| COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD |
| the north at the tanks |
| associated with the |
| oillwater Separator System. |
| (SWMU#13) |
| |



DATE: December 19,1990

TIME: 3:37pm

PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY:

Tody Tr. ller

PHOTO NUMBER: 46

LOCATION: 60316000051-- Cook Ce.

Clean Harbers of Chicago, Inc.

TOD 000608471

COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD

the northwest at the two

Scrubbers associated with the

Pretrestment system (Swmu*22)



| December 19,1990 |
|---------------------------------------|
| TIME: 3:38 pm |
| PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: |
| Judy Triller |
| PHOTO NUMBER: 47 |
| LOCATION: <u>40316000051 Cook Ce.</u> |
| Chean Harbers of Chicago, Inc. |
| ILD 000608471 |
| COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD |
| South southeast at the Lab |
| pack pour-off station associated |
| with the changed aretreatment |

System (Swmu#22)



DATE: December 19, 1990

TIME: 3:38pm

PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY:

July Tailler

PHOTO NUMBER: 48

LOCATION: 10316000051-- Cook Co.

Clear Harbors of Chicago, Juc.

July Cook 68471

COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD

the south southeast at the

Special waster sterage tank.

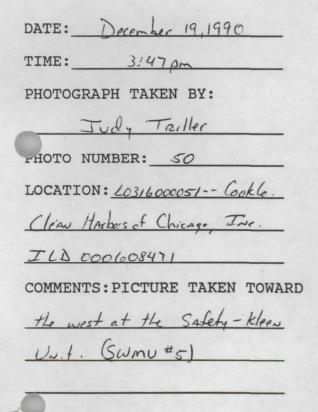
(Swmu#23) (The large brown

Lark)



| DATE: December 19,1990 |
|---------------------------------------|
| TIME: 3:44pm |
| PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: |
| Judy Triller |
| PHOTO NUMBER: 49 |
| LOCATION: <u>20316000051 Cook le.</u> |
| Clear Harbers of Chiense, Inc. |
| JLD 000608471 |
| COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD |
| east southeast at the tanks |
| associated with the |
| Chemical treatment Unit. |
| (Swmu # 25) |
| |

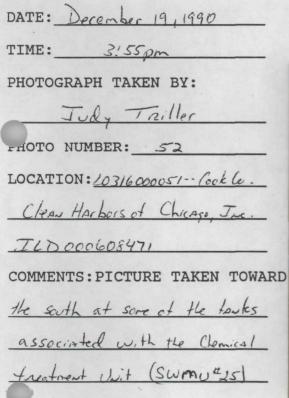






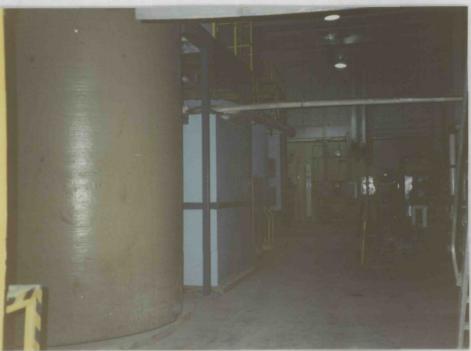
| DATE: December 19,1990 |
|------------------------------------|
| TIME: 3154 pm |
| PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: |
| Judy Triller |
| PHOTO NUMBER: 51 |
| LOCATION: LOSIGOCOOSI- Conte lo. |
| Clear Harbors of Chicago, Inc. |
| JLD 000608471 |
| COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD |
| the west at an old location for |
| e sludge feed took (Swmu#14) |
| with the oillwater separator tanks |
| (Swmu#13) on the right. |
| |







| DATE: December 19,1990 |
|-----------------------------------|
| TIME: 3:58pm |
| PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: |
| Judy Triller |
| PHOTO NUMBER: 53 |
| LOCATION: 203/6 coxxs1 - Cook Ce. |
| Clean Harbors of Chicago, INC. |
| ILD 000608471 |
| COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD |
| the east at some of the tooks |
| Issociated with the pretreatment |
| system. (Swmu#22) |
| |



DATE: December 19,1990

TIME: 3:59 pm

PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY:

JUDY Triller

AOTO NUMBER: 54

LOCATION: 603160000051-- Cook lo.

Clein Harbars of Chicaso, Inc.

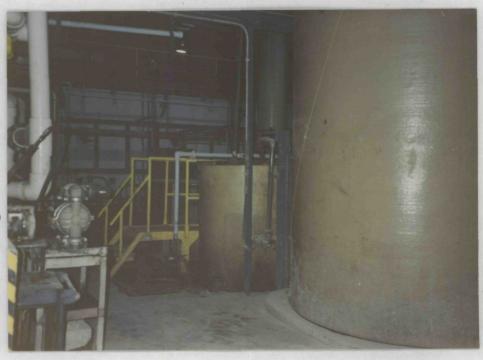
JCD 000608471

COMMENTS: PICTURE TAKEN TOWARD

the worth at the 13,000 gallow
in ground sludge tank (Swmu # 26)

and the special waste storage

The (Swmu #23) on the eight.



ATTACHMENT D

ANALYTICAL DATA FROM BOREHOLES AND MONITOR WELLS

1 W|| P |



August 23, 1990

Mr. Mark Schollenberger
Permit Section
ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
Division of Land Pollution Control
2200 Churchill Road
P.O. Box 19276
Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276

Dear Mr. Schollenberger:

Enclosed are the lab analysis reports for the outside storage area which you requested. Several analyses are not completed but will be faxed to your attention on Friday, August 24, 1990.

Should you have any questions, please feel free contact me at 312/646-6202.

Sincerely,

CLEAN HARBORS OF CHICAGO, INC.

James R. Laubsted General Manager

James R. Jandoted

Enclosure

JRL/mk

RECEIVED

AUG 2 4 1990

IEPA-DLPC



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-01M Sample I.D.: Boring 1 Sample 1 Sample Type: Soil Date Received: 08/09/90

| Parameter | MDL* | Result* | Digestion Date | Analysis Date | Method Number and Reference |
|------------------|--------|---------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| Arsenic - Total | 27 | ND | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Cadmium - Total | 1.99 | ND | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Chromium - Total | 2.66 | 315 | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Lead - Total | 33 | 400 | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Mercury- Total | 0.0654 | 0.0654 | 08/14/90 | 08/15/90 | 7470(c) |
| Selenium - Total | 40 | ND | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Silver- Total | 1.6 | ND | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3005/6010(c) |

Notes: ND - Below minimum detectable level (MDL)

* = mg/kg

Soil/Solid samples based on sample dry weight.

RECEIVED

AUG 2 4 1990

IEPA-DLPC



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago Sample ID: BORING #1, SAMPLE 1

Sample Type: Soil

*1.p1

CRAS Lab #: 90X08069-01N Date Received: 08/09/90 Internal Code: SS90

Semi-Volatile Base/Neutral and Acid Extractable Organic by EPA Method 8270 (ref. c) - System C Extraction Date: 08/10/90 Analysis Date: 08/17/90

| | Base/Neutral Compounds | HDL* | Conc.* | Base/Neutral Compounds | MDL* | Conc.* |
|----------|-----------------------------|------|--------|----------------------------|------|--------|
| | bis(2-Chloroethyl)Ether | 1.7 | ND | Di-n-Butylphthalate | 1.7 | ND |
| | 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | 1.7 | ND | Fluoranthene | | |
| | 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | 1.7 | ND | Pyrene | -1.7 | 2.1 |
| | 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | 1.7 | ND | Butylbenzylphthalate | 1.7 | ND |
| | bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)Ether | 1.7 | ND | 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine | 3.3 | ND |
| | N-Nitroso-Di-n-Propylamine | 1.7 | ND | Benzo(a)Anthracene | 1.7 | ND |
| | Hexachloroethane | 1.7 | ND | bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate | 3.3 | ND |
| | Nitrobenzene | 1.7 | ND | Chrysene | 1.7 | N:D |
| | Isophorone | 1.7 | ND | Di-n-Octylphthalate | 1.7 | ND |
| | bis(2-Chloroethoxy)Methane | 1.7 | ND | Benzo(b)Fluoranthene | -1.7 | TR |
| | 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | 1.7 | ND | Benzo(k)Fluoranthene | 1.7 | ND |
| | Naphthalene | 1.7 | ND | Benzo(a)Pyrene | 1.7 | ND |
| 4 | 4-Chloroaniline | 1.7 | ND | Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene | 1.7 | NID |
| | Hexachlorobutadiene | 1.7 | ND | Dibenz(a,h)Anthracene | 1.7 | ND |
| | 2-Methylnaphthalene | 1.7 | ND | Benzo(g,h,i)Perylene | 1.7 | ND |
| | Hexachlorocyclopentadiene | 1.7 | ND | - · | | |
| | 2-Chloronaphthalene | 1.7 | ND | | | |
| | 2-Nitroaniline | 8.3 | ND | Acid Compounds | MDL* | Conc.* |
| e | Dimethyl Phthalate | 1.7 | ND | - | | |
| | Acenaphthylene | 1.7 | ND | Phenol | 1.7 | ND |
| | 3-Nitroaniline | 8.3 | ND | 2-Chlorophenol | 1.7 | ND |
| | Acenaphthene | 1.7 | ND | 2-Methylphenol | 1.7 | ND |
| | Dibenzofuran | 1.7 | ND | 4-Methylphenol | 1.7 | ND |
| | 2,4-Dinitrotoluene | 1.7 | ND | 2-Nitrophenol | 1.7 | NI) |
| | 2,6-Dinitrotoluene | 1.7 | ND | 2,4-Dimethylphenol | 1.7 | ND |
| | Diethylphthalate | 1.7 | ND | 2,4-Dichlorophenol | 1.7 | NI) |
| | 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether | 1.7 | ND | 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol | 1.7 | ND |
| | Fluorene | 1.7 | ND | 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol | 8.3 | ND |
| Single P | 4-Nitroaniline | 8.3 | ND | 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol | 8.3 | NI) |
| | N-Nitrosodiphenylamine | 1.7 | ND | 2,4-Dinitrophenol | 8.3 | ND |
| | 4-Bromophenyl-phenylether | 1.7 | ND | 4-Nitrophenol | 8.3 | ND |
| | Hexachlorobenzene | 1.7 | ND | 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol | 8.3 | ND) |
| | Phenanthrene | -1.7 | TR | Pentachlorophenol | 8.3 | ND |
| | Anthracene | 1.7 | ND | - | | |
| | | | | | | |

| QA/QC Surrogate | Rec. | Range CLP | | |
|----------------------|------|-----------|--|--|
| 2-Fluorophenol | 82% | 25 - 121% | | |
| Phenol-D5 | 95% | 24 - 113X | | |
| Nitrobenzene-D5 | 84% | 23 - 120% | | |
| 2-Fluorobiphenyl | 96% | 25 - 121% | | |
| 2,4,6-Tribromophenal | 39% | 19 - 122% | | |
| Terphenyl-D14 | 81% | 18 - 137X | | |

Notes: ND = Below minimum detectable level (MDL)

* = mg/kg based on sample weight as received

TR = Trace amount present but below MDL

RECEIVED

AUG 2 4 1990

IEPA-DLPC



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago Sample I.D.: Boring 1 Sample 1

Sample Type: Soil

CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-0 Date Received: 08/09/

Internal Code: VS70

Volatile Organics - System A by EPA Method 8240 (ref. c)

Analysis Date: 08/10/90

| Parameter | MDL* | Conc.* | Parameter | HDL* | Conc . |
|----------------------------|-------|--------|---------------------------|----------|--------|
| Priority Pollutant Compour | ids: | | 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | 0.005 | ND |
| Chloromethane | 0.010 | ND | Tetrachloroethene | 0.005 | ND |
| Bromomethane | 0.010 | ND | Toluene | 0.005 | ND |
| Vinyl Chloride | 0.010 | ND | Chlorobenzene | 0.005 | ИD |
| Chloroethane | 0.010 | ND | Ethylhenzene | 0.005 | NĎ |
| Methylene Chloride | 0.005 | ND | • | | |
| Trichlorofluoromethane | 0.005 | ND | Hazardous Substance List | Compound | ls: |
| 1,1-Dichloroethene | 0.005 | ND | Acetone | 0.020 | 0.022 |
| 1,1-Dichloroethane | 0.005 | ND | Carbon Disulfide | 0.010 | ND |
| trans-1,2-Dichloroethene | 0.005 | ND | 2-Butanone | 0.020 | ND |
| Chloroform | 0.005 | ND | Vinyl Acetate | 0.005 | NT |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | 0.005 | ND | 4-Methyl-2-Pentanone | 0.005 | NL |
| 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | 0.005 | ND | 2-Hexanone | 0.005 | ND |
| Carbon Tetrachloride | 0.005 | ND | Styrene | 0.005 | ND |
| Bromodichloromethane | 0.005 | ND | Total Xylenes | 0.005 | ND |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane | 0.005 | ND | • | | |
| cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | 0.005 | ND | Additional Compounds: | | |
| Trichloroethene | 0.005 | ND | Dibromoethane (EDB) | 0.005 | Nr |
| Benzene | 0.005 | ND | Methyl-t-Butylether | 0.010 | ND- · |
| Dibromochloromethane | 0.005 | ND | 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | 0.005 | ND |
| 1,1,2-Trichlorosthane | 0.005 | ND | 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | 0.005 | ND |
| trans-1,3-Dichloropropene | 0.005 | ND | 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | 0.005 | ND |
| 2-Chlorosthylvinylether | 0.010 | ND | Acrolein | 0.010 | ND |
| Bromoform | 0.005 | ND | Acrylonitrile | 0.010 | מא |

Notes ND - Below minimum detectable level (MDL)

TR - Trace amount present but below MDL

* - mg/kg

Based on sample weight as received. No additional peaks observed in sample

| QA/QC | Surrogate | Recoveries: | Surrogate | Acceptance | Criteria: |
|-------|-----------|-------------|-----------|------------|-----------|
| | | | Wa to | · | 41 |

d4-1,2-Dichloroethano: 92 \$ 76-114\$ 70-121\$ d8-Toluene: 100 \$ 88-110\$ 84-138\$ p-BFB: 100 \$ 86-115\$ 59-113\$



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago Sample ID: BORING #1 8/7 SAMPLE #2

CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-02AB
Date Received: 08/09/90

TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

| CAS Number | Compound | Fraction | Estimated Concentration* |
|--------------------|------------------------|----------|-----------------------------|
| 121-44-8 | N,N-Diethyl-Ethanamine | NOA | 0.027 |
| 54 41-5 1-0 | 4-ethyl-Cyclohexanone | VOA | 0.009 |

Notes:

₩in #

411

F *

* = mg/kg



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago

Sample I.D.: Boring 1 Sample 3

CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-03M

Date Received: 08/09/90

Sample Type: Soil

| Parameter | MDL* | Result* | Digestion Date | Analysis Date | Method Number and Reference |
|------------------|--------|---------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| Arsenic - Total | 36 | ND | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Cadmium - Total | 2.67 | ND | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Chromium - Total | 3.55 | 323 | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Lead - Total | 44 | 160 | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Mercury- Total | 0.0812 | ND | 08/14/90 | 08/15/90 | 7470(c) |
| Selenium - Total | 53 | ND | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Silver- Total | 2.0 | ND | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3005/6010 (c [°] |

Notes: ND - Below minimum detyectable level (MDL)

* = mg/kg



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago Sample I.D.: Boring 1 Sample 3

Sample Type: Soil

Manne "

11 15

CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-03AB

Date Received: 08/09/90

Internal Code: VS70

Volatile Organics - System A by EPA Method 8240 (ref. c)

Analysis Date: 08/13/90

| Parameter | HDL* | Conc.* | Parameter | MDL* | Conc.* |
|----------------------------|-------|--------|---------------------------|----------|--------|
| Priority Pollutant Compoun | nds: | | 1,1,2,2-Tetrachluroethane | 0.025 | ND |
| Chloromethane | 0.050 | ND | Tetrachloroethene | 0.025 | ND |
| Bromomethane | 0.050 | ND | Toluene | 0.025 | 3.5 |
| Vinyl Chloride | 0.050 | ND | Chlorobenzene | 0.025 | ND |
| Chloroethane | 0.050 | ND | Ethylbenzene | 0.025 | TR |
| Methylene Chloride | 0.025 | TR | • | | |
| Trichlorofluoromethane | 0.025 | ND | Hazardous Substance List | Compound | ls: |
| 1,1-Dichloroethene | 0.025 | ND | Acetone | 0.100 | 0.96 |
| 1,1-Dichloroethane | 0.025 | ND | Carbon Disulfide | 0.050 | ND |
| trans-1,2-Dichloroethene | 0.025 | ND | 2-Butanone | 0.100 | ND |
| Chloroform | 0.025 | מא | Vinyl Acetate | 0.025 | ND |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | 0.025 | ND | 4-Methyl-2-Pentanone | 0.025 | 0.13 |
| 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | 0.025 | ND | 2-Hexanone | 0.025 | ND |
| Carbon Tetmachloride | 0.025 | ND | Styrene | 0.025 | ND |
| Bromodichloromethane | 0.025 | ND | Total Xylones | 0.025 | ND |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane | 0.025 | ИD | • | | |
| cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | 0.025 | ND | Additional Compounds: | | |
| Trichloroethene | 0.025 | ND | Dibromoethane (EDB) | 0.025 | ND |
| Benzene | 0.025 | 0.45 | Methyl-t-Butylether | 0.050 | ND |
| Dibromochloromethane | 0.025 | ND | 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | 0.025 | ND |
| 1,1,2-Trichlorosthane | 0.025 | ND | 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | 0.025 | ND |
| trans-1,3-Dichloropropene | 0.025 | ND | 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | 0.025 | ND |
| 2-Chloroethylvinylether | 0.050 | ND | Acrolein | 0.050 | ND |
| Bromoform | 0.025 | ND | Acrylonitrile | 0.050 | ND |

Notes ND - Below minimum detectable level (MDL)

TR - Trace amount present but below MDL

 $\star - mg/kg$

p-BFB; 92 *

Based on sample weight as received.
Additional compounds observed in sample

QA/QC Surrogate Recoveries:

Surrogate Acceptance Criteria:

Water Soil

d4-1,2-Dichloroethane: 91 % 76-114% 70-121%
d8-Toluene: 94 % 88-110% 84-138%

86-115%

59-113%



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago Sample ID: BORING #1 8/7 SAMPLE #3

CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-03AB Date Received: 08/09/90

TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

| CAS Number | Compound | Fraction | Estimated Concentration* |
|------------|-----------------------|----------|--------------------------|
| 121-44-8 | N,N-Diethyl-Ethanamin | e VOA | 0.040 |

Notes:

* = mg/kg



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-04M Sample I.D.: Boring 1 Sample 4 Sample Type: Soil Date Received: 08/09/90

| Parameter | MDL* | Result* | Digestion Date | Analysis Date | Method Number and Reference |
|------------------|--------|---------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| Arsenic - Total | 34 | ND | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Cadmium - Total | 2.52 | ND | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Chromium - Total | 3.36 | 152 | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Lead - Total | 42 | 150 | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Mercury- Total | 0.0611 | 0.0611 | 08/14/90 | 08/15/90 | 7470(c) |
| Selenium - Total | 50 | ND | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Silver- Total | 1.8 | ND | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3005/6010(c) |

Notes: ND - Below minimum detyectable level (MDL)

 $\star = mg/kg$

46.11



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago Sample I.D.: Boring 1 Sample 4

Sample Type: Soil

CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-04 Date Received: 08/09/9

Internal Code: VS70

Volatile Organics - System A by EPA Method 8240 (ref. c)

Analysis Date: 08/13/90

| Parameter | HDL* | Conc.* | Parameter | MDL* | Conc. |
|----------------------------|-------|--------|---------------------------|----------|------------|
| Priority Pollutant Compoun | ıds: | | 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | 0.025 | ND |
| Chloromethane | 0.050 | ND | Tetrachloroothene | 0.025 | ДИ |
| Bromomethane | 0.050 | ND | Toluene | 0.025 | 2.5 |
| Vinyl Chloride | 0.050 | ND | Chlorobenzene | 0.025 | ND |
| Chlorosthane | 0.050 | ND | Ethylbonzene | 0.025 | 0.034 |
| Methylene Chloride | 0.025 | TR | - | | |
| Trichlorofluoromethane | 0.025 | ND | Hazardous Substance List | Compound | s : |
| 1.1-Dichloroethene | 0.025 | ND | Acetone | 0.100 | 1.0 |
| 1.1-Dichlorosthane | 0.025 | ND | Carbon Disulfide | 0.050 | ND |
| trans-1,2-Dichlorosthene | 0.025 | ND | 2-Butanone | 0.100 | ND |
| Chloroform | 0.025 | ND | Vinyl Acetate | 0.025 | ND |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | 0.025 | ND | 4-Methy1-2-Pentanone | 0.025 | 0.30 |
| 1.1.1-Trichloroethane | 0.025 | ND | 2-Hexanone | 0.025 | ИD |
| Carbon Tetrachloride | 0.025 | ИD | Styrene | 0.025 | ND |
| Bromodichloromethane | 0.025 | ND | Total Xylenes | 0.025 | 0.13 |
| 1.2-Dichloropropane | 0.025 | ND | • | | |
| cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | 0.025 | ND | Additional Compounds: | | |
| Trichloroethene | 0.025 | ND | Dibromoethane (EDB) | 0.025 | ni |
| Benzene | 0.025 | 0.96 | Methyl-t-Butylether | 0.050 | ND, |
| Dibromochloromethane | 0.025 | ND | 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | 0.025 | ND |
| 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | 0.025 | ND | 1,3-Dichlorobenzone | 0.025 | ND |
| trans-1,3-Dichloropropene | 0.025 | ND | 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | 0.025 | ND |
| 2-Chloroethylvinylether | 0.050 | ND | Acrolein | 0.050 | ND |
| Bromoform | 0.025 | ND | Acrylonitrile | 0.050 | ND |

Notes

ND - Below minimum detectable level (MDL)

TR - Trace amount present but below MDL

* - mg/kg

Based on sample weight as received. Additional compounds observed in sample

| OA /OC | Surrogate | Recoveries: | Surrogate | Acceptance | Critoria: |
|--------|-----------|-------------|-----------|------------|-----------|
| UE/UU | JULIUKALB | VECOACTIES. | Duriorace | VCCGDCGNCA | OTTOBRIES |

Water Soil d4-1,2-Dichloroethane: 88 \$ 76-1144 70-1218 d8-Toluene: 95 t 88-1104 84-138% 86-1154 p-BFB: 103 % 59-1131



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago Sample ID: BORING #1 8/7 SAMPLE #4

CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-04AB Date Received: 08/09/90

TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

| CAS Number | Compound | <u>Praction</u> | Estimated Concentration* |
|------------|------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|
| | unknown compound | VOA | 0.110 |
| 60-29-7 | Ethyl ether | VOA | 0.060 |
| 121-44-8 | N,N-diethyl-Ethanamine | 2 VOA | 0.260 |
| 626-93-7 | 2-Hexanol | VOA | 0.065 |

Notes:

* = mg/kg



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago
Sample I.D.: Boring 2 Sample 1

Sample Type: Soil

CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-05M
Date Received: 08/09/90

| Parameter | MDL* | Result* | Digestion Date | Analysis Date | Method Number and Reference |
|------------------|--------|---------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| Arsenic - Total | 30 | ND | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Cadmium - Total | 2.22 | ND | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Chromium - Total | 2.96 | 152 | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Lead - Total | 37 | 260 | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Mercury- Total | 0.0765 | ND | 08/14/90 | 08/15/90 | 7470(c) |
| Selenium - Total | 44 | ND | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Silver- Total | 1.9 | ND | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3005/6010(c) |

Notes: ND - Below minimum detyectable level (MDL)

* = mg/kg



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago Sample ID: BORING #2, SAMPLE #1

Sample Type: Soil

4411

CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-05M Date Received: 08/09/90 Internal Code: SS90

Semi-Volatile Base/Neutral and Acid Extractable Organic by EPA Method 8270 (ref. c) - System C

Extraction Date: 08/15/90 Analysis Date: 08/17/90

| | Base/Neutral Compounds | MDL* | Conc.* | Base/Neutral Compounds | MDL* | Conc.* |
|---|---|---|--|--|---|--|
| | bis(2-Chloroethyl)Bther | 1.7 | ND | Di-n-Butylphthalate | 1.7 | ND |
| | 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | 1.7 | ND | Pluoranthene | 1.7 | ND |
| | 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | 1.7 | ND | Pyrene | 1.7 | ND |
| | 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | 1.7 | ND | Butylbenzylphthalate | 1.7 | ND |
| | bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)Ether | 1.7 | ND | 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine | 3.3 | ND |
| | N-Nitroso-Di-n-Propylamine | 1.7 | ND | Benzo(a)Anthracene | 1.7 | ND |
| | Hexachloroethane | 1.7 | ND | bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate | 3.3 | ND |
| | Nitrobenzene | 1.7 | ND | Chrysene | 1.7 | ND |
| | Isophorone | 1.7 | ND | Di-n-Octylphthalate | 1.7 | ND |
| | bis(2-Chloroethoxy)Methane | 1.7 | ND | Benzo(b)Fluoranthene | 1.7 | ND |
| | 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | 1.7 | ND | Benzo(k)Pluoranthene | 1.7 | ND |
| | Naphthalene | -1.7 | TR | Benzo(a)Pyrene | 1.7 | ND |
| | 4-Chloroaniline | 1.7 | ND | Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene | 1.7 | ND |
| | Hexachlorobutadiene | 1.7 | ND | Dibenz(a,h)Anthracene | 1.7 | ND |
| | 2-Methylnaphthalene | 1.7 | ND | Benzo(g,h,i)Perylene | 1.7 | ND |
| | Hexachlorocyclopentadiene | 1.7 | ND | | | |
| | 2-Chloronaphthalene | 1.7 | ND | | | |
| | 2-Nitroaniline | 8.3 | ND | Acid Compounds | MDL* | Conc.* |
| , | Dimethyl Phthalate | 1.7 | ND | • | | |
| | Acenaphthylene | 1.7 | ND | Phenol | 1.7 | ND |
| | 3-Nitroaniline | 8.3 | ND | 2-Chlorophenol | 1.7 | ND |
| | Acenaphthene | 1.7 | ND | 2-Methylphenol | 1.7 | ND |
| | Dibenzofuran | 1.7 | ND | 4-Methylphenol | 1.7 | ND |
| | | | | | | |
| | 2,4-Dinitrotoluene | 1.7 | ND | 2-Nitrophenol | 1.7 | ND |
| | 2,4-Dinitrotoluene 2,6-Dinitrotoluene | 1.7 1.7 | ND ND | 2-Nitrophenol 2,4-Dimethylphenol | 1.7 1.7 | ND ND |
| | - · | 1.7 1.7 | | • | 1.7 | _ |
| | 2,6-Dinitrotoluene | 1.7 1.7 1.7 | ND ND ND | 2,4-Dimethylphenol | 1.7 | ND |
| | 2,6-Dinitrotoluene Diethylphthmlate 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether Fluorene | 1.7 1.7 1.7 | ND ND | 2,4-Dimethylphenol 2,4-Dichlorophenol | 1.7 1.7 1.7 8.3 | ND ND |
| | 2,6-Dinitrotoluene Diethylphthalate 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether | 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 8.3 | ND ND ND | 2,4-Dimethylphenol 2,4-Dichlorophenol 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol | 1.7 1.7 1.7 8.3 8.3 | ND ND ND |
| | 2,6-Dinitrotoluene Diethylphthmlate 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether Fluorene | 1.7 1.7 1.7 | ND ND ND ND | 2,4-Dimethylphenol 2,4-Dichlorophenol 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol | 1.7 1.7 1.7 8.3 8.3 | ND ND ND ND |
| | 2,6-Dinitrotoluene Diethylphthalate 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether Fluorene 4-Nitroaniline N-Nitrosodiphenylamine 4-Bromophenyl-phenylether | 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 8.3 | ND ND ND ND ND ND | 2,4-Dimethylphenol 2,4-Dichlorophenol 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol | 1.7 1.7 1.7 8.3 8.3 | ND ND ND ND ND |
| | 2,6-Dinitrotoluene Diethylphthmlate 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether Fluorene 4-Nitroaniline N-Nitrosodiphenylamine | 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 8.3 1.7 1.7 | ND ND ND ND ND | 2,4-Dimethylphenol 2,4-Dichlorophenol 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol 2,4-Dinitrophenol | 1.7 1.7 1.7 8.3 8.3 8.3 | ND ND ND ND ND ND |
| | 2,6-Dinitrotoluene Diethylphthalate 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether Fluorene 4-Nitroaniline N-Nitrosodiphenylamine 4-Bromophenyl-phenylether | 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 8.3 1.7 1.7 | ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND | 2,4-Dimethylphenol 2,4-Dichlorophenol 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol 2,4-Dinitrophenol 4-Nitrophenol | 1.7 1.7 1.7 8.3 8.3 8.3 | ND ND ND ND ND ND ND |
| | 2,6-Dinitrotoluene Diethylphthmlate 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether Fluorene 4-Nitroaniline N-Nitrosodiphenylamine 4-Bromophenyl-phenylether Hexachlorobenzene | 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 8.3 1.7 1.7 | ND ND ND ND ND ND ND | 2,4-Dimethylphenol 2,4-Dichlorophenol 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol 2,4-Dinitrophenol 4-Nitrophenol 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol | 1.7 1.7 1.7 8.3 8.3 8.3 8.3 | ND ND ND ND ND ND ND |

| QA/QC Surrogate | Rec. | Range CLP |
|----------------------|-------------|-----------|
| 2-Fluorophenol | 93% | 25 - 121% |
| Phenol-D5 | 119% | 24 - 113% |
| Nitrobenzene-D5 | 110% | 23 - 120% |
| 2-Fluorobiphenyl | 122% | 25 - 121% |
| 2,4,6-Tribromophenol | 25 % | 19 - 122% |
| Terphenyl-D14 | 98% | 18 - 137% |

Notes: ND " Below minimum detectable level (MDL)

^{* -} mg/kg based on sample weight as received

TR . Trace amount present but below MDL



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago Sample I.D.: Boring 2 Sample 1

Sample Type: Soil

CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-09
Data Received: 08/09/9

Internal Code: VS70

Volatile Organics - System A by EPA Method 8240 (ref. c)

Analysis Date: 08/10/90

| Parameter | MDL* | Conc.* | Parameter | HDL* | Conc . |
|----------------------------|-------|--------|---------------------------|----------|------------|
| Priority Pollutant Compour | nds: | | 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | 0.005 | ND |
| Chloromethans | 0.010 | ND | Tetrachloroethene | 0.005 | ND |
| Bromomethane | 0.010 | ND | Toluene | 0.005 | 0.007 |
| Vinyl Chloride | 0.010 | ND | Chlorobonzene | 0.005 | ND |
| Chloroethane | 0.010 | ND | Ethylbenzene | 0.005 | ND |
| Methylene Chloride | 0.005 | ND | • | | |
| Trichlorofluoromethane | 0.005 | ND | Hazardous Substance List | Compound | s : |
| 1,1-Dichloroethene | 0.005 | ND | Acetone | 0.020 | 0.21 |
| 1,1-Dichlorosthane | 0.005 | ND | Carbon Disulfide | 0,010 | ND |
| trans-1,2-Dichloroethene | 0.005 | ND | 2-Butanone | 0.020 | ND |
| Chloroform | 0.005 | ND | Vinyl Acetate | 0.005 | N |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | 0.005 | ND | 4-Methyl-2-Pentanone | 0.005 | NJ: |
| 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | 0.005 | ND | 2-Hexanone | 0.005 | ND |
| Carbon Tetrachloride | 0.005 | ND | Styrene | 0.005 | ND |
| Bromodichloromethane | 0.005 | ND | Total Xylenes | 0.005 | 0.011 |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane | 0.005 | ND | • | | |
| cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | 0.005 | ND | Additional Compounds: | | |
| Trichloroethene | 0.005 | ND | Dibromoethane (EDB) | 0.005 | N |
| Benzene | 0.005 | 0.006 | Methyl-t-Butylether | 0.010 | ND., |
| Dibromochloroumthane | 0.005 | ND | 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | 0.005 | ND |
| 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | 0.005 | ND | 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | 0.005 | ND |
| trans-1,3-Dichloropropene | 0.005 | ND | 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | 0.005 | ND |
| 2-Chloroethylvinylether | 0.010 | ND | Acrolein | 0.010 | ND |
| Bromoform | 0.005 | ND | Acrylonitrile | 0.010 | ND |

Notes ND - Below minimum detectable level (MDL)

TR - Trace amount present but below MDL

* - mg/kg

Based on sample weight as received.

Additional peaks observed in sample analysis.

Additional compounds observed in sample

| QA/QC | Surrogate Recoveries: | | | Surrogate Acceptance Criteria: | | |
|-------|--------------------------|---|---|--------------------------------|---------|--|
| | _ | | | Water | Soil | |
| | d4-1,2-Dichloroethane: 8 | 2 | • | 76-114% | 70-1218 | |
| | d8-Toluene: 99 % | | | 88-1104 | 84-138 | |
| | p-BFB: 97 % | | | 86-115% | 59-113% | |



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago Sample ID: BORING #1 8/7 SAMPLE #1

CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-01AB Date Received: 08/09/90

TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

CAS Number Compound Praction Estimated Concentration*

None Pound VOA

Notesi

●;₽

Mig. c'

* = mg/kg



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-02M Sample I.D.: Boring 1 Sample 2 Date Received: 08/09/90

Sample Type: Soil

| Parameter | MDL* | Result* | Digestion Date | Analysis Date | Method Number and Reference |
|------------------|------------|---------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| Arsenic - Total | 37 | ND | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Cadmium - Total | 2.75 | ND | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Chromium - Total | 3.66 | 156 | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Lead - Total | 46 | 330 | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Mercury- Total | 0.0835 | ND | 08/14/90 | 08/15/90 | 7470(c) |
| Selenium - Total | 5 5 | ND | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(a) |
| Silver- Total | 1.9 | ND | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3005/6010 |

Notes: ND - Below minimum detyectable level (MDL)

* = mg/kg



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago Sample ID: EORING #1, SAMPLE #2

Sample Type: Soil

180-1

4.91

CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-02H Date Received: 08/09/90 Internal Code: \$590

Semi-Volatile Base/Neutral and Acid Extractable Organic by EPA Method 8270 (ref. c) - System C Extraction Date: 08/10/90 Analysis Date: 08/18/90

| | Base/Neutral Compounds | MDL* | Conc.* | Base/Neutral Compounds | HDL* | Conc.* |
|---|-----------------------------|------|--------|----------------------------|-----------|----------------|
| | bis(2-Chloroethyl)Ether | 3.3 | ND | Di-n-Butylphthalate | 3.3 | ND |
| | 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | 3.3 | ND | Fluoranthene | 3.3 | ND |
| | 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | 3.3 | ND | Pyrene | 3.3 | ND |
| | 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | 3.3 | ИD | Butylbenzylphthalate | 3.3 | ND |
| | bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)Ether | 3.3 | ND | 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine | 6.7 | ND |
| | N-Nitroso-Di-n-Propylamine | 3.3 | ND | Benzo(a)Anthracene | 3.3 | ND |
| | Hexachloroethane | 3.3 | ND | bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate | 6.7 | ND |
| | Nitrobenzene | 3.3 | ND | Chrysene | 3.3 | ND |
| | Isophorone | 3.3 | ND | Di-n-Octylphthalate | 3.3 | ND |
| | bis(2-Chloroethoxy)Methane | 3.3 | ND | Benzo(b)Fluoranthene | 3.3 | ND |
| | 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | 3.3 | ND | Benzo(k)Fluoranthene | 3.3 | ND |
| , | Naphthalene | 3.3 | ND | Benzo(a)Pyrene | 3.3 | ND |
| | 4-Chloroaniline | 3.3 | ND | Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene | 3.3 | ND |
| | Hexachlorobutadiene | 3.3 | ND | Dibenz(a,h)Anthracene | 3.3 | ND |
| | 2-Methylnaphthalene | 3.3 | ND | Benzo(g,h,i)Perylene | 3.3 | ND |
| | Hexachlorocyclopentadiene | 3.3 | ND | | | |
| | 2-Chloronaphthalene | 3.3 | ND | | | |
| | 2-Nitroaniline | 17 | ND | Acid Compounds | MDL* | Conc.* |
| , | Dimethyl Phthalate | 3.3 | ND | | | |
| | Acenaphthylene | 3.3 | ND | Phenol | 3.3 | ND |
| | 3-Nitroaniline | 17 | ND | 2-Chlorophenol | 3.3 | ND |
| | Acenaphthene | 3.3 | ND | 2-Methy]phenol | 3.3 | ND |
| | Dibenzofuran | 3.3 | ND | 4-Methylphenol | 3.3 | ND |
| | 2,4-Dinitrotoluene | 3.3 | ND | 2-Nitrophenol | 3.3 | ND |
| | 2.6-Dinitrotoluene | 3.3 | ND | 2,4-Dimethylphenol | 3.3 | ND |
| | Diethylphthalate | 3.3 | ND | 2,4-Dichlorophenol | 3.3 | ND |
| | 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether | 3.3 | ND | 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol | 3.3 | ND |
| | Fluorene | 3.3 | ND | 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol | 17 | ND |
| | 4-Nitroaniline | 17 | ND | 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol | 17 | ND |
| | N-Nitrosodiphenylamine | 3.3 | ND | 2,4-Dinitrophenol | 17 | ND |
| | 4-Bromophenyl-phenylether | 3.3 | ND | 4-Nitrophenol | 17 | ND |
| | Hexachlorobenzene | 3.3 | ND | 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol | 17 | ND |
| | Phenanthrene | -3.3 | TR | Pentachlorophenol | 17 | ND |
| | Anthracene | 3.3 | ND | • | | |
| | | | | QA/QC Surrogate Rec. | , Rat | nge CLP |
| | | | | 2-Fluorophenol NAX | 25 | - 121 X |
| | | | | Phenol-D5 NAX | 24 | - 113% |
| | | | | Ni trobenzene-D5 NAX | 23 | - 120% |
| | | | | 2-Fluorobipheny) NAX | 25 | - 121% |
| | | | | 0 / / m /h | | 4000 |

2,4,6-Tribromophenol

Terphonyl-D14

NAX 19 - 122X

NAX

18 - 137%

Notes: ND = Below minimum detectable level (MDL)

* = mg/kg based on sample weight as received

TR - Trace amount present but below MDL

NA - Not applicable



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago Sample I.D.: Boring 1 Sample 2

Sample Type: Soil

CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-02A

Date Received: 08/09/90 Internal Code: VS70

Volatile Organics - System A by EPA Method 8240 (ref. c)

Analysis Date: 08/10/90

| Parameter | MDL* | Conc.* | Parameter | MDL* | Conc.* |
|----------------------------|-------|--------|---------------------------|-----------|--------|
| Priority Pollutant Compour | ıda: | | 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | 0.005 | ND |
| Chloromethane | 0.010 | ND | Tetrachloroethene | 0.005 | ND |
| Bromomethane | 0.010 | ND | Toluene | 0.005 | 0.064 |
| Vinyl Chloride | 0.010 | ND | Chlorobenzene | 0.005 | ND |
| Chloroethane | 0.010 | ND | Ethylbenzene | 0.005 | ND |
| Methylene Chloride | 0.005 | ND | • | | |
| Trichlorofluoromethana | 0.005 | ND | Hazardous Substance List | Compounds | ·: |
| 1,1-Dichloroethene | 0.005 | ND | Acetone | 0.020 | 0.16 |
| 1.1-Dichloroethane | 0.005 | ממ | Carbon Disulfide | 0.010 | ND |
| trans-1,2-Dichloroethene | 0.005 | ND | 2-Butanone | 0.020 | מא |
| Chloroform | 0.005 | ND | Vinyl Acetate | 0.005 | ND |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | 0.005 | ND | 4-Methyl-2-Pentanone | 0.005 | ND 🐃 |
| 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | 0.005 | ND | 2-Hexanone | 0.005 | ND |
| Carbon Tetrachloride | 0.005 | ND | Styrene | 0.005 | ND |
| Bromodichloromethane | 0.005 | ND | Total Xylenes | 0.005 | ND |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane | 0.005 | ND | • | | |
| cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | 0.005 | ND | Additional Compounds: | | |
| Trichloroethene | 0,005 | ND | Dibromoethane (EDB) | 0.005 | ND |
| Benzene | 0.005 | 8 | Methyl-t-Butylether | 0.010 | מא 🐃 |
| Dibromochloromethane | 0.005 | ND | 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | 0.005 | ND |
| 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | 0.005 | ND | 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | 0.005 | D |
| trans-1,3-Dichloropropene | 0.005 | ND | 1.4-Dichlorobenzene | 0.005 | ND |
| 2-Chloroethylvinylether | 0.010 | ND | Acrolein | 0.010 | מא |
| Bromoform | 0.005 | ND | Acrylonitrile | 0.010 | ND |

Notes ND - Below minimum detectable level (MDL)

TR - Trace amount present but below MDL

* - mg/kg

Based on sample weight as received.
Additional compounds observed in sample

QA/QC Surrogate Recoveries: Surrogate Acceptance Criteria: Water Soil

 d4-1,2-Dichloroethane:
 91 %
 76-114%
 70-121%

 d8-Toluene:
 95 %
 88-110%
 84-138%

 p-BFB:
 95 %
 86-115%
 59-113%



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago Sample ID: BORING #2 SAMPLE #1 CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-05A

Date Received: 08/09/90

TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

CAS Number Compound Fraction Estimated Concentration*

1.21-44-8 N,N-diethyl-Ethanamine VOA 0.029

Notes:

100

None /

 $\star = mg/kg$



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-06M Sample I.D.: Boring 2 Sample 2
Sample Type: Soil Date Received: 08/09/90

| Parameter | MDL* | Result* | Digestion Date | Analysis Date | Method Number and Reference |
|------------------|--------|---------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| Arsenic - Total | 32 | ND | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Cadmium - Total | 2.40 | ND | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Chromium - Total | 3.21 | 373 | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Lead - Total | 40 | ND | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Mercury- Total | 0.0649 | 0.1298 | 08/14/90 | 08/15/90 | 7470(c) |
| Selenium - Total | 48 | ND | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Silver- Total | 1.4 | ND | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3005/6010(c) |

Notes: ND - Below minimum detyectable level (MDL)

* = mg/kg



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago Sample ID: BORING #2, SAMPLE #2

Sample Type: Soil

CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-06M Date Received: 08/09/90 Internal Code: SS90

NAZ

NAX

2,4,6-Tribromophenol

Terphenyl-D14

19 - 122X

18 - 1372

Semi-Volatile Base/Neutral and Acid Extractable Organic by EPA Method 8270 (ref. c) - System C Extraction Date: 08/15/90 Analysis Date: 08/18/90

| | Base/Neutral Compounds | HDI.* | Conc.* | Base/Neutral Compounds | MDL* | Conc.* |
|--------------|-----------------------------|-------|--------|---|--------|----------------|
| | bis(2-Chloroethyl)Ether | 3.3 | ND | Di-n-Butylphthalate | 3.3 | ND |
| | 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | 3.3 | ND | Fluoranthene | 3.3 | ND |
| | 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | 3.3 | ND | Pyrene | 3.3 | ND |
| | 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | 3.3 | ND | Butylbenzylphthalate | 3.3 | ND |
| | bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)Ether | 3.3 | ND | 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine | 6.7 | ND |
| | N-Nitroso-Di-n-Propylamine | 3.3 | ND | Benzo(a)Anthracene | 3.3 | ND |
| | Hexachloroethane | 3.3 | ND | bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalat | e 6.7 | ND |
| | Nitrobenzene | 3.3 | ND | Chrysene | 3.3 | ND |
| | Isophorone | 3.3 | ND | Di-n-Octylphthalate | 3.3 | ND |
| | bis(2-Chloroethoxy)Methane | 3.3 | ND | Benzo(b)Fluoranthene | 3.3 | ND |
| | 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | 3.3 | ND | Benzo(k)Fluoranthene | 3.3 | ND |
| 4 *** | Naphthalene | 3.3 | ND | Benzo(a)Pyrene | 3.3 | ND |
| | 4-Chloroaniline | 3.3 | ND | Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene | 3.3 | ND |
| | Hexachlorobutadiene | 3.3 | ND | Dibenz(a,h)Anthracene | 3.3 | ND |
| | 2-Methylnaphthalene | 3.3 | ND | Benzo(g,h,i)Perylene | 3.3 | ND |
| | Hexachlorocyclopentadiene | 3.3 | ND | - | | |
| | 2-Chloronaphthalene | 3.3 | ND | | | |
| | 2-Nitroaniline | 8.3 | ND | Acid Compounds | MDL* | Conc. * |
| W 1' | Dimethyl Phthalate | 3.3 | ND | • | | |
| | Acenaphthyleme | 3.3 | ND | Phenol | 3.3 | ND |
| | 3-Nitroanilime | 8.3 | ND | 2-Chlorophenol | 3.3 | ND |
| | Acenaphthene | 3.3 | מא | 2-Methylphenol | 3.3 | שא |
| | Dibenzofuran | 3.3 | ND | 4-Methylphenol | 3.3 | ND |
| | 2.4-Dinitrotoluene | 3.3 | ND | 2-Nitrophenol | 3.3 | ND |
| | 2,6-Dinitrotoluene | 3.3 | ND | 2,4-Dimethylphenol | 3.3 | ND |
| | Diethylphthalate | 3.3 | ND | 2,4-Dichlorophenol | 3.3 | ND |
| | 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether | 3.3 | ND | 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol | 3.3 | ND |
| 44 | Fluorene | 3.3 | ND | 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol | 8.3 | ND |
| 777 | 4-Nitroaniline | 8.3 | ND | 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol | 8.3 | ND |
| | N-Nitrosodiphenylamine | 3.3 | ND | 2,4-Dinitrophenol | 8.3 | ND |
| | 4-Bromophenyl-phenylether | 3.3 | ND | 4-Nitrophenol | 8.3 | ND |
| | Hexachlorobenzene | 3.3 | ND | 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylpheno | 18.3 | ND |
| | Phenanthrene | 3.3 | ND | Pentachlorophenol | 8.3 | ND |
| | Anthracene | 3.3 | ND | | _ | |
| | | | | QA/QC Surrogate Re | c. Ras | nge CLP |
| | | | | | - | - 121 % |
| | | | | | | - 113% |
| | | | | • | | - 120% |
| | | | | | - | - 121% |
| | | | | 0 4 6 multi | | 1994 |

Notes: ND = Below minimum detectable level (MDL)

NA - Not applicable

^{* =} mg/kg based on sample weight as received



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago Sample I.D.: Boring 2 Sample 2

Sample Type: Soil

CHAS Lab #: 90X0806 9 Date Received: 08/--/

Internal Code: VS70

Volatile Organics - System A by EPA Mothod 8240 (ref. c)

Analysis Date: 08/10/90

| Parameter | HDL* | Conc.* | Parameter | MDL* | Conc |
|----------------------------|-------|--------|---------------------------|----------|------------|
| Priority Pollutant Compour | nds: | | 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | 0.005 | ND |
| Chloromethane | 0.010 | ND | Tetrachloroethene | 0.005 | ND |
| Bromomethane | 0.010 | ND | Toluene | 0.005 | 0.038 |
| Vinyl Chloride | 0.010 | ND | Chlorobenzene | 0.005 | ND |
| Chloroethane | 0.010 | ND | Ethylbenzene | 0.005 | 0.010 |
| Methylene Chloride | 0.005 | ND | • | | |
| Trichlorofluoromethane | 0.005 | ND | Hazardous Substance List | Compound | z : |
| 1,1-Dichloroethene | 0.005 | ND | Acetone | 0.020 | 0 27 |
| 1,1-Dichloroethane | 0.005 | ND | Carbon Disulfide | 0.010 | N |
| trans-1,2-Dichloroethene | 0.005 | ND | 2-Butanone | 0.020 | TR |
| Chloroform | 0.005 | ИD | Vinyl Acetate | 0,005 | ND |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | 0.005 | ND | 4-Methy1-2-Pentanone | 0.005 | ND |
| 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | 0.005 | ND | 2-Hexanone | 0.005 | ND |
| Carbon Tetrachloride | 0.005 | ND | Styrene | 0.005 | ND |
| Bromodichloromethane | 0.005 | ND | Total Xylenes | 0.005 | ND |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane | 0.005 | ND | - | | |
| cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | 0.005 | ND | Additional Compounds: | | |
| Trichloroethene | 0.005 | ND | Dibromoethane (EDB) | 0.005 | ND |
| Benzene | 0.005 | 0.037 | Methyl-t-Butylether | 0.010 | ND |
| Dibromochloromethane | 0.005 | ND | 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | 0.005 | ND |
| 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | 0.005 | ND | 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | 0.005 | ND |
| trans-1,3-Dichloropropene | 0.005 | ND | 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | 0.005 | ND |
| 2-Chloroethylvinylether | 0.010 | ND | Acrolein | 0.010 | ND |
| Bromoform | 0.005 | ND | Acrylonitrile | 0.010 | ND |

Notes ND - Below minimum detectable level (MDL)

TR - Trace amount present but below MDL

 \star - mg/kg

Based on sample weight as received.

Additional compounds observed in sample

| QA/QC | Surrogate Recoveries: | | | Surrogate Acceptance Criteria: | | |
|-------|------------------------|----|---|--------------------------------|---------|--|
| | • | | | Water | Soil | |
| | d4-1,2-Dichlorosthams; | 81 | 4 | 76-1144 | 70-1214 | |
| | d8-Toluene: 93 % | | | 88-1104 | 84-1384 | |
| | p-BFB: 89 % | | | 86-115 | 59-1134 | |



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago Sample ID: BORING #2 SAMPLE #2 CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-06A Date Received: 08/09/90

TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

| CAS Number | Compound | Praction | Estimated Concentration* |
|------------|-------------------------|----------|-----------------------------|
| 75-97-8 | 3,3-dimethyl-2-Butanone | AOV | 0.006 |
| 121-44-8 | N,N-diethyl-Ethanamine | AOV | 0.018 |
| 17348-59-3 | 2-methyl-2-(1-methyl | | |
| | ethoxy)-Propane | AOV | 0.017 |

No tes:

West of

W

41.40

* = mg/kg



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-07M Sample I.D.: Boring 2 Sample 3 Date Received: 08/09/90

Sample Type: Soil

| Parameter | MDL* | Result* | Digestion Date | Analysis Date | Method Number and Reference |
|------------------|--------|---------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| Arsenic - Total | 32 | ND | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Cadmium - Total | 2.43 | ND | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Chromium - Total | 3.24 | 286 | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Lead - Total | 41 | 250 | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Mercury- Total | 0.0631 | 0.0947 | 08/14/90 | 08/15/90 | 7470(c) |
| Selenium - Total | 49 | ND | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Silver- Total | 1.6 | ND | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3005/6010(c) |

Notes: ND - Below minimum detyectable level (MDL)

* = mg/kg



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago Sample ID: BORING #2, SAMPLE #3

Sample Type: Soil

4-4.15

CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-07M Date Received: 08/09/90 Internal Code: SS90

NAX

NAZ

NAX

2-Fluorobiphenyl

Terphenyl-D14

2,4,6-Tribromophenol

25 - 121%

19 - 122%

18 - 137%

Semi-Volatile Base/Neutral and Acid Extractable Organic by EPA Method 8270 (ref. c) System C

Extraction Date: 08/15/90 Analysis Date: 08/18/90

| Base/Neutral Compounds | MDL* | Conc.* | Base/Neutral Compounds | MDL* | Conc.* |
|-----------------------------|------|--------|----------------------------|-------------|----------|
| bis(2-Chloroethyl)Ether | 3.3 | ND | Di-n-Butylphthalate | 3.3 | ND |
| 1.3-Dichlorobenzene | 3.3 | ND | Pluoranthene | 3.3 | ND |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | 3.3 | ND | Pyrene | 3.3 | ND |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | 3.3 | ND | Butylbenzylphthalate | 3.3 | ND |
| bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)Ether | 3.3 | ND | 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine | 6.7 | ND |
| N-Nitroso-Di-n-Propylamine | 3.3 | ND | Benzo(a)Anthracene | 3.3 | ND |
| Hexachloroethane | 3.3 | ND | bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate | 6.7 | ND |
| Nitrobenzene | 3.3 | ND | Chrysene | 3.3 | ND |
| Isophorone | 3.3 | ND | Di-n-Octylphthalate | 3.3 | ND |
| bis(2-Chloroethoxy)Methane | 3.3 | ND | Benzo(b)Fluoranthene | 3.3 | ND |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | 3.3 | ND | Benzo(k)Fluoranthene | 3.3 | ND |
| Naphthalene | -3.3 | TR | Benzo(a)Pyrene | 3.3 | ND |
| 4-Chloroaniline | 3.3 | ND | Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene | 3.3 | ND |
| Hexachlorobutadiene | 3.3 | ND | Dibenz(a,h)Anthracene | 3.3 | ND |
| 2-Methylnaphthalene | -3.3 | 2.6 | Benzo(g,h,i)Perylene | 3. 3 | ND |
| Hexachlorocyclopentadiene | 3.3 | ND | | | |
| 2-Chloronaphthalene | 3.3 | ND | | | |
| 2-Nitroaniline | 17 | ND | Acid Compounds | HDL* | Conc.* |
| Dimethyl Phthalate | 3.3 | ND | • | | |
| Acenaphthylane | 3.3 | ND | Pheno1 | -3.3 | 11 |
| 3-Nitroaniline | 17 | ND | 2-Chlorophenol | 3.3 | ND |
| Acenaphthene | 3.3 | ND | 2-Methylphenol | 3.3 | ND |
| Dibenzofuran | 3.3 | ND | 4-Methylphenol | 3.3 | ND |
| 2,4-Dinitrotoluene | 3.3 | ND | 2-Nitrophenol | 3.3 | ND |
| 2,6-Dinitrotoluene | 3.3 | ИD | 2,4-Dimethylphenol | 3.3 | ND |
| Diethylphthalate | 3.3 | ND | 2,4-Dichlorophenol | 3.3 | ND |
| 4-Chlorophemyl-phemylether | 3.3 | ND | 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol | 3.3 | ND |
| Fluorene | 3.3 | ND | 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol | 17 | ND |
| 4-Nitroaniline | 17 | ND | 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol | 17 | ND |
| N-Nitrosodiphenylamine | 3.3 | ND | 2,4-Dinitrophenol | 17 | ND |
| 4-Bromophenyl-phenylether | 3.3 | ND | 4-Ni trophenol | 17 | ND |
| Hexachlorobenzene | 3.3 | ND | 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol | 17 | ND |
| Phenanthrene | 3.3 | ND | Pentachlorophenol | 17 | ND |
| Anthracene | 3.3 | ND | • | | |
| Antinacene | | | QA/QC Surrogate Rec | . Ri | inge CLP |
| | | | 2-Fluorophenol NA | x 25 | 5 - 121% |
| | | | Phenol-D5 NA | X 24 | - 113% |
| | | | Nitrobenzene-D5 NA | x 23 | - 120% |
| | | | | ~ ^= | |

Notes: ND = Below minimum detectable level (MDL)

* mg/kg based on sample veight as recieived

TR . Trace amount present below MDL

NA . Not applicable

N



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago Sample I.D.: Boring 2 Sample 3

Sample Type: Soil

CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-07

Date Received: 08/09/9

Internal Code: VS70

Volatile Organics - System A by EPA Method 8240 (ref. c)

Analysis Date: 08/10/90

| Paramater | MDL* | Conc.* | Parameter | MDL* | Conc. |
|----------------------------|---------------|--------|---------------------------|-----------|------------|
| Priority Pollutant Compour | ıd s : | | 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | 0.005 | ND |
| Chloromethane | 0.010 | ND | Tetrachloroethene | 0.005 | ND |
| Bromomethane | 0.010 | ND | Toluene | 0.005 | 0.14 |
| Vinyl Chloride | 0.010 | ND | Chlorobenzene | 0.005 | ND |
| Chloroethane | 0.010 | ND | Ethylbenzene | 0.005 | 0.019 |
| Methylene Chloride | 0.005 | TR | • | | |
| Trichlorofluoromethane | 0.005 | ND | Hazardous Substance List | Compounds | : : |
| 1,1-Dichloroethene | 0.005 | ND | Acetone | 0.020 | 0.82 |
| 1,1-Dichloroethane | 0.005 | ND | Carbon Disulfide | 0.010 | ND |
| trans-1,2-Dichloroethene | 0.005 | ИD | 2-Butanone | 0.020 | 0.027 |
| Chloroform | 0.005 | ND | Vinyl Acetate | 0.005 | NC |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | 0.005 | TR | 4-Methy1-2-Pentanone | 0.005 | 0.074 |
| 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | 0.005 | ИD | 2-Hexanone | 0.005 | מא |
| Carbon Tetrachloride | 0.005 | ND | Styrene | 0.005 | TR |
| Bromodichloromethane | 0.005 | ND | Total Xylenes | 0,005 | 0.12 |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane | 0.005 | ND | - | | |
| cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | 0.005 | ND | Additional Compounds: | | |
| Trichloroethene | 0.005 | ND | Dibromoethane (EDB) | 0.005 | ND |
| Benzene | 0.005 | 0.32 | Methyl-t-Butylether | 0.010 | ND " |
| Dibromochlorome thane | 0.005 | ND | 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | 0.005 | ND |
| 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | 0.005 | ND | 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | 0.005 | ND |
| trans-1,3-Dichloropropene | 0.005 | ND | 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | 0.005 | ND |
| 2-Chloroethylvinylether | 0.010 | ND | Acrolein | 0.010 | ND |
| Bromoform | 0.005 | ND | Acrylonitrile | 0.010 | ND |

Notes ND - Below minimum detectable level (MDL)

TR - Trace amount present but below MDL

* - mg/kg

Based on sample weight as received.
Additional compounds observed in sample

QA/QG Surrogate Recoveries: Surrogate Acceptance Criteria:

Water Soil d4-1,2-Dichloroethane: 85 % 76-114% 70-121% d8-Toluene: 92 % 88-110% 84-138% p-BFB: 96 % 86-115% 59-113%



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago Sample ID: BORING #2 SAMPLE #3 CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-07A Date Received: 08/09/90

TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

| CAS Number | Compound | Fraction | Estimated Concentration* |
|------------|---------------------------|----------|--------------------------|
| 67-63-0 | 2-Propanol | VOA | 0.025 |
| 75-50-3 | N, N-dimethyl-Methanamine | VOV | 0.016 |
| 60-29-7 | Ethyl Ether | VOA | 0.007 |
| 6707-88-6 | octahydro-1,3,4-Metheno | VOA | |
| | 1H-Cyclobuta-[cd]Pentale | ne VOA | 0.010 |
| | Hydrocarbon | VOA | 0.033 |

Notes:

4111

1# 2

* = mg/kg



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago
Sample I.D.: Boring 2 Sample 4
Sample Type: Soil CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-08M **Date Received:** 08/09/90

| Parameter | MDL* | Result* | Digestion Date | Analysis Date | Method Number and Reference |
|------------------|------------|---------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| Arsenic - Total | 36 | ND | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Cadmium - Total | 2.73 | ND | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Chromium - Total | 3.64 | 964 | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Lead - Total | 45 | ND | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Mercury- Total | 0.0660 | ND | 08/14/90 | 08/15/90 | 7470(c) |
| Selenium - Total | 5 5 | ND | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(|
| Silver- Total | 1.7 | ND | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3005/6010(|

Notes: ND - Below minimum detyectable level (MDL)

* = mg/kg



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago Sample I.D.: Boring 2 Sample 4

Sample Type: Soil

N Hillian

4⊢µ/

N. 19 F

CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-08/ Date Received: 08/09/90

Internal Code: VS70

Volatile Organics - System A by EPA Method 8240 (ref. c)

Analysis Date: 08/10/90

| Parameter | ndl* | Conc.* | Parameter | HDL# | Conc.* |
|----------------------------|-------|--------|---------------------------|----------|-------------|
| Priority Pollutant Compour | ıds; | | 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | 0.025 | ND |
| Chloromethane | 0.050 | ND | Tetrachloroethena | 0.025 | ND |
| Bromomethane | 0.050 | ND | Toluene | 0.025 | 0.70 |
| Vinyl Chloride | 0.050 | ND | Chlorobenzene | 0.025 | ND |
| Chloroethane | 0.050 | ИD | Ethylbenzene | 0.025 | 0.048 |
| Methylene Chloride | 0.025 | TR | - | | |
| Trichlorofluoromethane | 0.025 | ND | Hazardous Substance List | Compound | 's : |
| 1,1-Dichloroethene | 0.025 | ND | Acetone | 0.100 | 1.4 |
| 1,1-Dichloroethane | 0.025 | ND | Carbon Disulfide | 0.050 | ИD |
| trans-1,2-Dichloroethene | 0.025 | ND | 2-Butanone | 0.100 | ND |
| Chloroform | 0.025 | ND | Vinyl Acetate | 0.025 | ND |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | 0.025 | ND | 4-Methyl-2-Pentanone | 0.025 | 0.20 |
| 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | 0.025 | ND | 2-Hexanone | 0.025 | ND |
| Carbon Tetrachloride | 0.025 | ND | Styrene | 0.025 | TR |
| Browodichloromethane | 0.025 | ND | Total Xylenos | 0.025 | 0.30 |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane | 0.025 | ND | * | | |
| cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | 0.025 | ND | Additional Compounds: | | |
| Trichlorosthens | 0.025 | ND | Dibromosthane (EDB) | 0.025 | ND |
| Benzene | 0.025 | 4.1 | Methyl-t-Butylether | 0.050 | ND |
| Dibromochloromethane | 0.025 | ND | 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | 0.025 | ND |
| 1.1.2-Trichloroethane | 0.025 | ND | 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | 0.025 | ND |
| trans-1,3-Dichloropropene | 0.025 | ND | 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | 0.025 | ND |
| 2-Chloroethylvinylether | 0.050 | ND | Acrolein | 0,050 | 0.37 |
| Bromoform | 0.025 | ND | Acrylonitrils | 0.050 | מא |

Notes NI) - Below minimum detectable level (MDL)

TR - Trace amount present but below MDL

- mg/kg

Based on sample weight as received. No additional peaks observed in sample

| QA/QC | Surrogate Recoveries: | | | Surrogate Acceptance Criteria: | | |
|-------|------------------------|----|---|--------------------------------|---------|--|
| • • • | - | | | Water | Soil | |
| | d4-1,2-Dichloroethane: | 86 | • | 76-114 | 70-121% | |
| | d8-Toluene: 96 % | | | 88-1104 | 84-138% | |
| | p-BFB: 95 % | | | 86-1154 | 59-1134 | |



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago Sample ID: BORING #2 SAMPLE #4

CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-08AB Date Received: 08/09/90

TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

CAS Number Compound Fraction Concentration*

None Found VOA

Notes:

 $\star = mg/kg$



CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-09M Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago Date Received: 08/09/90

Sample I.D.: Boring 3 Sample 1 Sample Type: Soil

| Parameter | MDL* | Result* | Digestion Date | Analysis Date | Method Number and Reference |
|------------------|--------|---------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| Arsenic - Total | 34 | ND | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Cadmium - Total | 2.51 | 5.53 | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Chromium - Total | 3.35 | 531 | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Lead - Total | 42 | 400 | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Mercury- Total | 0.0575 | 0.1724 | 08/14/90 | 08/15/90 | 7470 (c) |
| Selenium - Total | 50 | ND | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Silver- Total | 1.7 | ДИ | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3005/6010(c) |

Notes: ND - Below minimum detyectable level (MDL)

* = mg/kg



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago Sample ID: BORING #3, SAMPLE #1

Sample Type: Soil

CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-09N Date Received: 08/09/90 Internal Code: SS90

Semi-Volatile Base/Neutral and Acid Extractable Organic by EPA Method 8270 (ref. c) - System C Extraction Date: 08/15/90 Analysis Date: 08/18/90

| Base/Neutral Compounds | MDL* | Conc.* | Base/Neutral Compounds | HDL* | Conc.* |
|--|--|--|--|--|---|
| bis(2-Chloroethyl)Ether | 3.3 | ND | Di-n-Butylphthalate | 3.3 | ND |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | 3.3 | ND | Fluoranthene | 3.3 | ND |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | 3.3 | ND | Fluoranthene Pyrene | -3.3 | TR |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | 3.3 | ND | Butylbenzylphthalate | 3.3 | ND |
| bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)Ether | | ND | 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine | 6.7 | ND |
| N-Nitroso-Di-n-Propylamine | 3.3 | ND | Benzo(a)Anthracene | -3.3 | TR |
| Hexachloroethane | 3.3 | ND | bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate | -6.7 | 28 |
| Nitrobenzene | 3.3 | ND | Chrysene | 3.3 | ND |
| Isophorone | 3.3 | ND | Di-n-Octylphthalate | 3.3 | ND |
| bis(2-Chloroethoxy)Methane | 3 .3 | ND | Benzo(b)Fluoranthene | 3.3 | ND |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | 3.3 | ND | Benzo(k)Fluoranthene | -3.3 | 5.6 |
| Naphthalene | 3.3 | ND | Benzo(a)Pyrene | | |
| 4-Chloroaniline | -3.3 | 9.4 | <pre>lndeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene</pre> | -3.3 | TR |
| Hexachlorobutadiene | 3.3 | ND | Dibenz(a,h)Anthracene | 3.3 | ND ' |
| 2-Methylnaphthalene | 3.3 | ND | Benzo(g,h,i)Perylene | -3.3 | TR |
| Hexachlorocyclopentadiene | 3.3 | ND | • | | |
| 2-Chloronaphthalene | 3.3 | ND | | | |
| | | | | | A |
| 2-Nitroaniline | 1.7 | ND | Acid Compounds | HDL* | Conc.* |
| Dimethyl Phthalate | 3.3 | ND ND | • | | |
| Dimethyl Phthalate Acenaphthylene | 3.3 3.3 | = | Acid Compounds Phenol | | |
| Dimethyl Phthalate | 3.3 3.3 1.7 | ND | • | | |
| Dimethyl Phthalate Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene | 3.3 3.3 1.7 3.3 | ND ND | Phenol | -3.3 | TR |
| Dimethyl Phthalate Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene Dibenzofuran | 3.3 3.3 1.7 3.3 3.3 | ND ND ND | Phenol | -3.3 3.3 3.3 | TR ND |
| Dimethyl Phthalate Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene Dibenzofuran 2,4-Dinitrotoluene | 3.3 3.3 1.7 3.3 3.3 | ND ND ND ND | Phenol | -3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 | TR ND ND |
| Dimethyl Phthalate Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene Dibenzofuran 2,4-Dinitrotoluene 2,6-Dinitrotoluene | 3.3 3.3 1.7 3.3 3.3 | ND ND ND ND ND | Phenol2-Chlorophenol 2-Methylphenol 4-Methylphenol | -3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 | TR ND ND ND |
| Dimethyl Phthalate Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene Dibenzofuran 2,4-Dinitrotoluene 2,6-Dinitrotoluene Diethylphthalate | 3.3 3.3 1.7 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 | ND ND ND ND ND ND | Phenol | -3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 | TR ND ND ND ND |
| Dimethyl Phthalate Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene Dibenzofuran 2,4-Dinitrotoluene 2,6-Dinitrotoluene | 3.3 3.3 1.7 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 | ND ND ND ND ND ND | Phenol | -3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 | TR ND ND ND ND ND |
| Dimethyl Phthalate Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene Dibenzofuran 2,4-Dinitrotoluene 2,6-Dinitrotoluene Diethylphthalate | 3.3 3.3 1.7 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 | ND ND ND ND ND ND ND | Phenol | -3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 | TR ND ND ND ND ND ND |
| Dimethyl Phthalate Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene Dibenzofuran 2,4-Dinitrotoluene 2,6-Dinitrotoluene Diethylphthalate 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether | 3.3 3.3 1.7 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 | ND ND ND ND ND ND ND | Phenol | -3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 1.7 | TR ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND |
| Dimethyl Phthalate Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene Dibenzofuran 2,4-Dinitrotoluene 2,6-Dinitrotoluene Diethylphthalate 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether Fluorene 4-Nitroaniline N-Nitrosodiphenylamine | 3.3 1.7 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 | ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND | Phenol | -3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 1.7 1.7 | ND N |
| Dimethyl Phthalate Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene Dibenzofuran 2,4-Dinitrotoluene 2,6-Dinitrotoluene Diethylphthalate 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether Fluorene 4-Nitroaniline N-Nitrosodiphenylamine 4-Bromophenyl-phenylether | 3.3 3.3 1.7 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 | ND N | Phenol | -3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 1.7 | ND N |
| Dimethyl Phthalate Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene Dibenzofuran 2,4-Dinitrotoluene 2,6-Dinitrotoluene Diethylphthalate 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether Fluorene 4-Nitroaniline N-Nitrosodiphenylamine 4-Bromophenyl-phenylether Hexachlorobenzene | 3.3 1.7 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 | ND N | Phenol | -3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 1.7 1.7 1.7 | TR ND |
| Dimethyl Phthalate Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene Dibenzofuran 2,4-Dinitrotoluene 2,6-Dinitrotoluene Diethylphthalate 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether Fluorene 4-Nitroaniline N-Nitrosodiphenylamine 4-Bromophenyl-phenylether Hexachlorobenzene Phenanthrene | 3.3 3.3 1.7 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 | ND N | Phenol | -3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 1.7 1.7 | ND N |
| Dimethyl Phthalate Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene Dibenzofuran 2,4-Dinitrotoluene 2,6-Dinitrotoluene Diethylphthalate 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether Fluorene 4-Nitroaniline N-Nitrosodiphenylamine 4-Bromophenyl-phenylether Hexachlorobenzene | 3.3 1.7 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 | ND N | Phenol | -3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 1.7 1.7 1.7 | TR ND |

| UA/UC Surrogate | KEC. | wange our |
|----------------------|------|-----------|
| 2-Fluorophenol | NAX | 25 - 121% |
| Phenol-D5 | NAX | 24 - 113X |
| Nitrobenzene-D5 | NAX | 23 - 120% |
| 2-Fluorobiphenyl | NAX | 25 - 121% |
| 2,4,6-Tribromophenol | NAX | 19 - 122X |
| Terphenyl-D14 | NAX | 18 - 137X |

Notes: ND = Below minimum detectable level (MDL)

* = mg/kg based on sample weight as received

TR - Trace amount present but below MDL

NA = Not applicable



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago Sample I.D.: Boring 3 Sample 1

Sample Type: Soil

CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-09A Date Received: 08/09/90

Internal Code: VS70

Volatile Organics - System A by EPA Method 8240 (ref. c)

Analysis Date: 08/11/90

| Parameter | HDL* | Conc.* | Parameter | HDL* | Conc.* | |
|----------------------------|-------|----------|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|--|
| Priority Pollutant Compoun | nds: | | 1,1,2,2-Tetrachlorosthane | 0.025 | ND | |
| Chloromethane | 0.050 | ND | Tetrachloroethene | 0.025 | ND | |
| Bromomethane | 0.050 | ND | Toluene | 0.025 | DN | |
| Vinyl Chloride | 0.050 | ND | Chlorobenzene | 0.025 | ND | |
| Chloroethune | 0.050 | ND | Ethylbenzene | 0.025 | ND | |
| Methylene Chloride | 0.025 | ND | • | | | |
| Trichlorofluoromethane | 0.025 | ND | Hazardous Substance List Compounds: | | | |
| 1,1-Dichloroethene | 0.025 | ND | Acetone | 0.100 | TR | |
| 1.1-Dichloroethane | 0.025 | ИD | Carbon Disulfide | 0.050 | מא | |
| trans-1,2-Dichloroethene | 0.025 | ND | 2-Butanone | 0.100 | ND | |
| Chloroform | 0.025 | ND | Vinyl Acetate | 0,025 | ND | |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | 0.025 | ND | 4-Methyl-2-Pentanone | 0.025 | ND | |
| 1.1.1-Trichloroethane | 0.025 | ND | 2-Hexanone | 0.025 | ND | |
| Carbon Tetrachloride | 0.025 | ND | Styrene | 0.025 | ND | |
| Bromodichloromethane | 0.025 | ND | Total Xylenes | 0.025 | ND | |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane | 0.025 | ND | | | | |
| cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | 0.025 | ND | Additional Compounds: | | | |
| Trichloroethene | 0.025 | ND | Dibromoethane (EDB) | 0.025 | ND | |
| Benzene | 0.025 | ND | Methyl-t-Butylether | 0.050 | ND | |
| Dibromochloromethane | 0.025 | ND | 1,2-Dichlorobenzone | 0.025 | מא | |
| 1.1.2-Trichloroethans | 0.025 | ND | 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | 0.025 | ND | |
| trans-1,3-Dichloropropene | 0.025 | ND | 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | 0.025 | מא | |
| 2-Chloroethylvinylether | 0.050 | ND ND | Acrolein | 0.050 | ND | |
| Bromoform | 0.025 | ND | Acrylonitrile | 0.050 | ND | |
| PLOMOTORM | 0.023 | 110 | ucthinitering | 0.030 | 1117 | |

Notes

ND - Below minimum detectable level (MDL)

TR - Trace amount present but below MDL

* - mg/kg

Based on sample weight as received. No additional peaks observed in sample

| OA/OC | Surrogata Recoveries: | | | Surrogate Acceptance Criteria: | | |
|-------|------------------------|----|---|--------------------------------|---------|--|
| 4-4 | J | | | Water | Soil | |
| | d4-1,2-Dichloroethane: | 83 | • | 76-114 | 70-1214 | |
| | d8-Toluene: 95 % | | | 88-1104 | 84-138% | |
| | p-BFB: 92 % | | | 86-115% | 59-113% | |



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago Sample ID: BORING #3 SAMPLE #1 CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-09A Date Received: 08/09/90

TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

CAS Number Compound Fraction Concentration*

None Found VOA ---

Notes:

 $\star = mg/kg$



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-10M Sample I.D.: Boring 3 Sample 2 Sample Type: Soil Date Received: 08/09/90

| Parameter | MDL* | Result* | Digestion Date | Analysis Date | Method Number and Reference |
|------------------|--------|---------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| Arsenic - Total | 31 | ND | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Cadmium - Total | 2.35 | 4.46 | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Chromium - Total | 3.13 | 1,320 | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Lead - Total | 39 | 300 | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Mercury- Total | 0.0588 | 0.0883 | 08/14/90 | 08/15/90 | 7470(c) |
| Selenium - Total | 47 | ND | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Silver- Total | 1.4 | ND | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3005/6010(c) |

Notes: ND - Below minimum detyectable level (MDL)

* = mg/kg

Ains.



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago Sample ID: BORING #3, SAMPLE #2

Sample Type: Soil

CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-10M Date Received: 08/09/90 Internal Code: SS90

Semi-Volatile Base/Neutral and Acid Extractable Organic by EPA Method 8270 (ref. c) - System C

Extraction Date: 08/15/90 Analysis Date: 08/18/90

| Base/Neutral Compounds | MDL* | Conc.* | Base/Neutral Compounds | HDL* | Conc.* |
|---|--|--|---|--|--|
| bis(2-Chloroethyl)Ether | 3.3 | ND | Di-n-Butylphthalate | 3.3 | ND |
| 1.3-Dichlorobenzene | 3.3 | ND | Fluoranthene | -3.3 | TR |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | -3.3 | 4.0 | Pyrene | -3.3 | 3.3 |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | | | Butylbenzylphthalate | 3.3 | ND |
| bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)Ether | | ND | 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine | 6.7 | ND |
| N-Nitroso-Di-n-Propylamine | 3.3 | ND | Benzo(a)Anthracene | 3.3 | ND |
| Hexachloroethane | 3.3 | ND | bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate | 6.7 | ND |
| Nitrobenzene | 3.3 | ND | Chrysene | 3.3 | ND |
| Isophorone | 3.3 | ND | Di-n-Octylphthalate | 3.3 | ND |
| bis(2-Chloroethoxy)Methane | 3.3 | ND | Benzo(b)Fluoranthene | 3.3 | ND |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | 3.3 | ND | Benzo(k)Fluoranthene | 3.3 | ND |
| Naphthalene | 3.3 | ND | Benzo(a)Pyrene | 3.3 | ND |
| 4-Chloroaniline | 3.3 | ND | Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene | 3.3 | ND |
| Hexachlorobutadiene | 3.3 | ND | Dibenz(a,h)Anthracene | 3.3 | אם יייי |
| 2-Methylnaphthalene | 3.3 | ND | Benzo(g,h,i)Perylene | 3.3 | ND |
| Hexachlorocyclopentadiene | 3.3 | ND | • | | |
| 2-Chloronaphthalene | 3.3 | ND | | | |
| 2-Nitroaniline | 17 | ND | Acid Compounds | MDL* | Conc.* |
| E-111 (FORHT 1 7 11 0 | | | | | |
| Dimethyl Phthalate | 3.3 | ND | - | | |
| | | | Phenol | 3.3 | ND |
| Dimethyl Phthalate | 3.3 | ND | Phenol 2-Chlorophenol | 3.3 3.3 | ND ND |
| Dimethyl Phthalate Acenaphthylene | 3.3 3.3 17 3.3 | ND ND | — · · · | - | |
| Dimethyl Phthalate Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline | 3.3 3.3 17 3.3 3.3 | ND ND ND | 2-Chlorophenol | 3.3 3.3 3.3 | ND " |
| Dimethyl Phthalate Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene | 3.3 3.3 17 3.3 3.3 | DN DN DN CUN | 2-Chlorophenol 2-Methylphenol | 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 | ND ND |
| Dimethyl Phthalate Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene Dibenzofuran | 3.3 3.3 17 3.3 3.3 3.3 | ND ND ND ND ND | 2-Chlorophenol 2-Methylphenol 4-Methylphenol 2-Nitrophenol 2,4-Dimethylphenol | 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 | ND ND ND |
| Dimethyl Phthalate Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene Dibenzofuran 2,4-Dinitrotoluene | 3.3 3.3 17 3.3 3.3 | ND ND ND ND ND | 2-Chlorophenol 2-Methylphenol 4-Methylphenol 2-Nitrophenol | 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 | ND ND ND ND |
| Dimethyl Phthalate Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene Dibenzofuran 2,4-Dinitrotoluene 2,6-Dinitrotoluene Diethylphthalate 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether | 3.3 17 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 | ND ND ND ND ND ND | 2-Chlorophenol 2-Methylphenol 4-Methylphenol 2-Nitrophenol 2,4-Dimethylphenol 2,4-Dichlorophenol 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol | 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 | ND ND ND ND ND |
| Dimethyl Phthalate Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene Dibenzofuran 2,4-Dinitrotoluene 2,6-Dinitrotoluene Diethylphthalate 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether Fluorene | 3.3 3.3 17 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 | ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND | 2-Chlorophenol 2-Methylphenol 4-Methylphenol 2-Nitrophenol 2,4-Dimethylphenol 2,4-Dichlorophenol 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol | 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 | ND ND ND ND ND |
| Dimethyl Phthalate Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene Dibenzofuran 2,4-Dinitrotoluene 2,6-Dinitrotoluene Diethylphthalate 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether Fluorene 4-Nitroaniline | 3.3 3.3 17 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 | ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND | 2-Chlorophenol 2-Methylphenol 4-Methylphenol 2-Nitrophenol 2,4-Dimethylphenol 2,4-Dichlorophenol 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol | 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 17 | ND |
| Dimethyl Phthalate Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene Dibenzofuran 2,4-Dinitrotoluene 2,6-Dinitrotoluene Diethylphthalate 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether Fluorene 4-Nitroaniline N-Nitrosodiphenylamine | 3.3 3.3 17 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 | ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND | 2-Chlorophenol 2-Methylphenol 4-Methylphenol 2-Nitrophenol 2,4-Dimethylphenol 2,4-Dichlorophenol 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol | 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 17 17 | ND N |
| Dimethyl Phthalate Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene Dibenzofuran 2,4-Dinitrotoluene 2,6-Dinitrotoluene Diethylphthalate 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether Fluorene 4-Nitroaniline N-Nitrosodiphenylamine 4-Bromophenyl-phenylether | 3.3 3.3 17 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 | ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND | 2-Chlorophenol 2-Methylphenol 4-Methylphenol 2-Nitrophenol 2,4-Dimethylphenol 2,4-Dichlorophenol 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol 2,4-Dinitrophenol 4-Nitrophenol | 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 17 17 17 | ND |
| Dimethyl Phthalate Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene Dibenzofuran 2,4-Dinitrotoluene 2,6-Dinitrotoluene Diethylphthalate 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether Fluorene 4-Nitroaniline N-Nitrosodiphenylamine 4-Bromophenyl-phenylether Hexachlorobenzene | 3.3 3.3 17 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 | ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND | 2-Chlorophenol 2-Methylphenol 4-Methylphenol 2-Nitrophenol 2,4-Dimethylphenol 2,4-Dichlorophenol 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol 2,4-Dinitrophenol 4-Nitrophenol 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol | 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 17 17 17 17 | ND N |
| Dimethyl Phthalate Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene Dibenzofuran 2,4-Dinitrotoluene 2,6-Dinitrotoluene Diethylphthalate 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether Fluorene 4-Nitroaniline N-Nitrosodiphenylamine 4-Bromophenyl-phenylether | 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 | ND N | 2-Chlorophenol 2-Methylphenol 4-Methylphenol 2-Nitrophenol 2,4-Dimethylphenol 2,4-Dichlorophenol 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol 2,4-Dinitrophenol 4-Nitrophenol | 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 17 17 17 | ND N |
| Dimethyl Phthalate Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene Dibenzofuran 2,4-Dinitrotoluene 2,6-Dinitrotoluene Diethylphthalate 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether Fluorene 4-Nitroaniline N-Nitrosodiphenylamine 4-Bromophenyl-phenylether Hexachlorobenzene | 3.3 3.3 17 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 | ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND | 2-Chlorophenol 2-Methylphenol 4-Methylphenol 2-Nitrophenol 2,4-Dimethylphenol 2,4-Dichlorophenol 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol 2,4-Dinitrophenol 4-Nitrophenol 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol | 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 17 17 17 17 | ND N |

| UA/UC Surrogate | Kec. | Kange CLP |
|----------------------|------|-----------|
| 2-Fluorophenol | NAX | 25 - 121% |
| Phenol-D5 | NAX | 24 - 113X |
| Nitrobenzene-D5 | NAX | 23 - 120% |
| 2-Fluorobiphenyl | NAZ | 25 - 121% |
| 2,4,6-Tribromophenol | NAX | 19 - 122% |
| Terphenyl-D14 | NAX | 18 - 137X |
| | | |

Notes: ND = Below minimum detectable level (MDL)

* = mg/kg based on sample weight as received

TR - Trace amount present but below MDL

NA - Not applicable



Sample Type: Soil

CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-10A Date Received: 08/09/90

Internal Code: V\$70

Volatile Organics - System A by EPA Method 8240 (ref. c)

Analysis Date: 08/13/90

| Parameter | MDL* | Conc.* | Parameter | MDL* | Conc.* |
|----------------------------|-------|--------|---------------------------|-----------|--------|
| Priority Pollutant Compour | nda: | | 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | | ND |
| Chloromethane | 0.050 | ND | Tetrachloroethene | 0.025 | MD |
| Bromomethane | 0.050 | ND | Toluene | 0.025 | ND |
| Vinyl Chloride | 0.050 | ND | Chlorobenzene | 0.025 | ND |
| Chloroethane | 0.050 | ND | Ethylbenzene | 0.025 | ND |
| Methylene Chloride | 0.025 | ND | • | | |
| Trichlorofluoromethane | 0.025 | ND | Hazardous Substance List | Compounda | B: |
| 1.1-Dichloroethene | 0.025 | ND | Acetone | 0.100 | 0.10 |
| 1.1-Dichlorosthans | 0.025 | ND | Carbon Disulfide | 0.050 | ND |
| trans-1,2-Dichloroethene | 0.025 | ND | 2-Butanone | 0.100 | ND |
| Chloroform | 0.025 | ND | Vinyl Acetate | 0.025 | ND |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | 0.025 | ND | 4-Methyl-2-Pentanone | 0.025 | ND |
| 1.1.1-Trichloroethane | 0.025 | ND | 2-Hexanone | 0.025 | ND |
| Carbon Tetrachloride | 0.025 | ND | Styrene | 0.025 | ND |
| Bromodichloromethane | 0.025 | ND | Total Xylenes | 0.025 | ND |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane | 0.025 | ND | • | | |
| cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | 0.025 | ND | Additional Compounds: | | |
| Trichloroethene | 0.025 | ND | Dibromocthane (EDB) | 0.025 | MD |
| Benzene | 0.025 | ND | Methyl-t-Butylethor | 0.050 | ND |
| Dibromochloromethane | 0.025 | ND | 1,2-Dichlorobonzene | 0.025 | 2.5 |
| 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | 0.025 | ND | 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | 0.025 | ND |
| trans-1,3-Dichloropropene | 0.025 | ND | 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | 0.025 | ND |
| 2-Chloroethylvinylether | 0.050 | ND | Acrolein | 0.050 | ND |
| Bromoform | 0.025 | ND | Acrylonitrile | 0.050 | ND |

Notes ND - Below minimum detectable level (MDL)

TR - Trace amount present but below MDL

* - mg/kg

Based on sample weight as received. No additional peaks observed in sample

| QA/QC | Surrogate Recoveries: | | | Surrogate Acceptance Criteria: | | |
|-------------|------------------------|----|---|--------------------------------|---------|--|
| (, (| • | | | Water | Soil | |
| | d4-1.2-Dichloroethane: | 88 | • | 76-114% | 70-121% | |
| | d8-Toluene: 97 % | | | 88-1104 | 84-1384 | |
| | p-BFB: 106 & | | | 86-115% | 59-113% | |



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago Sample ID: BORING #3 SAMPLE #2

CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-10A Date Received: 08/09/90

TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

CAS Number Compound Fraction Concentration*

None Found VOA ---

Notes:

 $\star = mg/kg$



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-11M Sample I.D.: Boring 3 Sample 3 Sample Type: Soil Date Received: 08/09/90

'MHIP'

| Parameter | MDL* | Result* | Digestion Date | Analysis Date | Method Number and Reference |
|------------------|--------|---------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| Arsenic - Total | 32 | ND | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Cadmium - Total | 2.39 | 2.55 | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Chromium - Total | 3.18 | 380 | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Lead - Total | 40 | 180 | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Mercury- Total | 0.0614 | 0.0614 | 08/14/90 | 08/15/90 | 7470 (c) |
| Selenium - Total | 48 | ND | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Silver- Total | 1.5 | ND | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3005/6010(c) |

Notes: ND - Below minimum detyectable level (MDL)

* = mg/kg

Soil/Solid samples based on sample dry weight.



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago Sample ID: BORING #3, SAMPLE #3

Sample Type: Soil

CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-11M Date Received: 08/09/90 Internal Code: SS90

Semi-Volatile Base/Neutral and Acid Extractable Organic by EPA Method 8270 (ref. c) - System C Extraction Date: 08/15/90 Analysis Date: 08/18/90

| Base/Neutral Compounds | MDL* | Conc.* | Base/Neutral Compounds | MDL* | Conc.* |
|-----------------------------|------|--------|----------------------------|-------|--------|
| bis(2-Chloroethyl)Ether | 3.3 | ND | Di-n-Butylphthalate | 3.3 | ND |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | 3.3 | ND | Fluoranthene | 3.3 | ND |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | 3.3 | ND | Pyrene | 3.3 | ND |
| 1,2.Dichlorobenzene | -3.3 | 8.0 | Butylbenzylphthalate | 3.3 | ND |
| bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)Ether | 3.3 | ND | 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine | 6.7 | ND |
| N-Nitroso-Di-n-Propylamine | 3.3 | ND | Benzo(a)Anthracene | 3.3 | ND |
| Hexachloroethane | 3.3 | ND | bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate | 6.7 | ND |
| Ni trobenzene | 3.3 | ND | Chrysene | 3.3 | ND |
| 1sophorone | 3.3 | ND | Di-n-Octylphthalate | 3.3 | ND |
| bis(2-Chloroethoxy)Methane | 3.3 | ND | Benzo(b)Fluoranthene | 3.3 | ND |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | 3.3 | ND | Benzo(k)Fluoranthene | 3.3 | ND |
| Naphthalene | 3.3 | ND | Benzo(a)Pyrene | 3.3 | ND |
| 4-Chloroaniline | 3.3 | ND | Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene | 3.3 | ND |
| Hexachlorobutadiene | 3.3 | ND | Dibenz(a,h)Anthracene | 3.3 | ND |
| 2-Methylnaphthalene | 3.3 | ND | Benzo(g,h,i)Perylene | 3.3 | ND |
| Hexachlorocyclopentadiene | 3.3 | ND | | | |
| 2-Chloronaphthalene | 3.3 | ND | | | |
| 2-Nitroaniline | 17 | ND | Acid Compounds | MDL* | Conc.* |
| Dimethyl Phthalate | 3.3 | ND | | | |
| Acenaphthylene | 3.3 | ND | Phenol | -3.3 | 8.7 |
| 3-Nitroaniline | 17 | ND | 2-Chlorophenol | 3.3 | ND |
| Acenaphthene | 3.3 | ND | 2-Methylphenol | 3.3 | ND |
| Dibenzofuran | 3.3 | ND | 4Methylphenol | 3.3 | ND |
| 2,4-Dinitrotoluene | 3.3 | ND | 2-Nitrophenol | 3.3 | ND |
| 2,6-Dinitrotoluene | 3.3 | ND | 2,4-Dimethylphenol | 3.3 | ND |
| Diethylphthalate | 3.3 | ND | 2,4-Dichlorophenol | 3.3 | ND |
| 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether | 3.3 | ND | 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol | 3.3 | ND |
| Pluorene | 3.3 | ND | 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol | 17 | ND |
| 4-Nitroaniline | 17 | ND | 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol | 17 | ND |
| N-Nitrosodiphenylamine | 3.3 | ND | 2,4-Dinitrophenol | 17 | ND |
| 4-Bromophenyl-phenylether | 3.3 | ND | 4-Nitrophenol | 17 | ND |
| Hexachlorobenzene | | 8.4 | 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol | 17 | ND |
| Phenanthrene | 3.3 | ND | Pentachlorophenol | 17 | ND |
| Anthracene | 3.3 | ND | | | |
| | | | QA/QC Surrogate Rec | . Ren | ge CLP |
| | | | | | - |
| | | | 2-Fluorophenol NA | | - 121% |

Phenol-D5

Nitrobenzene-D5

2-Pluorobiphenyl

Terphenyl-D14

2,4,6-Tribromophenol

24 - 113%

23 - 120% 25 - 121%

19 - 122%

18 - 137%

NAX

NAX

NAX

NAZ

NAX

Notes: ND ~ Below minimum detectable level (MDL)

^{* -} mg/kg baded on sample weight as received

NA - Not applicable



Sample Type: Soil

CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-11/ Date Received: 08/09/90

Internal Code: VS70

Volatile Organics - System A by EPA Method 8240 (ref. c)

Analysis Date: 08/13/90

| Parameter | MDL* | Conc.* | Parameter | HDL# | Conc. * |
|----------------------------|-------|--------|---------------------------|----------|---------|
| Priority Pollutant Compoun | nds: | | 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | 0.025 | ND |
| Chloromethans | 0,050 | ND | Tetrachloroethene | 0.025 | ND |
| Bromomethane | 0.050 | ND | Toluene | 0.025 | TR |
| Vinyl Chloride | 0.050 | ND | Chlorobenzene | 0.025 | ND |
| Chloroethane | 0.050 | ND | Ethylbenzene | 0.025 | TR |
| Methylene Chloride | 0.025 | ND | - | | |
| Trichlorofluoromethane | 0.025 | ND | Hazardous Substance List | Compound | ls: |
| 1,1-Dichloroethene | 0.025 | ND | Acetone | 0.100 | 0,28 |
| 1,1-Dichloroethane | 0.025 | ND | Carbon Disulfide | 0.050 | ND |
| trans-1,2-Dichloroethene | 0.025 | ND | 2-Butanone | 0.100 | ND |
| Chloroform | 0.025 | ND | Vinyl Acetate | 0.025 | ND |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | 0.025 | ND | 4-Methyl-2-Pentanone | 0.025 | TR |
| 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | 0.025 | ND | 2-Hexanone | 0.025 | ND |
| Carbon Tetrachloride | 0.025 | ND | Styrene | 0.025 | ND |
| Bromodichloromethane | 0.025 | ND | Total Xylenes | 0.025 | ND |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane | 0.025 | ND | • | | |
| cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | 0.025 | ND | Additional Compounds: | | |
| Trichlorgethene | 0.025 | ND | Dibromoethane (EDB) | 0.025 | ND |
| Benzene | 0.025 | 0.062 | Methyl-t-Butylether | 0.050 | ND |
| Dibromochloromethane | 0.025 | ND | 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | 0.025 | 1.3 |
| 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | 0.025 | מא | 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | 0.025 | ND |
| trans-1,3-Dichloropropene | 0.025 | ND | 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | 0.025 | ND |
| 2-Chloroethylvinylether | 0.050 | ND | Acrolein | 0.050 | ND |
| Bromoform | 0.025 | ND | Acrylonitrile | 0.050 | ND |

Notes ND - Below minimum detectable level (MDL)

TR - Trace amount present but below MDL

* - mg/kg

 $\{||f||_{p\in L_p}\}$

Based on sample weight as received. No additional peaks observed in sample

| QA/QC | Surrogate Recoveries: | ate Recoveries: | | Surrogate Acceptance Criteria | | |
|-------|----------------------------|-----------------|---------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| - | • | | Water | Soil | | |
| | (14-1,2-Dichloroethane: 89 | • | 76-1148 | 70-121 | | |
| | d8-Toluene: 93 % | | 88-110% | 84-1384 | | |
| | p-BFB: 106 % | | 86-115% | 59-1134 | | |



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago Sample ID: BORING #3 SAMPLE #3

CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-11A
Date Received: 08/09/90

TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

CAS Number Compound Fraction Concentration*

None Found VOA ---

Notes:

 $\star = mg/kg$



100

10

Lange P

Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-12M Sample I.D.: Boring 3 Sample 4 Date Received: 08/09/90

Sample Type: Soil

| Parameter | MDL* | Result* | Digestion Date | Analysis Date | Method Number and Reference |
|------------------|--------|---------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| Arsenic - Total | 34 | ND | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Cadmium - Total | 2.54 | 6.94 | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Chromium Total | 3.39 | 370 | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Lead - Total | 42 | 1,900 | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Mercury- Total | 0.0764 | 0.4582 | 08/14/90 | 08/15/90 | 7470(c) |
| Selenium - Total | 51 | ND | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Silver- Total | 1.8 | ND | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3005/6010(c) |

Notes: ND - Below minimum detyectable level (MDL)

* = mg/kg

Soil/Solid samples based on sample dry weight.



Sample Type: Soil

CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-12 Date Received: 08/09/9

Internal Code: VS7

Volatile Organics - System A by EPA Method 8240 (ref. c)

Analysis Date: 08/11/90

| Parameter | HDL* | Conc.* | Parameter | HDL* | Conc. |
|----------------------------|---------------|--------|---------------------------|----------|------------|
| Priority Pollutant Compoun | nd s : | | 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | 0.025 | ND |
| Chloromethane | 0.050 | ND | Tetrachloroethene | 0.025 | 0.37 |
| Bromomethane | 0.050 | ND | Toluene | 0.025 | 4.0 |
| Vinyl Chloride | 0.050 | ND | Chlorobenzene | 0.025 | ND |
| Chloroethane | 0.050 | ND | Ethylbenzene | 0,025 | 0.81 |
| Methylene Chloride | 0.025 | 0.59 | - | | |
| Trichlorofluoromethane | 0.025 | ND | Hazardous Substance List | Compound | s : |
| 1,1-Dichloroethene | 0.025 | ND | Acetone | 0.100 | 2.7 |
| 1,1-Dichloroethane | 0.025 | 0.026 | Carbon Disulfide | 0.050 | ND |
| trans-1,2-Dichloroethene | 0.025 | ИD | 2 - Butanone | 0.100 | 0 |
| Chloroform | 0.025 | 0.14 | Vinyl Acetato | 0.025 | ND - |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | 0.025 | 0.35 | 4-Methyl-2-Pentanone | 0.025 | ND |
| 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | 0.025 | 0.19 | 2-Hexanone | 0.025 | ND |
| Carbon Tetrachloride | 0.025 | ND | Styrene | 0.025 | ND |
| Bromodichloromethane | 0.025 | ND | Total Xylenes | 0,025 | 5.0 |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane | 0.025 | ND | • | | |
| cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | 0.025 | ND | Additional Compounds: | | |
| Trichloroethene | 0.025 | 2.9 | Dibromoethane (EDB) | 0.025 | ND. |
| Benzens | 0.025 | 0.32 | Mothyl-t-Butylether | 0.050 | ND |
| Dibromochloromethane | 0.025 | ND | 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | 0.025 | ND |
| 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | 0.025 | ND | 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | 0.025 | ND |
| trans-1,3-Dichloropropene | 0.025 | ND | 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | 0.025 | 0.040 |
| 2-Chloroethylvinylether | 0.050 | ND | Acrolein | 0.050 | ND |
| Bromoform | 0.025 | ND | Acrylonitrile | 0.050 | ND |

Notes ND - Below minimum detectable level (MDL)

TR - Trace amount present but below MDL

* - mg/kg

p-BFB: 100 &

Based on sample weight as received.
Additional compounds observed in sample

| QA/QC Surrogate Recoveries: | | | | Surrogate Acceptance Criteria: | | |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|----|---|--------------------------------|---------|--|
| | | | | Water | Soil | |
| | d4-1,2-Dichloroethane: | 91 | • | 76-114% | 70-121% | |
| | d8-Toluene: 97 % | | | 88-110% | 84-138% | |

86-115%

59-113%



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago Sample ID: BORING #3 SAMPLE #4 CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-12A

Date Received: 08/09/90

TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

| CAS Number | Compound | Praction | Estimated Concentration* |
|------------|------------------------|----------|-----------------------------|
| 96-37-7 | methyl-Cyclopentane | VOA | 0.055 |
| 5536-98-1 | 1-propyl-Aziridine | VOA | 0.095 |
| | Dimethyl Pentane Isome | r VOA | 0.150 |
| 589-34-4 | 3-methyl-Hexane | VOA | 0.270 |
| 106-35-4 | 3-Heptanone | VOA | 0.030 |
| 108-86-1 | Bromobenzene | AOV | 0.110 |
| | unkown compound | VOV | 0.040 |

Notes

11.11

Comp !

* = mg/kg



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-13M Date Received: 08/09/90

Sample I.D.: Boring 4 Sample 1 Sample Type: Soil

| Parameter | MDL* | Result* | Digestion Date | Analysis Date | Method Number and Reference |
|------------------|------------|---------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| Arsenic - Total | 36 | ND | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Cadmium - Total | 2.73 | 2.73 | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Chromium - Total | 3.64 | 473 | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Lead - Total | 45 | 180 | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Mercury- Total | 0.0741 | 0.0741 | 08/14/90 | 08/15/90 | 7470 (c) |
| Selenium - Total | 5 5 | ND | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010 |
| Silver- Total | 1.8 | ND | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3005/6010(c) |

Notes: ND - Below minimum detyectable level (MDL)

* = mg/kg

Soil/Solid samples based on sample dry weight.



Sample Type: Soil

40

CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-13 Date Received: 08/09/9

Internal Code: VS70

Volatile Organics - System A by EPA Method 8240 (ref. c)

Analysis Data: 08/11/90

| Parameter | MDL* | Conc.* | Parameter | MDL* | Conc. |
|----------------------------|-------|--------|---------------------------|----------|-------|
| Priority Pollutant Compoun | nds: | | 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | 0.005 | ND |
| Chloromethane | 0.010 | ND | Tetrachloroethene | 0.005 | ND |
| Bromomethane | 0.010 | ND | Toluene | 0.005 | 0.22 |
| Vinyl Chloride | 0.010 | ND | Chlorobenzene | 0.005 | 0.054 |
| Chloroethane | 0.010 | ND | Ethylbenzene | 0.005 | 0.094 |
| Methylene Chloride | 0.005 | TR | ., | | - • |
| Trichlorofluoromethane | 0.005 | ND | Hazardous Substance List | Compound | a: |
| 1,1-Dichloroethene | 0.005 | ND | Acetone | 0.020 | 0.21 |
| 1,1-Dichlorosthane | 0.005 | ND | Carbon Disulfide | 0.010 | ND |
| trans-1,2-Dichlorosthens | 0.005 | ND | 2-Butanone | 0.020 | 0.040 |
| Chloroform | 0.005 | ND | Vinyl Acetate | 0.005 | ND |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | 0.005 | ND | 4-Methyl-2-Pentanone | 0.005 | ND |
| 1,1,1-Trichlorosthane | 0.005 | ND | 2-Hexanone | 0.005 | ND |
| Carbon Tetrachloride | 0.005 | ND | Styrene | 0.005 | ND |
| Browodichloromethane | 0.005 | ND | Total Xylenes | 0.005 | 0.44 |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane | 0.005 | ND | 10021 11,121102 | 7.000 | •,•• |
| cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | 0.005 | ND | Additional Compounds: | | |
| Trichloroethene | 0.005 | 0.043 | Dibromoethane (EDB) | 0.005 | מא |
| Benzene | 0.005 | 0.011 | Methyl-t-Butylether | 0.010 | ND |
| Dibromochloromethane | 0.005 | ND | 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | 0.005 | ND |
| 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | 0.005 | ND | 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | 0.005 | מא |
| trans-1,3-Dichloropropene | 0.005 | ND | 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | 0.005 | מא |
| 2-Chloroethylvinylether | 0.010 | ND | Acrolein | 0.010 | ND |
| Bromoform | 0.005 | ND | Acrylonitrile | 0.010 | ND |

Notes ND - Below minimum detectable level (MDL)

TR - Trace amount present but below MDL

- mg/kg

Based on sample weight as received.

Additional compounds observed in sample

| QA/QC | C Surrogate Recoveries: | | Surrogate Acceptance Criteria: | | |
|-------|--------------------------|----|--------------------------------|---------|---------|
| • | - | | | Water | Soil |
| | d4-1,2-Dichloroethane: 8 | 32 | • | 76-114% | 70-121% |
| | d8-Toluene: 92 % | | | 88-110 | 84-1384 |
| | p-BFB: 91 % | | | 86-115% | 59-113% |



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago Sample ID: BORING #4 SAMPLE #1 CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-13A
Date Received: 08/09/90

TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

| CAS Number | Compound | Fraction | Estimated Concentration* |
|------------|---------------------|----------|-----------------------------|
| 96-37-7 | Methyl-Cyclopentane | VOA | 0.010 |
| 589-34-4 | 3-methyl-Hexane | AOV | 0.057 |

Notes:

* = mg/kg



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago Sample I.D.: Boring 4 Sample 2 CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-14M Date Received: 08/09/90

Sample Type: Soil

| Parameter | MDL* | Result* | Digestion Date | Analysis Date | Method Number and Reference |
|------------------|--------|---------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| Arsenic - Total | 25 | ND | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Cadmium - Total | 1.88 | ND | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Chromium - Total | 2.51 | 234 | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Lead - Total | 31 | 260 | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Mercury- Total | 0.0674 | ИD | 08/14/90 | 08/15/90 | 7470(c) |
| Selenium - Total | 38 | 53 | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Silver- Total | 1.5 | ND | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3005/6010(c) |

Notes: ND - Below minimum detyectable level (MDL)

* = mg/kg

Soil/Solid samples based on sample dry weight.



Sample Type: Soil

CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-14a
Date Received: 08/09/90

Internal Code: VS70

Volatile Organics - Systom A by BPA Method 8240 (ref. c)

Analysis Date: 08/11/90

| Parameter | NDL* | Conc.* | Parameter | HDF* | Conc. |
|----------------------------|-------|--------|---------------------------|-----------|-------|
| Priority Pollutant Compour | ids: | | 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | 0.005 | ND |
| Chloromethane | 0.010 | ND | Tetrachloroethone | 0.005 | ND |
| Bromomethane | 0.010 | ND | Toluene | 0.005 | 0.085 |
| Vinyl Chloride | 0.010 | ND | Chlorobenzene | 0.005 | סא |
| Chloroethane | 0.010 | ND | Ethylbenzene | 0.005 | 8 |
| Methylene Chloride | 0.005 | TR | - | | |
| Trichlorofluoromethane | 0.005 | ND | Hazardous Substance List | Compounds | ; |
| 1,1-Dichloroethene | 0.005 | ND | Acetone | 0.020 | 0.094 |
| 1,1-Dichloroethane | 0.005 | ND | Carbon Disulfide | 0.010 | ND |
| trans-1,2-Dichloroethene | 0.005 | ИD | 2-Butanone | 0.020 | ND |
| Chloroform | 0.005 | ND | Vinyl Acetate | 0.005 | NL |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | 0.005 | DM | 4-Methy1-2-Pentanone | 0.005 | TR |
| 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | 0.005 | ND | 2-Hexanone | 0.005 | ND |
| Carbon Tetrachloride | 0.005 | ND | Styrene | 0.005 | ND |
| Bromodichloromethane | 0.005 | ND | Total Xylenes | 0.005 | 0.042 |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane | 0.005 | ND | • | | |
| cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | 0.005 | ND | Additional Compounds: | | |
| Trichloroethens | 0.005 | ND | Dibromoethane (EDB) | 0.005 | ND |
| Benzene | 0.005 | 0.29 | Mathyl-t-Butylether | 0.010 | מא |
| Dibromochloromethane | 0.005 | ND | 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | 0.005 | ND |
| 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | 0.005 | ND | 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | 0.005 | ND |
| trans-1,3-Dichloropropene | 0.005 | ND | 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | 0.005 | ND |
| 2-Chloroethylvinylether | 0.010 | ND | Acrolein | 0.010 | ND |
| Bromoform | 0.005 | ND | Acrylonitrile | 0.010 | ND |

Notes ND - Below minimum detectable level (MDL)

TR - Trace amount present but below MDL

* - mg/kg

p-BFB: 83 4

Based on sample weight as received.
Additional compounds observed in sample

| QA/QC | Surrogate Recoveries: | Surrogate Recoveries: Surrogate A | | Surrogate Accep | Acceptance Criteria: | |
|-------|------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|-----------------|----------------------|--|
| • | - | | | Water | Soil | |
| | d4-1,2-Dichloroethane: | 83 | • | 76-114 | 70-121% | |
| | d8-Toluene: 87 % | | | 88-1104 | 84-138% | |

59-113%

86-1154



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago Sample ID: BORING #4 SAMPLE #2

CHAS Lab #: 90X0B069-14A

Date Received: 08/09/90

TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

| CAS Number | Compound | Praction | Estimated Concentration* |
|------------|---------------------|----------|-----------------------------|
| 96-37-7 | Methyl-Cyclopentane | AOV | 0.005 |
| 75-55-8 | 2-methyl-Aziridine | AOV | 0.005 |
| 589~34~4 | 3-methyl-Hexane | AOV | 0.012 |
| | unknown compound | AOV | 0.013 |
| | unknown compound | VOA | 0.011 |
| | chloro-Nitrobenzene | | |
| | isomer | VOA | 3.1 |

Notes:

* = mg/kg



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago Sample I.D.: Boring 4 Sample 3 Sample Type: Soil **CHAS Lab #:** 90X08069-15M Date Received: 08/09/90

| Parameter | MDL* | Result* | Digestion Date | Analysis Date | Method Number and Reference |
|------------------|--------|---------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| Arsenic - Total | 35 | ND | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Cadmium - Total | 2.63 | ND | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Chromium - Total | 3.51 | 306 | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Lead - Total | 44 | 190 | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Mercury- Total | 0.0721 | 0.0721 | 08/14/90 | 08/15/90 | 7470(c) |
| Selenium - Total | 53 | ND | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Silver- Total | 1.6 | ND | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3005/6010(|

Notes: ND - Below minimum detyectable level (MDL)

Soil/Solid samples based on sample dry weight.



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago Sample ID: BORING #4 SAMPLE #3

CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-15A Date Received: 08/09/90

TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

CAS Number Compound Praction Concentration*

None Found VOA ---

Notes

* = mg/kg



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago Sample I.D.: Boring 4 Sample 4 **CHAS Lab #:** 90X08069-16M Date Received: 08/09/90

Sample Type: Soil

| Parameter | MDL* | Result* | Digestion Date | Analysis Date | Method Number and Reference |
|------------------|--------|---------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| Arsenic - Total | 33 | ND | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Cadmium - Total | 2.47 | 6.49 | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Chromium - Total | 3.29 | 764 | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Lead - Total | 41 | 640 | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Mercury- Total | 0.0661 | 0.2915 | 08/14/90 | 08/15/90 | 7470(c) |
| Selenium - Total | 49 | ND | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3050/6010(c) |
| Silver- Total | 1.8 | ND | 08/13/90 | 08/14/90 | 3005/6010(c) |

Notes: ND ~ Below minimum detyectable level (MDL)

* = mg/kg
Soil/Solid samples based on sample dry weight.



Sample Type: Soil

CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-16A Data Received: 08/09/90

Internal Code: VS70

Volatile Organics - System A by EPA Method 8240 (ref. c)

Analysis Date: 08/13/90

| Parameter | HDL* | Conc.* | Parameter | MDL* | Conc.* |
|----------------------------|-------|--------|---------------------------|----------|--------|
| Priority Pollutant Compoun | nds: | | 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethans | 0.005 | ND |
| Chloromethane | 0.010 | ND | Tetrachloroothene | 0.005 | 0.009 |
| Bromomethane | 0.010 | ND | Toluene | 0.005 | 0.009 |
| Vinyl Chloride | 0.010 | ND | Chlorobenzene | 0.005 | ND |
| Chloroethene | 0.010 | ND | Ethylbenzono | 0.005 | ND |
| Methylene Chloride | 0.005 | ND | • | | |
| Trichlorofluoromethane | 0.005 | ND | Hazardous Substance List | Compound | ls: |
| 1,1-Dichloroethene | 0.005 | ND | Acetone | 0.020 | 0.066 |
| 1.1-Dichloroethane | 0.005 | ND | Carbon Disulfide | 0.010 | ND |
| trans-1,2-Dichloroethene | 0.005 | ND | 2-Butanone | 0.020 | ND |
| Chloroform | 0.005 | ND | Vinyl Acetate | 0.005 | ND |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | 0,005 | 0.005 | 4-Methyl-2-Pentanone | 0.005 | ND |
| 1.1.1-Trichloroethane | 0.005 | ND | 2-Hexanone | 0.005 | ND |
| Carbon Tetrachloride | 0.005 | ND | Styrene | 0.005 | ND |
| Bromodichloromethane | 0.005 | ND | Total Xylenes | 0.005 | 0.032 |
| 1,2-Dichloropropens | 0.005 | ND | • | | |
| cis-1,3-Dichloropropone | 0.005 | ND | Additional Compounds: | | |
| Trichlorgethene | 0.005 | 0.046 | Dibromoethane (EDB) | 0.005 | ND |
| Benzene | 0.005 | TR | Methyl-t-Butylether | 0.010 | ND |
| Dibromochloromethane | 0.005 | ND | 1,2-Dichlorobenzeno | 0.005 | 0.039 |
| 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | 0.005 | ND | 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | 0.005 | ND |
| trans-1,3-Dichloropropene | 0.005 | ND | 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | 0.005 | ND |
| 2-Chloroethylvinylether | 0.010 | ND | Acrolein | 0.010 | ND |
| Bromoform | 0.005 | ND | Acrylonitrile | 0.010 | ND |

Notes ND - Below minimum detectable level (MDL)

TR - Trace amount present but below MDL

* - mg/kg

Based on sample weight as received. No additional peaks observed in sample

| A/QC Surrogate Recoveries: | Surrogate A | cceptance Criteria: |
|----------------------------|-------------|---------------------|
| | Water | Soil Soil |
| d4-1,2-Dichloroethane: 102 | 76-114 | 70-1218 |
| d8-Toluene: 98 % | 88-110 | 84-1384 |
| p-BFB: 99 \$ | 86-115 | 59-113% |



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago Sample ID: BORING #4 SAMPLE #4 CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-16A Date Received: 08/09/90

TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

CAS Number Compound Fraction Concentration*

None Found VOA ---

Notes:

 $\star = mg/kg$

September 9, 1990

Mr. Mark Schollenberger
Permit Section
Illinios Environmetal Protection Agency
Division of Land Pollution Control
P.O. Box 19276
2200 Churchhill Road
Springfield, IL 62794-9276

Dear Mark:

Enclosed please find the TCLP analysis and remaining semi-volitale analysis for the soil borings associate with the outside drum storage building.

If you have any questions please call me at 312 646-6202.

Sincerely,

Anthony R. Pongonis

Vice President

Enclosure

APR:1h

RECEIVED

SEP 1 0 1990

IEPA-DLPC



ANALYTICAL SERVICES, INC. **BEDFORD DIVISION**

213 BURLINGTON ROAD, BEDFORD, MA 01730 (617) 275-6111

FAX # 312-646

To: Jim Laubsted, Tony Pongonis

From: Rick Ravenelle Date: 9/5/90

Twenty-three pages to follow.

RECEIVED SEP 1 0 1990 IEPA-DLPC



Sample Type: Soil

CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-10U Date Received: 08/C9/90

| Parameter | HDL* | Result* | Digestion Date | Analysis Date | Method Number and Reference |
|-----------------|--------|---------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| Arsenic - TCLP | 0.04 | ND | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Barium - TCLP | 0.002 | 0.390 | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Cadmium - TCLP | 0.003 | ND | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Chromium - TCLP | 0.004 | ND | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Lead - TCLP | 0.05 | ИД | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Mercury - TCLP | 0.0003 | ND | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 7470(c) |
| Selenium - TCLP | 0.06 | ND | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Silver - TCLP | 0.02 | ND | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 3005/6010(c) |

Sample extracted on 08/28/90

Notes: ND = Below minimum detectable level (MDL)

 $\star = mg/1$

41

TIME P

Soil/solid samples based on sample dry weight.

TCLP = Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure as described in the Federal Register, Volume 51, No. 216.

RECEIVED

SEP 1 0 1990

IEPA-DLPC



Sample Type: Soil

CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-12U

Date Received: 08/09/90

| Parameter | MDL* | Result* | Digestion Date | Analysis Date | Method Number and Reference |
|-----------------|--------|---------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| Arsenic - TCLP | 00.04 | ND | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Barium - TCLP | 0.002 | 0.618 | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Cadmium - TCLP | 0.003 | 0.009 | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Chromium - TCLP | 0.004 | 0.015 | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(|
| Lead - TCLP | 0.05 | ND | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c ₇ |
| Mercury - TCLP | 0.0003 | ND | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 7470(c) |
| Selenium - TCLP | 0.06 | 0.08 | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Silver - TCLP | 0.02 | ND | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 3005/6010(c) |

Sample extracted on 08/28/90

Notes: ND = Below minimum detectable level (MDL)

* = mg/1

Soil/solid samples based on sample dry weight.

TCLP = Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure as described in the Federal Register, Volume 51, No. 216.



Sample Type: Soil

CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-11U Date Received: 08/09/90

| | Parameter | MDL* | Result* | Digestion Date | Analysis Date | Method Number and Reference |
|-----------|-----------------|--------|---------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| , | Arsenic - TCLP | 0,04 | ND | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| | Barium - TCLP | 0.002 | 0.414 | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| | Cadmium - TCLP | 0.003 | 0.003 | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| | Chromium - TCLP | 0.004 | ND | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| | Lead - TCLP | 0.05 | ND | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| | Mercury - TCLP | 0.0003 | ND | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 7470(c) |
| | Sclenium - TCLP | 0.06 | 0.07 | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| N W | Silver - TCLP | 0.02 | ND | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 3005/6010(c) |

Sample extracted on 08/28/90

Notes: ND - Below minimum detectable level (MDL)

 $\star = mg/1$

Soil/solid samples based on sample dry weight.

TCLP = Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure as described in the Federal Register, Volume 51, No. 216.



Sample Type: Soil

CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-05U -Date Received: 08/09/90

| Parameter | MDL* | Result* | Digestion Date | Analysis Date | Method Number and Reference |
|-----------------|--------|---------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| Arsenic - TCLP | 0.04 | ND | 08/29/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Barium - TCLP | 0.002 | 0.492 | 08/29/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Cadmium - TCLP | 0.003 | ND | 08/29/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Chromium - TCLP | 0.004 | 0.011 | 08/29/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Lead - TCLP | 0.05 | ND | 08/29/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Mercury - TCLP | 0,0003 | ND | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 7470(c) |
| Selenium - TCLP | 0,06 | ND | 08/29/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Silver - TCLP | 0.02 | ND | 08/29/90 | 08/31/90 | 3005/6010(c) |

Sample extracted on 08/27/90

Notes: ND - Below minimum detectable level (MDL)

 $\star - mg/1$

Soil/solid samples based on sample dry weight.

TCLP - Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure as described in the Federal Register, Volume 51, No. 216.



Sample Type: Soil

CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-07U Date Received: 08/09/90

| Parameter | MDL* | Result* | Digestion Date | Analysis Date | Method Number and Reference |
|-------------------|--------|---------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| Arsenic - TCLP | 0.04 | ND | 08/29/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Barium - TCLP | 0.002 | 0.466 | 08/29/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| | 0.002 | ND | 08/29/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Cadmium - TCLP | 0.003 | | 08/29/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Chromium - TCLP | | 0.007 | • • | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Lead - TCLP | 0.05 | ND | 08/29/90 | • • | • |
| Mercury - TCLP | 0.0003 | ND | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 7470(c) |
| W Sclenium - TCLP | 0.06 | ND | 08/29/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Silver - TCLP | 0.02 | ND | 08/29/90 | 08/31/90 | 3005/6010(c) |

Sample extracted on 08/28/90

Notes: ND = Below minimum detectable level (MDL)

 $\star = mg/l$

Soil/solid samples based on sample dry weight.

TCLP - Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure as described in the Federal Register, Volume 51, No. 216.



Sample Type: Soil

CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-04U Date Received: 08/09/90

| Parameter | MDL* | Result* | Digestion Date | Analysis Date | Method Number and Reference |
|-----------------|--------|---------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| Arsenic - TCLP | 0.04 | ND | 08/29/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Barium - TCLP | 0.002 | 0.467 | 08/29/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Cadmium - TCLP | 0.003 | ND | 08/29/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Chromium - TCLP | 0.004 | ND | 08/29/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Lead - TCLP | 0.05 | ND | 08/29/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Mercury - TCLP | 0.0003 | ND | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 7470(c) |
| Selenium - TCLP | 0.06 | 0.07 | 08/29/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Silver - TCLP | 0.02 | ND | 08/29/90 | 08/31/90 | 3005/6010(c) |

Sample extracted on 08/28/90

Notes: ND - Below minimum detectable level (MDL)

 $\star = mg/1$

Soil/solid samples based on sample dry weight.

TCLP - Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure as described in the Federal Register, Volume 51, No. 216.



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago Sample ID: BORING #4, SAMPLE #3

Sample Type: Soil

CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-15M Date Received: 08/09/90 Internal Code: SS90

Semi-Volatile Base/Neutral and Acid Extractable Organic by EPA Method 8270 (ref. c) - System C Extraction Date: 08/16/90 Analysis Date: 08/24/90

| Base/Neutral Compounds | MDL* | Conc.* | Base/Neutral Compounds | HDL* | Conc.* |
|--|--|--|---|--|---|
| bis(2-Chloroethyl)Ether | 3.3 | ND | Di-n-Butylphthalate | 3.3 | ND |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | 3.3 | ND | Fluoranthene | 3.3 | CIM |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | 3.3 | ND | Pyrene | 3.3 | CIN |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | 3.3 | ND | Butylbenzylphthalate | 3.3 | ND |
| bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)Ether | 3.3 | ND | 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine | 6.7 | ND |
| N-Nitroso-Di-n-Propylamine | 3.3 | ND | Benzo(a)Anthracene | 3.3 | ND |
| Hexachloroethane | 3.3 | ND | bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate | 6.7 | ND |
| Nitrobenzene | 3.3 | ND | Chrysen e | 3.3 | ND |
| Isophorone | 3.3 | ND | Di-n-Octylphthalate | 3.3 | CIN |
| bis(2-Chloroethoxy)Methane | 3.3 | ND | Benzo(b)Fluoranthene | 3.3 | CIN |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | 3.3 | ND | Benzo(k)Pluoranthene | 3.3 | ND |
| Naphthalene | 3.3 | ND | Benzo(a)Pyrene | 3.3 | ND |
| 4-Chloroaniline | 3 .3 | ND | Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene | 3.3 | ND |
| Hexachlorobutadiene | 3.3 | ND | Dibenz(a,h)Anthracene | 3.3 | ND |
| 2-Methylnaphthalene | 3.3 | ND | Benzo(g,h,i)Perylene | 3.3 | ND |
| Hexachlorocyclopentadiene | 3.3 | ND | • | | |
| 2-Chloronaphthalene | 3.3 | ND | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 2-Nitroaniline | 17 | ND | Acid Compounds | HDL * | Conc.* |
| | 17 3.3 | ND ND | Acid Compounds | KDL* | Conc.* |
| 2-Nitroaniline | | | Acid Compounds | | |
| 2-Nitroaniline Dimethyl Phthalate | 3.3 | ND | - | | |
| 2-Nitroaniline Dimethyl Phthalate Acenaphthylene | 3.3 3.3 | ND ND | Pheno1 | -3.3 | TR |
| 2-Nitroaniline Dimethyl Phthalate Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline | 3.3 3.3 17 | ND ND ND | Phenol | -3.3 3.3 | TR ND |
| 2-Nitroaniline Dimethyl Phthalate Acenaphthylene 3 Nitroaniline Acenaphthene | 3.3 3.3 17 3.3 | ND ND ND ND | Phenol | -3.3 3.3 3.3 | TR ND ND |
| 2-Nitroaniline Dimethyl Phthalate Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene Dibenzofuran | 3.3 3.3 17 3.3 3.3 | ND ND ND ND ND | Phenol22-Chlorophenol 2-Methylphenol 4-Methylphenol | -3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 | TR ND ND ND ND ND ND |
| 2-Nitroaniline Dimethyl Phthalate Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene Dibenzofuran 2,4-Dinitrotoluene | 3.3 3.3 17 3.3 3.3 | ND ND ND ND ND ND | Phenol | -3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 | TR ND ND ND ND |
| 2-Nitroaniline Dimethyl Phthalate Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene Dibenzofuran 2,4-Dinitrotoluene 2,6-Dinitrotoluene | 3.3 3.3 17 3.3 3.3 3.3 | ND ND ND ND ND ND ND | Phenol | -3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 | TR ND ND ND ND ND ND |
| 2-Nitroaniline Dimethyl Phthalate Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene Dibenzofuran 2,4-Dinitrotoluene 2,6-Dinitrotoluene Diethylphthalate | 3.3 3.3 17 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 | ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND | Phenol | -3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 | TR ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND |
| 2-Nitroaniline Dimethyl Phthalate Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene Dibenzofuran 2,4-Dinitrotoluene 2,6-Dinitrotoluene Diethylphthalate 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether | 3.3 3.3 17 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 | ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND | Phenol | -3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 | TR ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND |
| 2-Nitroaniline Dimethyl Phthalate Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene Dibenzofuran 2,4-Dinitrotoluene 2,6-Dinitrotoluene Diethylphthalate 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether Fluorene | 3.3 3.3 17 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 | ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND | Phenol | -3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 17 17 | TR ND |
| 2-Nitroaniline Dimethyl Phthalate Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene Dibenzofuran 2,4-Dinitrotoluene 2,6-Dinitrotoluene Diethylphthalate 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether Fluorene 4-Nitroaniline | 3.3 3.3 17 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 | ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND | Phenol | -3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 17 17 17 | TR ND |
| 2-Nitroaniline Dimethyl Phthalate Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene Dibenzofuran 2,4-Dinitrotoluene 2,6-Dinitrotoluene Diethylphthalate 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether Fluorene 4-Nitroaniline N-Nitrosodiphenylamine | 3.3 3.3 17 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 | ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND | Phenol | -3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 17 17 17 | TR ND |
| 2-Nitroaniline Dimethyl Phthalate Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene Dibenzofuran 2,4-Dinitrotoluene 2,6-Dinitrotoluene Diethylphthalate 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether Fluorene 4-Nitroaniline N-Nitrosodiphenylamine 4-Bromophenyl-phenylether | 3.3 3.3 17 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 | ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND | Phenol | -3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 17 17 17 | TR ND |
| 2-Nitroaniline Dimethyl Phthalate Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene Dibenzofuran 2,4-Dinitrotoluene 2,6-Dinitrotoluene Diethylphthalate 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether Fluorene 4-Nitroaniline N-Nitrosodiphenylamine 4-Bromophenyl-phenylether Hexachlorobenzene | 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 | ND N | Phenol | -3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 17 17 17 17 | TR ND |

| QA/QC Surrogate | KeC. | runge our |
|----------------------|------|------------|
| 2-Fluorophenol | NAZ | 25 - 121% |
| PhenoI-D5 | NAX | 24 - 113X |
| Nitrobenzene U5 | NAX | 23 - 1.20% |
| 2-Fluorobiphenyl | NAX | 25 - 121% |
| 2,4,6-Tribromophenol | NAX. | 19 - 1227 |
| Terphenyl-D14 | NAX | 18 - 137% |

Notes: ND = Below minimum detectable level (MDL)

* = mg/kg based on sample weight as received

TR - Trace amount present but below MDL

Mat annitable

ings:



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago Sample ID: BORING #4, SAMPLE #2

Sample Type: Soil

CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-14M Date Received: 08/09/90 Internal Code: SS90

Semi-Volatile Base/Neutral and Acid Extractable Organic by EPA Method 8270 (ref. c) - System C

Extraction Date: 08/16/90 Analysis Date: 08/23/90

| Disc2-Chloroethyl)Ether | Base/Neutral Compounds | MDL* | Conc.* | Base/Neutral Compounds | HDL* | Conc.* |
|--|---------------------------------------|---------|--------|---------------------------|--------|---------|
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene 3.3 ND Butylbenzylphthalate 3.3 ND Butylbenzylphthalate 3.3 ND Butylbenzylphthalate 3.3 ND ND N-Nitroso-Di-n-Propylamine 3.3 ND Benzo(a)Anthracene 3.3 ND Nitrobenzene 3.3 ND bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate 6.7 ND N-Nitroso-Di-n-Propylamine 3.3 ND Dis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate 6.7 ND Nitrobenzene 3.3 ND Di-n-Octylphthalate 6.7 ND Nitrobenzene 3.3 ND Di-n-Octylphthalate 3.3 ND Phenol 3.3 ND Di-n-Octylphthalate 3.3 ND Phenol 3.3 | bis(2-Chloroethyl)Ether | 3.3 | | | | |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | 3.3 | ND | Fluoranthene | | |
| Disc2-Chloroisopropylether 3.3 | 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | 3.3 | ND | Pyrene | | |
| N-Nitroso-Di-n-Propylamine 3.3 ND Benzo(a)Anthracene 3.3 ND Nitrobenzene 3.3 ND Dis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate 6.7 ND Nitrobenzene 3.3 ND Dis(2-Chloropethoxy)Hethane 3.3 ND Di-n-Octylphthalate 3. | 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | 3.3 | ND | Butylbenzylphthalate | 3.3 | |
| No. | bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)Ether | 3.3 | ND | 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine | 6.7 | ND |
| Nitrobenzene 3.3 | N-Nitroso-Di-n-Propylamine | 3.3 | ND | | | |
| Isophorone | Hexachloroethane | 3.3 | ND | bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalat | e 6.7 | |
| Disc2-Chloroethoxy)Methane 3.3 | Ni trobenzene | 3.3 | ND | Chrysene | 3.3 | ND |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | Isophorone | 3.3 | ND | Di-n-Octylphthalate | 3.3 | ND |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | <pre>bis(2-Chloroethoxy)Methane</pre> | 3.3 | ND | Benzo(b)Fluoranthene | 3.3 | ND |
| ### A-Chloroaniline | | 3.3 | ND | Benzo(k)Fluoranthene | 3.3 | ND |
| Hexachlorobutadiene 3.3 | Naphthalene | 3.3 | ND | Benzo(a)Pyrene | 3.3 | ND |
| 2-Hethylnaphthalene | 4-Chloroaniline | 3.3 | ND | Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene | 3.3 | ND |
| No. | Hexachlorobutadiene | 3.3 | ND | Dibenz(a,h)Anthracene | | |
| 2-Chloronaphthalene 3.3 | | 3.3 | ND | Benzo(g,h,i)Perylene | 3.3 | ND |
| 2-Nitroaniline | Hexachlorocyclopentadiene | 3.3 | מא | | | |
| Dimethyl Phthalate | 2-Chloronaphthalene | 3.3 | ND | | | |
| Acenaphthylene 3.3 ND Phenol 3.3 ND 2-Chlorophenol 3.3 ND Acenaphthene 3.3 ND 2-Methylphenol 17 ND 4-Bromophenyl-phenylether 3.3 ND 4-Mitrophenol 17 ND 4-Mitrophenol 17 ND 4-Methylphenol 17 ND 4-M | | 17 | ND | Acid Compounds | HDL* | Conc.* |
| 3-Nitroaniline 17 ND 2-Chlorophenol 3.3 ND Acenaphthene 3.3 ND 2-Methylphenol 17 ND 2-Methylph | Dimethyl Phthalate | 3.3 | ND | | | |
| Acenaphthene 3.3 ND 2-Methylphenol 3.3 ND 2,4-Dinitrotoluene 3.3 ND 2-Nitrophenol 3.3 ND 2,6-Dinitrotoluene 3.3 ND 2-Nitrophenol 3.3 ND 2,6-Dinitrotoluene 3.3 ND 2,4-Dimethylphenol 3.3 ND 2,4-Dimethylphenol 3.3 ND 2,4-Dimethylphenol 3.3 ND 2,4-Dichlorophenol 3.3 ND 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether 3.3 ND 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol 3.3 ND 7-10-Chlorophenol 17 ND 17 ND 17 ND 17 ND 17 ND 18 N-Nitrosodiphenylamine 3.3 ND 2,4-Dinitrophenol 17 ND 17 ND 18 N-Nitrosodiphenylamine 3.3 ND 2,4-Dinitrophenol 17 ND 18 N-Nitrosodiphenylether 3.3 ND 4-Nitrophenol 17 ND 18 N-Nitrophenol | Acenaphthylene | | ND | Phenol | | |
| Dibenzofuran 3.3 | 3-Nitroaniline | 17 | ND | 2-Chlorophenol | | |
| 2,4-Dinitrotoluene 3.3 ND 2-Nitrophenol 3.3 ND 2,6-Dinitrotoluene 3.3 ND 2,4-Dimethylphenol 3.3 ND Diethylphthalate 3.3 ND 2,4-Dichlorophenol 3.3 ND 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether 3.3 ND 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol 17 ND 4-Nitroaniline 17 ND 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol 17 ND 17 ND 18 N-Nitrosodiphenylamine 3.3 ND 2,4-Dinitrophenol 17 ND 4-Bromophenyl-phenylether 3.3 ND 4-Nitrophenol 17 ND 4-Ni | | | ND | 2-Methylphenol | | |
| 2,6-Dinitrotoluene 3.3 ND 2,4-Dimethylphenol 3.3 ND 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether 3.3 ND 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether 3.3 ND 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol 3.3 ND 7-Chlorophenyl-phenylether 3.3 ND 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol 3.3 ND 7-Chlorophenol 17 ND 7-Chlorophenylether 17 ND 7-Chlorophenol 17 ND 7-Chlorophenylether 3.3 ND 7-Chlorophenol 17 ND 7-Chloroph | Dibenzofuran | 3.3 | מא | 4-Methylphenol | | |
| Diethylphthalate | 2,4-Diπitrotoluene | 3.3 | ND | | _ | |
| 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether 3.3 ND 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol 3.3 ND Pluorene 3.3 ND 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol 17 ND 4. Nitroaniline 17 ND 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol 17 ND 2,4-5-Trichlorophenol 17 ND 4-Bromophenyl-phenylether 3.3 ND 4-Nitrophenol 17 ND Hexachlorobenzene 3.3 ND 4-Nitrophenol 17 ND Phenanthrene 3.3 ND Pentachlorophenol 17 ND Anthracene | 2,6-Dinitrotoluene | 3.3 | ИD | 2,4-Dimethylphenol | | |
| Pluorene | Diethylphthalate | | ND | | | |
| 4 Nitroaniline 17 ND 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol 17 ND 4-Bromophenyl-phenylether 3.3 ND 4-Nitrophenol 17 ND 4-Bromophenyl-phenylether 3.3 ND 4-Nitrophenol 17 ND Hexachlorobenzene 3.3 ND 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol 17 ND Phenanthrene 3.3 ND Pentachlorophenol 17 ND Anthracene | 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether | | ND | 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol | | |
| N-Nitrosodiphenylamine 3.3 ND 2,4-Dinitrophenol 17 ND 4-Bromophenyl-phenylether 3.3 ND 4-Nitrophenol 17 ND Hexachlorobenzene 3.3 ND 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol 17 ND Phenanthrene 3.3 ND Pentachlorophenol 17 ND Anthracene | * | | ND | | | |
| 4-Bromophenyl-phenylether 3.3 ND Hexachlorobenzene 3.3 ND A,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol 17 ND Phenanthrene 3.3 ND Pentachlorophenol 17 ND Pentachlorophenol 17 ND Pentachlorophenol 17 ND Pentachlorophenol 17 ND Pentachlorophenol NAX 25 - 121X Phenol-D5 NAX 24 - 113X Nitrobenzene-D5 NAX 23 - 120X 2-Fluoroblphenyl NAX 25 - 121X 2,4,6-Tribromophenol NAX 19 - 122X | 4 Nitroaniline | 17 | ND | 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol | | |
| Hexachlorobenzene | N-Nitrosodiphenylamine | 3.3 | ND | | | |
| Pentachlorophenol | 4-Bromophenyl-phenylether | 3.3 | ND | | | |
| Anthracene | | 3.3 | ND | 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylpheno | | |
| QA/QC Surrogate Rec. Range CLP 2-Fluorophenol NA% 25 - 121% Phenol-D5 NA% 24 - 113% Nitrobenzene-D5 NA% 23 - 120% 2-Fluorobiphenyl NA% 25 - 121% 2,4,6-Tribromophenol NA% 19 - 122% | | | | Pentachlorophenol | 17 | ND |
| 2-Fluorophenol NA% 25 - 121% Phenol-D5 NA% 24 - 113% Nitrobenzene-D5 NA% 23 - 120% 2-Fluoroblphenyl NA% 25 - 121% 2,4,6-Tribromophenol NA% 19 - 122% | Anthracene | - 3 . 3 | TR | | | |
| Phenol-D5 NAX 24 - 113% Nitrobenzene-D5 NAX 23 - 120% 2-Fluoroblphenyl NAX 25 - 121% 2,4,6-Tribromophenol NAX 19 - 122% | | | | QA/QC Surrogate Re | ec. Ra | nge CLP |
| Phenol-D5 NAX 24 - 113% Nitrobenzene-D5 NAX 23 - 120% 2-Fluoroblphenyl NAX 25 - 121% 2,4,6-Tribromophenol NAX 19 - 122% | | | | 2-Fluorophenol | IA% 25 | - 121% |
| 2-Fluoroblphenyl NAX 25 - 121X 2,4,6-Tribromophenol NAX 19 - 122X | | | | | 7AX 24 | - 113% |
| 2,4,6-Tribromophenol NAX 19 - 122X | | | | Nitrobenzene-D5 N | IAX 23 | - 120% |
| 2,4,6-Tribromophenol NAX 19 - 122X | | | | 2-Fluoroblphenyl h | IAX 25 | - 121% |
| | | | | | MX 19 | - 122% |
| | | | | | | - 137% |

Notes: ND = Below minimum detectable level (MDL)

* = mg/kg based on sample weight as received

TR = Trace amount present but below MDL

NA = Not applicable



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago
Sample ID: BORING #3, SAMPLE #4

Sample Type: Soil

CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-12M Date Received: 08/09/90 Internal Code: SS90

Semi-Volatile Base/Neutral and Acid Extractable Organic by EPA Method 8270 (ref. c) - System C

Extraction Date: 08/15/90 Analysis Date: 08/23/90

| | Base/Neutral Compounds | MDL* | Conc.* | Base/Neutral Compounds | MDL | Conc.* |
|---------|-----------------------------|------|--------|--------------------------|--------|------------|
| | bis(2-Chloroethyl)Ether | 3.3 | ND | Di-n-Butylphthalate | 3.3 | ND |
| | 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | 3.3 | ND | Fluoranthene | 3.3 | ND |
| | 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | 3.3 | ND | Pyrene | 3.3 | ND |
| | 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | 3.3 | ND | Butylbenzylphthalate | 3.3 | ND |
| | bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)Ether | 3.3 | ND | 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine | 6.7 | ND |
| | N-Nitroso-Di-n-Propylamine | 3.3 | ND | Benzo(a)Anthracene | 3.3 | ND |
| | Hexachloroethane | 3.3 | ND | bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthala | te 6.7 | ND |
| | Nitrobenzene | 3.3 | ND | Chrysene | 3.3 | ND |
| | Isophorone | 3.3 | ND | Di-n-Octylphthalate | 3.3 | ND |
| fages * | bis(2-Chlorcethoxy)Methane | 3.3 | ND | Benzo(b)Fluoranthene | 3.3 | ND |
| | 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | 3.3 | ND | Benzo(k)Fluoranthenc | 3.3 | מא |
| | Naphthalene | 3.3 | ND | Benzo(a)Pyrene | 3.3 | ND |
| | 4-Chloroaniline | -3.3 | 5.8 | Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene | 3.3 | ND |
| | Hexachlorobutadiene | 3.3 | ND | Dibenz(a,h)Anthracene | 3.3 | ND |
| | 2Methylnaphthalene | 3.3 | ND | Benzo(g,h,i)Perylene | 3.3 | מא |
| | Hexachlorocyclopentadiene | 3.3 | ND | | | |
| THE | 2-Chloronaphthalene | 3.3 | ND | | | |
| | 2-Nitroaniline | 17 | ND | Acid Compounds | MDL | Conc.* |
| | Dimethyl Phthalate | 3.3 | ND | • | | |
| | Acenaphthylene | 3.3 | ND | Phonol | 3.3- | 8.2 |
| | 3-Nitroaniline | 17 | ND | 2-Chlorophenol | 3.3 | ND |
| | Acenaphthene | 3.3 | ND | 2 Methylphenol | 3.3 | מא |
| | Dibenzofurari | 3.3 | ND | 4-Methylphenol | 3.3 | ND |
| | 2,4-Dinitrotoluene | 3.3 | ND | 2-Nitrophenol | 3.3 | ND |
| | 2,6-Dinitrotoluene | 3.3 | ND | 2,4-Dimethylphenol | 3.3 | ND |
| r:# | Diethylphthalate | 3.3 | ND | 2,4-Dichlorophenol | 3.3 | ND |
| | 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether | 3.3 | ND | 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol | 3.3 | ND |
| | Fluorene | 3.3 | ND | 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol | 17 | ND |
| | 4-Nitroaniline | 17 | ND | 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol | 17 | ND |
| | N-Nitrosodiphenylamine | 3.3 | ND | 2,4-Dinitrophenol | 17 | ND |
| | 4-Bromophenyl-phenylether | 3.3 | ND | 4-Nitrophenol | 17 | ND |
| | Hexachlorobenzene | | 3.9 | 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphen | ol 17 | ND |
| | Phenanthrene | 3.3 | ND | Pentachlorophenol | 17 | ND |
| | Anthracene | 3.3 | ND | · | | |
| | | | | QA/QC Surrogate R | ec. I | Range CLP |
| | | | | 2-Fluorophenol | NAX 2 | 25 - 121% |
| | | | | | NAX 2 | 24 - 113% |
| | | | | | NAX 2 | 23 - 16.7% |
| | | | | | | 25 - 121% |
| | | | | | | 9 - 122% |
| | | | | + y · y | | 8 - 137% |

Notes: ND = Below minimum detectable level (MDL)

^{* &}quot; mg/kg based on sample weight as received

NA . Not applicable



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago Sample ID: BORING #4, SAMPLE #1

Sample Type: Soil

CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-13M Date Received: 08/09/90 Internal Code: SS90

Semi-Volatile Base/Neutral and Acid Extractable Organic by EPA Method 8270 (ref. c) - System C Extraction Date: 08/15/90

Analysis Date: 08/23/90

| Base/Neutral Compounds | MDL* | Conc.* | Base/Neutral Compounds | MDL* | Conc.* |
|---|--|--|----------------------------|---|---|
| bis(2-Chloroethyl)Ether | 3.3 | ND | Di-n-Butylphthalate | 3.3 | ND |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | 3.3 | ND | Fluoranthene | 3.3 | ND |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | 3.3 | ND | Pyrene | 3.3 | ND |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | 3.3 | ND | Butylbenzylphthalate | 3.3 | ND |
| bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)Ether | | ND | 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine | 6.7 | ИΩ |
| N-Nitroso-Di-n-Propylamine | 3.3 | ND | Benzo(a)Anthracene | 3.3 | ND |
| Hexachloroethane | 3.3 | ND | bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate | -6.7- | 6.7 |
| Nitrobenzene | 3.3 | ND | Chrysene | 3.3 | ND |
| Isophorone | 3.3 | ND | Di-n-Octylphthalate | 3.3 | ND |
| bis(2-Chloroethoxy)Methane | 3.3 | ND | Benzo(b)Fluoranthene | 3.3 | ND |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | 3.3 | מא | Benzo(k)Fluoranthene | 3.3 | ND |
| Naphth ale ne | 3.3 | ND | B enzo(a) Pyrene | 3.3 | ND |
| 4-Chloroaniline | -3.3 | 18 | Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene | 3.3 | ND |
| Hexachlorobutadiene | 3.3 | ND | Dibenz(a,h)Anthracene | 3.3 | ND |
| 2-Methylnaphthalene | 3.3 | ND | Benzo(g,h,i)Perylene | 3.3 | ND |
| Hexachlorocyclopentadiene | 3.3 | מא | | | |
| 2-Chloronaphthalene | 3.3 | טא | | | |
| | 4 3 | 1175 | And Compounds | KDL, | conc.* |
| 2-Nitroaniline | 17 | ND | Acid Compounds | Why. | Conc. |
| 2-Nitroaniline Dimethyl Phthalate | 3.3 | ND ND | • | | |
| Dimethyl Phthalate Acenaphthylene | 3.3 3.3 | ND ND | Pheno1 | -3.3- | TR |
| Dimethyl Phthalate | 3.3 3.3 17 | ND | Phenol | -3.3- 3.3 | TR ND |
| Dimethyl Phthalate Acenaphthylene | 3.3 3.3 | ND ND | Pheno1 | -3.3- 3.3 3.3 | TR ND ND |
| Dimethyl Phthalate Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene Dibenzofuran | 3.3 3.3 17 | ND ND ND | Phenol | -3.3- 3.3 3.3 3.3 | TR ND ND ND |
| Dimethyl Phthalate Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene | 3.3 3.3 17 3.3 | ND ND ND ND | Phenol | -3.3- 3.3 3.3 3.3 | TR ND ND |
| Dimethyl Phthalate Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene Dibenzofuran | 3.3 3.3 17 3.3 3.3 | ND ND ND ND ND | Phenol | -3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 | TR ND ND ND ND ND |
| Dimethyl Phthalate Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene Dibenzofuran 2,4-Dinitrotoluene | 3.3 3.3 17 3.3 3.3 3.3 | ND ND ND ND ND ND | Phenol | -3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 | TR ND ND ND ND ND |
| Dimethyl Phthalate Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene Dibenzofuran 2,4-Dinitrotoluene 2,6-Dinitrotoluene | 3.3 3.3 17 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 | ND ND ND ND ND ND ND | Phenol | -3.3-3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3-3.3-3.3-3.3 | TR ND ND ND ND ND |
| Dimethyl Phthalate Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene Dibenzofuran 2,4-Dinitrotoluene 2,6-Dinitrotoluene Diethylphthalate | 3.3 3.3 17 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 | ND ND ND ND ND ND ND | Phenol | -3.3-3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 -3.3-3.3-17 | TR ND ND ND ND ND ND ND4.1 ND ND |
| Dimethyl Phthalate Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene Dibenzofuran 2,4-Dinitrotoluene 2,6-Dinitrotoluene Diethylphthalate 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether | 3.3 3.3 17 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 | ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND | Phenol | -3.3-3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3-3.3- | TR ND |
| Dimethyl Phthalate Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene Dibenzofuran 2,4-Dinitrotoluene 2,6-Dinitrotoluene Diethylphthalate 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether Fluorene | 3.3 3.3 17 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 | ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND | Phenol | -3.3-3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 -3.3-3.7 17 | TR ND ND ND ND ND ND ND4.1 ND ND |
| Dimethyl Phthalate Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene Dibenzofuran 2,4-Dinitrotoluene 2,6-Dinitrotoluene Diethylphthalate 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether Fluorene 4-Nitroaniline N-Nitrosodiphenylamine 4-Bromophenyl-phenylether | 3.3 3.3 17 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 | ND N | Phenol | -3.3- 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 -3.3- 17 17 17 | TR ND |
| Dimethyl Phthalate Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene Dibenzofuran 2,4-Dinitrotoluene 2,6-Dinitrotoluene Diethylphthalate 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether Fluorene 4-Nitroaniline N-Nitrosodiphenylamine 4-Bromophenyl-phenylether Hexachlorobenzene | 3.3 17 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 17 3.3 3.3 -3.3 | ND N | Phenol | -3.3- 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 -3.3- 17 17 17 | TR ND |
| Dimethyl Phthalate Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene Dibenzofuran 2,4-Dinitrotoluene 2,6-Dinitrotoluene Diethylphthalate 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether Fluorene 4-Nitroaniline N-Nitrosodiphenylamine 4-Bromophenyl-phenylether | 3.3 17 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 17 3.3 3.3 -3.3 | ND N | Phenol | -3.3- 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 -3.3- 17 17 17 | TR ND |
| Dimethyl Phthalate Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene Dibenzofuran 2,4-Dinitrotoluene 2,6-Dinitrotoluene Diethylphthalate 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether Fluorene 4-Nitroaniline N-Nitrosodiphenylamine 4-Bromophenyl-phenylether Hexachlorobenzene | 3.3 17 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 17 3.3 3.3 -3.3 | ND N | Phenol | -3.3- 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 -3.3- 17 17 17 | TR ND |

| QA/QC Surrogate | Rec. | Range CLP |
|----------------------|------|-----------|
| 2 Fluorophenol | NAZ | 25 - 121% |
| Phenol-D5 | NA% | 24 - 113% |
| Ni trobenzene-D5 | NAX | 23 - 120% |
| 2 Fluorobiphenyl | NA% | 25 - 121% |
| 2,4,6-Tribromophenol | NAX | 19 - 122% |
| Torpheny1-D14 | NA% | 18 - 137% |

Notes: ND = Below minimum detectable level (MDL)

* = mg/kg based on sample weight as received

TR = Trace amount present but below MDL

NA = Not applicable



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago Sample ID: BORING #1, SAMPLE #4

Sample Type: Soil

+2-40

CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-04M Date Received: 08/09/90 Internal Code: 5590

Semi-Volatile Base/Neutral and Acid Extractable Organic by EPA Method 8270 (ref. c) - System C

> Extraction Date: 08/15/90 Analysis Date: 08/23/90

| Base/Neutral Compounds | MDL* | Conc.* | Base/Neutral Compounds | MDL* | Conc.* |
|-----------------------------|------|--------|----------------------------|-----------|---------|
| bis(2-Chloroethyl)Ether | 6.7 | ND | Di-n-Butylphthalate | 6.7 | ND |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | 6.7 | ND | Fluoranthene | 6.7 | ND |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | 6.7 | ND | Pyrene | 6.7 | ND |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | 6.7 | ND | Butylbenzylphthalate | 6.7 | ND |
| bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)Ether | 6.7 | ND | 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine | 13 | ND |
| N-Nitroso-Di-n-Propylamine | 6.7 | ND | Benzo(a)Anthracene | 6.7 | ND |
| Hexachloroethane | 6.7 | ND | bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate | 13 | ND |
| Nitrobenzeme | 6.7 | ND | Chrysene | 6.7 | ND |
| Isophorone | 6.7 | ND | Di-n-Octylphthalate | 6.7 | ND |
| bis(2-Chloroethoxy)Methane | 6.7 | ND | Benzo(b)Fluoranthene | 6.7 | ND |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | 6.7 | ND | Benzo(k)Fluoranthene | 6.7 | ND |
| Naphthalene | 6.7 | ND | Benzo(a)Pyrene | 6.7 | ND |
| 4-Chloroaniline | 6.7 | ND | Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene | 6.7 | ND |
| Hexachlorobutadiene | 6.7 | ND | Dibenz(a,h)Anthracene | 6.7 | ND |
| 2-Methylnaphthalene | 6.7 | ND | Benzo(g,h,i)Perylene | 6.7 | ND |
| Hexachlorocyclopentadiene | 6.7 | ND | ,_, , , , | | |
| 2-Chloronaphthalene | 6.7 | ND | | | |
| 2-Nitroaniline | 33 | ND | Acid Compounds | HDL* | Conc. * |
| Dimethyl Phthalate | 6.7 | ND | • | | |
| Acenaphthylene | 6.7 | ND | Phenol | -6.7 | 2:2 |
| 3-Nitroaniline | 33 | ND | 2-Chlorophenol | 6.7 | ND |
| Acenaphthene | 6.7 | ND | 2-Methylphenol | 6.7 | CIM |
| Dibenzofuran | 6.7 | ND | 4-Methylphenol | 6.7 | CIN |
| 2,4-Dinitrotoluene | 6.7 | ND | 2-Nitrophenol | 6.7 | ND |
| 2,6-Dinitrotoluene | 6.7 | ND | 2,4-Dimethylphenol | 6.7 | ND |
| Diethylphthalate | 6.7 | ND | 2,4-Dichlorophenol | 6.7 | ND |
| 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether | 6.7 | ND | 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol | 6.7 | ND |
| Fluorene | 6.7 | ND | 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol | 33 | ND |
| 4-Nitroaniline | 33 | ND | 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol | 33 | NI) |
| N-Nitrosodiphenylamine | 6.7 | ND | 2,4-Dinitrophenol | 33 | ND |
| 4-Bromophenyl-phenylether | 6.7 | ND | 4-Nitrophenol | 33 | ND |
| Hexachlorobenzene | 6.7 | ND | 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol | 33 | ND |
| Phenanthrene | 6.7 | ND | Pentachlorophenol | 33 | NE) |
| Anthracene | 6.7 | ND | • | | |
| | | | QA/QC Surrogate Rec | . Rai | nge CLP |

2-Fluorophenol NAX 25 - 121% Phenol-D5 NAX 24 - 113% 23 - 113% Nitrobenzene-D5 NAX 25 - 121% 2 Fluorobiphenyl NAX NAX 19 - 122% 2,4,6-Tribromophenol NAX 18 - 137% Terphenyl-D14

Notes: ND " Below minimum detectable level (MDL)

* " mg/kg based on sample weight as received

NA = Not applicable



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago
Sample ID: BORING #1, SAMPLE #3

Sample Type: Soil

CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-03M Date Received: 08/09/90 Internal Code: SS90

Semi-Volatile Base/Neutral and Acid Extractable Organic by EPA Method 8270 (ref. c) - System C Extraction Date: 08/10/90

Analysis Date: 08/23/90

| Base/Neutral Compounds | HDL* | Conc.* | Base/Neutral Compounds | MDL* | Conc.* |
|--|--|--|---|--|--|
| bis(2-Chloroethyl)Ether | 6.7 | ND | Di-n-Butylphthalate | 6.7 | ND |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | 6.7 | ND | Fluoranthene | 6.7 | ND |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | 6.7 | ND | Pyrene | 6.7 | ND |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | 6.7 | ND | Butylbenzylphthalate | 6.7 | ND |
| bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)Ether | 6.7 | ND | 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine | 13 | ND |
| N-Nitroso-Di-n-Propylamine | 6.7 | ND | Benzo(a)Anthracene | 6.7 | ND |
| Hexachloroethane | 6.7 | ИD | bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate | 13 | ND |
| Nitrobenzene | 6.7 | ND | Chrysene | 6.7 | ND |
| Isophorone | 6.7 | ND | Di-n-Octylphthalate | 6.7 | ND |
| bis(2-Chloroethoxy)Methane | 6.7 | ND | Benzo(b)Fluoranthene | 6.7 | ND - |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | 6.7 | ND | Benzo(k)Fluoranthene | 6.7 | ND |
| Naphthalene | 6.7 | ND | Benzo(a)Pyrene | 6.7 | ND |
| 4-Chloroaniline | 6.7 | ND | Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene | 6.7 | ND |
| Hexachlorobutadiene | 6.7 | ND | Dibenz(a,h)Anthracene | 6.7 | ND |
| 2-Methylnaphthalene | 6.7 | ND | Benzo(g,h,i)Perylene | 6.7 | ND |
| Hexachlorocyclopentadiene | 6.7 | ND | | | |
| 2-Chloronaphthalene | 6.7 | ND | | | ٧. |
| 2-Nitroaniline | 33 | ND | Acid Compounds | MDL* | Conc.* |
| | | | | | |
| Dimethyl Phthalate | 6.7 | ND | | | |
| Acenaphthylene | 6.7 | ND ND | Pheno1 | | |
| | 6.7 33 | ND ND | Phenol2-Chlorophenol | 6.7 | ND |
| Acenaphthylene | 6.7 | ND | | | |
| Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline | 6.7 33 | ND ND | 2-Chlorophenol | 6.7 | ND |
| Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene | 6.7 33 6.7 | nd nd ND | 2-Chlorophenol 2-Methylphenol 4-Methylphenol 2-Nitrophenol | 6.7 6.7 | ND ND |
| Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene Dibenzofuran | 6.7 33 6.7 6.7 | ND ND ND ND | 2-Chlorophenol 2-Methylphenol 4-Methylphenol | 6.7 6.7 6.7 | ND ND ND ND ND |
| Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene Dibenzofuran 2,4-Dinitrotoluene | 6.7 33 6.7 6.7 | ND ND ND ND ND | 2-Chlorophenol 2-Methylphenol 4-Methylphenol 2-Nitrophenol | 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 | ND ND ND ND ND ND |
| Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene Dibenzofuran 2,4-Dinitrotoluene 2,6-Dinitrotoluene | 6.7 33 6.7 6.7 6.7 | ND ND ND ND ND ND | 2-Chlorophenol 2-Methylphenol 4-Methylphenol 2-Nitrophenol 2,4-Dimethylphenol | 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 | ND ND ND ND ND |
| Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene Dibenzofuran 2,4-Dinitrotoluene 2,6-Dinitrotoluene Diethylphthalate 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether Fluorene | 6.7 33 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 | ND ND ND ND ND ND ND | 2-Chlorophenol 2-Methylphenol 4-Methylphenol 2-Nitrophenol 2,4-Dimethylphenol 2,4-Dichlorophenol | 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 | ND ND ND ND ND ND ND |
| Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene Dibenzofuran 2,4-Dinitrotoluene 2,6-Dinitrotoluene Diethylphthalate 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether | 6.7 33 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 | ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND | 2-Chlorophenol 2-Methylphenol 4-Methylphenol 2-Nitrophenol 2,4-Dimethylphenol 2,4-Dichlorophenol 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol | 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 | ND ND ND ND ND ND |
| Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene Dibenzofuran 2,4-Dinitrotoluene 2,6-Dinitrotoluene Diethylphthalate 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether Fluorene | 6.7 33 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 | ND ND ND ND ND ND ND | 2-Chlorophenol 2-Methylphenol 4-Methylphenol 2-Nitrophenol 2,4-Dimethylphenol 2,4-Dichlorophenol 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol | 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 33 33 | ND |
| Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene Dibenzofuran 2,4-Dinitrotoluene 2,6-Dinitrotoluene Diethylphthalate 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether Fluorene 4-Nitroaniline | 6.7 33 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 | ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND | 2-Chlorophenol 2-Methylphenol 4-Methylphenol 2-Nitrophenol 2,4-Dimethylphenol 2,4-Dichlorophenol 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol | 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 33 33 33 | ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND |
| Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene Dibenzofuran 2,4-Dinitrotoluene 2,6-Dinitrotoluene Diethylphthalate 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether Fluorene 4-Nitroaniline N-Nitrosodiphenylamine | 6.7 33 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 | ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND | 2-Chlorophenol 2-Methylphenol 4-Methylphenol 2-Nitrophenol 2,4-Dimethylphenol 2,4-Dichlorophenol 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol 2,4-Dinitrophenol | 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 33 33 33 33 | ND |
| Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene Dibenzofuran 2,4-Dinitrotoluene 2,6-Dinitrotoluene Diethylphthalate 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether Fluorene 4-Nitroaniline N-Nitrosodiphenylamine 4-Bromophenyl-phenylether | 6.7 33 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 | ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND | 2-Chlorophenol 2-Methylphenol 4-Methylphenol 2-Nitrophenol 2,4-Dimethylphenol 2,4-Dichlorophenol 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol 2,4-Dinitrophenol 4-Nitrophenol | 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 33 33 33 | ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND |
| Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene Dibenzofuran 2,4-Dinitrotoluene 2,6-Dinitrotoluene Diethylphthalate 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether Fluorene 4-Nitroaniline N-Nitrosodiphenylamine 4-Bromophenyl-phenylether Hexachlorobenzene | 6.7 33 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 | ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND | 2-Chlorophenol 2-Methylphenol 4-Methylphenol 2-Nitrophenol 2,4-Dimethylphenol 2,4-Dichlorophenol 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol 2,4-Dinitrophenol 4-Nitrophenol 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol | 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 33 33 33 33 | ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND |

| | | • |
|----------------------|-------------|-----------|
| 2-Fluorophenol | 34% | 25 - 121% |
| Phenol-D5 | 55% | 24 - 113% |
| Nitrobenzene-D5 | 42% | 23 - 113% |
| 2-Fluorobiphenyl | 54% | 25 - 121% |
| 2,4,6-Tribromophenol | 37% | 19 - 122% |
| Terphenyl-D14 | 51 % | 18 - 137% |

Notes: ND = Below minimum detectable level (MDL)

^{* -} mg/kg based on sample weight as received



Sample Type: Soil

CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-15U Date Received: 08/09/90

| Parameter | MDL* | Result* | Digestion Date | Analysis Date | Method Number and Reference |
|-----------------|--------|---------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| Arsenic - TCLP | 0.04 | ND | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Barium - TCLP | 0.002 | 0.348 | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Cadmium - TCLP | 0.003 | ND | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Chromium - TCLP | 0.004 | 0.024 | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Lead - TCLP | 0.05 | ND | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Mercury - TCLP | 0.0003 | ND | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 7470(c) |
| Selenium - TCLP | 0.06 | ND | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Silver - TCLP | 0.02 | ND | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 3005/6010(c) |

Sample extracted on 08/28/90

Notes: ND - Below minimum detectable level (MDL)

 $\star = mg/1$

Soil/solid samples based on sample dry weight.

TCLP = Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure as described in the Federal Register, Volume 51, No. 216.



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago Sample I.D.: Boring 4 Sample 4

Sample Type: Soil

CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-16U Date Received: 08/09/90

| Parameter | MDL* | Result* | Digestion Date | Analysis Date | Method Number and Reference |
|-----------------|--------|---------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| Arsenic - TCLP | 0.04 | ND | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Barium - TCLP | 0.002 | 0.149 | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Cadmium - TCLP | 0.003 | ND | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Chromium - TCLP | 0.004 | ND | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Lead - TCLP | 0.05 | ND | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Mercury - TCLP | 0,0003 | ND | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 7470(c) |
| Selenium - TCLP | 0.06 | ND | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Silver - TCLP | 0.02 | ND | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 3005/6010(|

Sample extracted on 08/27/90

Notes: ND - Below minimum datectable level (MDL)

* = mg/1

Soil/solid samples based on sample dry weight.

TCLP = Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure as described in the Federal Register, Volume 51, No. 216.



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago Sample I.D.: Boring 4 Sample 2

Sample Type: Soil

54 **kg** p14

TIP

CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-14U

Date Received: 08/09/90

| Parameter | MDL* | Result* | Digestion Date | Analysis Date | Method Number and Reference |
|-----------------|--------|---------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| Arsenic - TCLP | 0.04 | ND | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Barium - TCLP | 0.002 | 0.463 | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Cadmium - TCLP | 0.003 | ND | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Chromium - TCLP | 0.004 | 0.019 | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Lead - TCLP | 0.05 | ДИ | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Mercury - TCLP | 0.0003 | ND | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 7470(c) |
| Selenium - TCLP | 0.06 | ND | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Silver - TCLP | 0.02 | ND | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 3005/6010(c) |

Sample extracted on 08/28/90

Notes: ND - Below minimum detectable level (MDL)

* = mg/l

Soil/solid samples based on sample dry weight.

TCLP - Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure as described in the Federal Register, Volume 51, No. 216.



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago Sample I.D.: Boring 4 Sample 1

Sample Type: Soil

CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-13U Date Received: 08/09/90

| Parameter | MDL* | Result* | Digestion Date | Analysis Date | Method Number and Reference |
|-----------------|--------|---------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| Arsenic - TCLP | 0.04 | ND | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Barium - TCLP | 0.002 | 0.295 | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Cadmium - TCLP | 0.003 | ND | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Chromium - TCLP | 0,004 | ND | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Lead - TCLP | 0.05 | ND | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Mercury - TCLP | 0.0003 | ND | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 7470(c) |
| Selenium - TCLP | 0.06 | ND | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Silver - TCLP | 0.02 | ND | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 3005/6010(c |

Sample extracted on 08/27/90

Notes: ND - Below minimum detectable level (MDL)

* = mg/1

Soil/solid samples based on sample dry weight.

TCLP - Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure as described in the Federal Register, Volume 51, No. 216.

Digestion

Date

08/30/90

08/30/90

08/30/90

08/30/90

08/30/90

08/30/90

08/30/90

08/30/90



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago Sample I.D.: Boring 3 Sample 1

Sample Type: Soil

Parameter

Arsenic - TCLP

Barium - TCLP

Cadmium - TCLP

Mercury - TCLP

Silver - TCLP

Selenium - TCLP

Lead - TCLP

Alder .

Chromium - TCLP

CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-09U Date Received: 08/09/90

Analysis Method Number Date and Reference 08/31/90 3010/6010(c) 08/31/90 3010/6010(c) 08/31/90 3010/6010(c) 08/31/90 3010/6010(c) 08/31/90 3010/6010(c) 08/31/90 7470(c)

3010/6010(c)

3005/6010(c)

08/31/90

08/31/90

Sample extracted on 08/27/90

Notes: ND - Below minimum detectable level (MDL)

 $\star = mg/1$

Soil/solid samples based on sample dry weight.

MDL*

0.04

0.002

0.003

0.004

0.0003

0.05

0.06

0.02

TCLP - Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure as described in the Federal Register, Volume 51, No. 216.

Result*

ND

ND

ND

ND

ND

0.338

0.013

0.015



OF CHICAGO, INC. 11800 S. STONY ISLAND AVENUE CHICAGO, IL 60617 (312) 646-6202

February 20, 1991

Mr. Greg Dunn #24
ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
2200 Churchill Road
P.O. Box 19276
Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276

Dear Mr. Dunn:

Per your letter dated January 11, 1991, I have enclosed the groundwater sample data from our on-site monitor well. The soil sample data from the pit just south of our office trailer will be forwarded to you upon corporate approval.

Should you require more information or have any questions, please feel free to contact me at 312/646-6202.

Sincerely,

CLEAN HARBORS OF CHICAGO, INC.

James R. Laubsted General Manager

2 R. Landtal

Enclosure

JRL/mk

RECEIVED

FEB 2.5 1991

IEPA/DLPC



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago

Sample I.D.: Monitoring Well 4TH Quarter

01/10/71 19:40

Sample Type: Water

| Parameter | HDL* | Result* | Digestion Date | Analysis Date | Method Number and Reference |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Antimony - Total Arsenic - Total Beryllium - Total Cadmium - Total Chromium - Total Copper - Total Lead - Total Mercury - Total Nickel - Total Selenium - Total Silver - Total Thallium - Total Zinc - Total | 0.06 0.04 0.002 0.003 0.004 0.02 0.05 0.0003 0.01 0.06 0.02 0.07 0.002 | ND 0.05 0.008 ND O.12 ND ND ND ND ND | 12/26/90 12/26/90 12/26/90 12/26/90 12/26/90 12/26/90 12/26/90 12/26/90 12/26/90 12/26/90 12/26/90 12/26/90 12/26/90 | 12/26/90 12/26/90 12/26/90 12/26/90 12/26/90 12/26/90 12/27/90 12/26/90 12/26/90 12/26/90 12/26/90 12/26/90 12/26/90 | 3005/200.7(a) 4.1.3/200.7(a) |

Notes: ND - Below minimum detectable level (MDL)

 $\star = mg/1$

-Million 🎉

All metal results are blank corrected.

RECEIVED

CHAS Lab #: 90X12144-01F

Date Received: 12/21/90

FEB 2.5 1991 IEPA/DLPC 01/18/91 14:29 **2** 617 275 6317 CLERN HARBORS



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago

Sample I.D.: Monitoring Well 4TH Quarter

Sample Type: Water

CHAS Lab #: 90X12144-01H

95

Date Received: 12/21/90

| Parameter | ndl | Result | Units | Analysis Date | Method Number and Reference |
|----------------|------|--------|-------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| Cyanide, Total | 0.02 | 0.46 | mg/l | 12/28/90 | 335.2(a) |

Notes: ND = Below minimum detectable level (MDL)

RECEIVED

FEB 2.5 1991 IEPA/DLPC



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago

Sample ID: MONITORING VELL

Sample Type: Vater

CHAS Lab #: 90X12144-01G Date Received: 12/21/90 Internal Code: SV110

160% 33 - 141%

Semi-Volatile Base/Neutral and Acid Extractable Organics by EPA Method 625 (ref. f)

Extraction Date: 12/26/90 Analysis Date: 01/04/91

| Base/Neutral. Compounds | MDL* | Conc.* | Base/Neutral Compound | da M | DŁ* | Conc.* |
|----------------------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------------|-------------|------------|---------|
| bis(2-Chlordethyl)Ether | 50 | ND | Di-n-Butylphthalate | | 50 | ND |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | 50 | ND | Fluoranthene | | 50 | ND |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | 50 | ND | Pyrene | | 50 | ND |
| 1,2-Dichlorabenzene | 50 | ND | Butylbenzylphthalate | | 50 | ND |
| bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)Ethe | | ND | 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidir | ie 1 | 100 | ND |
| N-Nitroso-Di-n-Propylamine | 50 | ND | Benzo(a)Anthracene | | 50 | ND |
| Hexachloroethane | 50 | ND | bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phth | alate 1 | 100 | ND |
| Nitrobenzene | 50 | ND | Chrysene | | 50 | ND |
| Isophorone | 50 | ND | Di-n-Octylphthalate | | 50 | ND |
| bis(2-Chloroethoxy)Methane | | ND | Benzo(b)Fluoranthene | | 50 | ND |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | 50 | ND | Benzo(k)Fluoranthene | | 50 | ND |
| Naphthalene | 50 | ND | Benzo(a)Pyrene | | 50 | ND |
| Hexachlorobutadiene | 50 | ND | Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyren | e | 50 | CIA |
| Hexachlorocyclopentadiene | 50 | ND | Dibenz(a,h)Anthracene | , | 50 | ND |
| , 2-Chloronaphthalene | 50 | ИD | Benzo(g,h,i)Perylene | | 50 | CIM |
| Dimethyl Phthalate | 50 | ND | N-nitrosodimethylamin | | 50 | ND |
| Acemaphthylene | 50 | ND | 1,2-diphenylhydrazine | | | |
| Acenaphthene | 50 | ND | (as Azobenzene) | | 5 0 | ND |
| 2,4-Dinitrotoluene | 50 | ND | Benzidine | 2 | 50 | ND |
| 2,6-Dinitrotoluene | 50 | ND | | | | |
| Diethylphthalate | 50 | ND | Acid Compounds | MD | L* | Conc. * |
| 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether | 50 | ND | | | | |
| Fluorene | 50 | ND | Phenol | | 50 | 1600 |
| N-Nitrosodiphenylamine | 50 | ND | 2-Chlorophenol | | 50 50 | ND |
| 4-Bromophenyl-phenylether | 50 | ND | 2-Nitrophenol | | 50 | ND |
| Hexachlorobenzene | 50 | ND | 2,4-Dimethylphenol | | 50 | ND |
| Phenanthrene | 50 | ND | 2,4-Dichlorophenol | | 50 | ND |
| Anthracene | 50 | ND | 4-Chloro-3-methylphen | | 50 | ND |
| | | | 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol | | 50 | ND |
| | | | 2,4-Dinitrophenol | | 50 | ND |
| | | | 4-Nitrophenol | | 50 | ND |
| | | | 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylp | | 50 | ND |
| | | | Pentachlorophenol | 2: | 50 | ND |
| | | | QA/QC Surrogate | Rec. | Rar | nge CLP |
| RF | CEIVE | D | 2-Fluorophenol | 89 % | 21 | - 100% |
| U & Lee | | | Phenol-D5 | 35% | | - 110% |
| res | 3 2 5 19 | Q ₁ | Nitrobenzene-D5 | 80% | | - 114% |
| FCI | <i>ا د در</i> و | · · · | 2-Fluorobiphenyl | 200% | | - 116% |
| , IE | PA/DLP | C: | 2,4,6-Tribromophenol | 123% | - | - 123% |
| 1 h | | ~" | elalo_frionohischof | 1634 | ΤO | - ICJ/ |

Terphenyl-D14

Notes:

ND = Below minimum detectable level (MDL)



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago Sample ID: MONITORING WELL

CBAS Lab #: 90X12144-01G Date Received: 12/21/90

TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

| Compound | Fraction | Estimated Concentration* |
|------------------------|--|---|
| unknown compound | BNA | 19 |
| 1-Methyl-2-pyrroliding | ne BNA | 36 |
| unknown compound | BNA | 35 |
| 4-Methyl Benzoic Acid | BNA | 800 |
| unknown compound | BNA | 45 |
| unknown compound | BNA | 26 |
| unknown compound | BNA | 55 |
| unknown compound | BNA | 2 7 |
| unknown compound | BNA | 200 |
| unknovn compound | BNA | 910 |
| unknown compound | BNA | 130 |
| | unknown compound 1-Methyl-2-pyrroliding unknown compound 4-Methyl Benzoic Acid unknown compound | unknown compound BNA 1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidinone BNA unknown compound BNA 4-Methyl Benzoic Acid BNA unknown compound BNA |

Notes

* = ug/1



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago

Sample ID: MONITORING WELL

Sample Type: Water

N.,

CHAS Lab #: 90X12144-01AB Date Received:12/21/90 Internal Code: VV110

Volatile Organic Analysis by EPA Method 624

Analysis Date: 01/02/91

| Parameter . | MDL* | Conc.* | Parameter | MDL* | Conc.* |
|---------------------------|------|--------|---------------------------|------|--------|
| Priority Pollutant Compou | nds: | | 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | 50 | ND |
| Chloromethane | 100 | ND | trans-1,3-Dichloropropene | 50 | ND |
| Bromomethane | 100 | ND | 2-Chloroethylvinyl Ether | 100 | ND |
| Vinyl Chloride | 100 | ND | Bromoform | 50 | ND |
| Chloroethane | 100 | ND | 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | 50 | ND |
| Methylene Chloride | 50 | 1800 | Tetrachloroethene | 50 | ND |
| Trichlorofluoromethane | 50 | ND | Toluene | 50 | ND |
| 1,1-Dichloroethene | 50 | ND | Chlorobenzen e | 50 | ND |
| 1,1-Dichloroethane | 50 | ND | Ethylbenzene | 50 | ND |
| trans-1,2-Dichloroethene | 50 | ND | Acrolein | 100 | ND |
| Chloroform | 50 | ND | Acrylonitrile | 100 | ND |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | 50 | ND | | | |
| 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | 50 | ND | | | |
| Carbon Tetrachloride | 50 | ND | | | |
| Bromodichloromethane | 50 | ND | | | |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane | 50 | ND | | | |
| cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | 50 | ND | | | |
| Trichloroethene | 50 | ND | | | |
| Benzene | 50 | ND | | | |
| Dibromochloromethane | 50 | ND | | | |

Notes:

ND = below minimum detectable level (MDL)

 $\star = ug/1$

QA/QC Surrogate recoveries:

1,2-Dichloroethane-D4: 99%

Toluene-D8: 108%

p-BFB: 100%



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago Sample ID: HONITORING WELL CHAS Lab #: 90X12144-01AB
Date Received: 12/21/90

TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

| CAS Number | Compound | Fraction | Estimated Concentration* |
|------------|------------|----------|-----------------------------|
| | none found | AOV | |

Notesi

 $\star = ug/1$



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago

Sample I.D.: Monitoring Well 4TH Quarter

Sample Type: Water

411

Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB's) by EPA Method 3510/8080 CHAS Lab #: 90X12144-01P

Date Received: 12/21/90

Extraction Data: 12/26/90 Analysis Date: 12/28/90

| Parameter | MDL | Concentration | lon Units | |
|--------------------|-----|---------------|-----------|--|
| PCB - Aroclor 1016 | 0.1 | ND | ug/l | |
| PCB - Aroclor 1221 | 0.1 | ND | ug/l | |
| PCB - Aroclor 1232 | 0.1 | ND | ug/1 | |
| PCB - Aroclor 1242 | 0.1 | ND | ug/l | |
| PCB - Aroclor 1248 | 0.1 | ND | ug/1 | |
| PCB - Aroclor 1254 | 0,2 | ND | ug/l | |
| PCB - Aroclor 1260 | 0.2 | ND | ug/1 | |

Notes: ND - Below minimum detectable level (MDL)



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago

Sample I.D.: Monitoring Well 4TH Quarter

Sample Type: Water

CHAS Lab #: 90X12144-01P Date Received: 12/21/90

Organochlorine Pesticides by EPA Method 3510/8080

Extraction Date: 12/26/90 Analysis Date: 12/30/90

| Parameter | MDL | Concentration | Units |
|---------------------|------|---------------|---------------|
| Alpha-BHC | 0.05 | ND | ug/l |
| Gamma-BHC (Lindane) | 0.05 | ND | ug/l |
| Beta-BHC | 0.05 | ND | ug/1 |
| Heptachlor | 0.05 | ND | ug/1 |
| Delta-BHC | 0.05 | ND | ug/1 |
| Aldrin | 0.05 | ND | ug/1 |
| Heptachlor Epoxide | 0.05 | ND | ug/l |
| Gamma-Chlordane | 0.05 | ND | ug/1 |
| Alpha-Chlordane | 0.05 | ND | ug/1 |
| Endosulfan I | 0.05 | ND | ug/1 |
| 4,4'-DDE | 0.10 | ND | ug/1 |
| Dieldrin | 0.10 | ND | ug/1 |
| Endrin | 0.10 | ND | ug/1 |
| 4,4'-DDD | 0.10 | ND | ug/1 |
| Endosulfan II | 0.10 | ND | u g/ 1 |
| 4,4'-DDT | 0.10 | ND | ug/l |
| Endrin Aldehyde | 0.10 | ND | ug/l |
| Endosulfan Sulfate | 0.10 | ND | ug/1 |
| Methoxychlor | 0.50 | ND | ug/1 |
| Endrin Ketone | 0.10 | ND | ug/1 |
| Technical Chlordane | 0.50 | ND | ug/1 |
| Toxaphene | 1.0 | ND | ug/1 |
| | | | |

Notes: ND - Below minimum detectable level (MDL)

| (10) - ILLINOIS ENVIRO | NMENTAL PROTECTION | agencydivis | ICH OF WATER POLI | LUTION CONTROL |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---|
| | SPECIA | L ANALYSIS FO | 巡 CU5425 、 | JAN3174 |
| Time Collected | • | | sia SHIA CAL | |
| pate Collected 1/31/74 | | Collect | con ZIEMPA + 19 | IKOLAITIS |
| racility Name: Myaph UNSTE MEMT. | Facility Numbe | r: // | File Town 100 Start ZSA | END - CHICALO |
| itream Name(s) | | | Stream Code: | |
| ource of Sample: (Exect L | ocation) | | | ••• |
| TEST WE | 24#10 | ···· | | |
| | | · | | · |
| hysical Observations, Rem | ITKS : | | | • |
| | | | • | |
| | • | | | |
| - Zield | l Dissolved Oxygen | · . | Field pH | Field Tamp. |
| | | | GREATER_ | <u>!</u> |
| 2: 00 4 (Arsenic) | | Colifors/100s | | |
| 1.0 Sarium | | Fecal Colifor 100 m | | 0 (600) |
| 2.3 | | Fecal Strep | ورا الاستوالي | <u></u> |
| 1.00 Cadmium | 23.0 | 100 m (Algze (Total) | - 2 2 | Susp. Soll is |
| .10 Copper | | Amonia (3) | | Vol.Susp. Solids |
| SUFFICIENT CATOMIUM (DE) | | Organic Nitro | gen (N) 10. | 9 64 (uni 13) |
| ample thronis (her | 0.5 | Nitrate + Nit | Dita(N) | Turbidity (JTU) |
| (Total) | 0.68 | Phospibrus) (5 | | Hardness |
| Iron (Dissolve | | | Insufficient | |
| 115 | , , | RE RE | CEIVE PARTIE | (lkalinit) |
| | - /> ^ | | HICAGO OFFICE | Total Acidity |
| 1.62 Nanganasa | • | • • | EB 19 1974 | Free Acidity |
| Mercuri (206) | 6.0 | Cyanide VISONM | ENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY | 011 |
| (ickel) | | MBAS | 3733 | |
|) 0 0 Selenium | D. 82 0. | Phenol (20/2) | 4392 | -ROE |
| O O Silver | Transported by: | 577 | Lab Number CO C | LAB USE ONLY |
| (Zinc) | Received by: | 0 | | 'd:/-3/-74 Time: 7 : |
| sults in mg/1 unless | | | Data analysis c | ompleted: $\frac{2-1}{2}$ |
| therwise noted. Total | Transported by: | : | Date results for | razzded: 2-15-79 uested: 27tests run |
| 0.14 Chromeum | Received by: | | Lab Section Co | (7. makarch |



TILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY--DIVISION OF WATER POLLUTION CONTROL

| | | SPECIAL ANAL | ISIS FORM CU5426 | 3 JAN3174 |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| ri- Collected | | | Sub-Basin SHIP | CANAL |
| Date Collected | Fac | ility Number: | Collector 2/EMBA | |
| BYON WISS | TE- MAMT. | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | Stream Cod | ZSLEND - CHICAGO |
| Source of Sample | : (Exact Location) | | | ••• |
| | TEST WEL | 1 +13 | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| ·. | 104 WEL | | | RECEIVED |
| hysical Observa | tions. Remarks: | | | FEB 1 5 1974 |
| · | | | çanı) | POWERFAL PROTECTION ASSESSY |
| ٠ | • | | • | STATE OF ILLENDIS |
| lðim' | Field Dissol | ved Oxygen | Field pH | Field Temp. |
|): Old Arse | | Cclifo | ra/100a1 | 300 |
| 0.0 Ear | | Fecal (| | 280 Cm |
| COLOR TE ERENCE SOF | | Fecal | IOO ml Strep | IS/EC |
| 7-4 8 Cadi | · · | • | 100 ml (Total) /ml | Susp.Solids |
| 30. 0 Cop | <u> </u> | 48.0 Amoni | | • |
| | | | | Vol.Susp.Solids |
| JTERFER. | | • | | D· D pH (units) |
| · . | mium (Bex) | Ritrat | e + Nitrite(N) | Torbidity (JTJ) |
| 500 | (Total) | Phosph | orus (2) | Eardness |
| Iron | n (Dissolved) | Chlorie | de | Alkalimity |
| 1.5 (Leas | <u> </u> | Fluor | de | Total Acidity |
| 100. 0 Hans | 30.50 | Sulfat | • | Free Acidity |
| 0. 3 Mere | ur (p)6) | Cyznid: | | 011 |
| 45. 0. Mel | (e) | MBAS | | Other (Specify) |
| 2.00 Sel | nim | Phenol | (dqc) | |
| 2. 22 511 | Transpo | rted by: | | OS.123 ec'd by F Cal |
| 5 mo . D Fing | Receive | d by: | Date sample | rec'd: (-3/-74 Time: 2.24 |
| esults in mg/l therwise noted. | | ried by: | Date analys Date result | is completed: $\frac{2-13-74}{2-14-79}$ s forwarded: $\frac{2-14-79}{100}$ |
| 420.0 ch | I LITLACE I | d by: | Total Tests | requested: 17 Tests tung |

| | \ |
|-----|----|
| 14 | _) |
| 14 | |
| ٠~٠ | ٠. |

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY--DIVISION OF WATER POLLUTION CONTROL

| | SPECIAL ANALYSIS ECTED 05427 | JAN3174 |
|---|---|---|
| ne Collected | Sub-Basia SHIP | • |
| to 'derlected 1/31/74 :ility Name: Facil 11/00 WHSTE MEMT. | Collector 2/EMBA: ity Number: File Town 1/200 State | + MINOLAITIS ISLENO - CHICAGO |
| ream Name(s) | Stream Cod | |
| rce of Sample: (Exact Location) | | 11, |
| TEST WELL # | 14 | • |
| | . 85 | CEIVED |
| | | ILAGO OFFICE |
| rsical Observations, Remarks: | | 53 15 1371 |
| | criviasnc Si | MARE PROTECTION RESERVED |
| Field Dissolve | d Oxygen Field pH | Field Temp. |
| Arsenia Arsenia | Colifora/100al | 300 |
| terferma Carium) | Fecal Coliforn | COD |
| 30TTLE EDROR | 100 ml Fecal Strep | TS/-EC |
| Cadmium | 100 =1 | |
| | Algae (Total) /=I | Susp.Solids |
| | Amonia (N) | |
| 0/0/0 | Organic Mitrogen (N) | |
| Chemium (dex) | Nitrate + Kitrite(N) | Turbidity (JTU) |
| 1. 0 Ison (Tobal) | Phosphorus (2) | Hardness . |
| Iron (Dissolved) | Chloride | Alkalinity |
| Lead) | ?luoride | Total Acidity |
| 0.5 Yanganesa - | Sulfate | Free Acidity |
| 0.0 | Cyanide . | 011 |
| ! O · Wickel | MBAS O. | 425 Other (Specify) |
| 00 gelenius | Phenol (ppb) | |
| .05 gilver Transport | Lab Number | FOR LAB USE CALLY F Cache. |
| Received | · Date sample | rec'd:/-3/-79_T153: |
| sults in mg/1 unless terwise noted. | ed by: Date analys | is completed: 2-/3-74 is forwarded: 2-/4-74 |
| 1stalChromium_ 0.33 Received | . Total Tests | requested: 15 Tests Tuni? |
| | 1 123 5562103 | MAINTENA SESETATSON |



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago Sample I.D.: Boring 2 Sample 2

Sample Type: Soil

CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-06U Date Received: 08/09/90

| Parameter | MDL* | Result* | Digestion Date | Analysis Date | Method Number and Reference |
|-----------------|--------|---------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| Arsenic - TCLP | 0.04 | ND | 08/29/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Barium - TCLP | 0.002 | 0.396 | 08/29/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Cadmium - TCLP | 0.003 | ND | 08/29/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Chromium - TCLP | 0.004 | 0.007 | 08/29/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Lead - TCLP | 0.05 | ND | 08/29/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Mercury - TCLP | 0.0003 | ND | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 7470(c) |
| Selenium - TCLP | 0.06 | ND | 08/29/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Silver - TCLP | 0.02 | ND | 08/29/90 | 08/31/90 | 3005/6010(c) |

Sample extracted on 08/28/90

Notes: ND - Below minimum detectable level (MDL)

 $\star - mg/1$

Soil/solid samples based on sample dry weight.

TCLP - Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure as described in the Federal Register, Volume 51, No. 216.

CleanHarbors

Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago Sample I.D.: Boring 2 Sample 4

Sample Type: Soil

CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-08U
Date Received: 08/09/90

| Parameter | MDL* | Result* | Digestion Date | Analysis Date | Method Number and Reference |
|-----------------|--------|---------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| Arsenic - TCLP | 0.04 | ND | 08/29/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(|
| Barium - TCLP | 0.002 | 0.432 | 08/29/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c7 |
| Cadmium - TCLP | 0.003 | ND | 08/29/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Chromium - TCLP | 0.004 | ND | 08/29/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Lead - TCLP | 0.05 | ND | 08/29/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Mercury - TCLP | 0.0003 | מא | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 7470(c) |
| Selenium - TCLP | 0.06 | ND | 08/29/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Silver - TCLP | 0.02 | ND | 08/29/90 | 08/31/90 | 3005/6010(|

Sample extracted on 08/28/90

Notes: ND - Below minimum detectable level (MDL)

 $\star = mg/1$

Soil/solid samples based on sample dry weight.

TCLP = Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure as described in the Federal Register, Volume 51. No. 216.



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago Sample I.D.: Boring 1 Sample 2

Sample Type: Soil

CHAS Lab #: 90X08069-02U Date Received: 08/09/90

| Parameter | MDL* | Result* | Digestion Date | Analysis Date | Method Number and Reference |
|-----------------|--------|---------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| Arsenic - TCLP | 0.04 | ND | 08/29/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Barium - TCLP | 0.002 | 0.484 | 08/29/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Cadmium - TCLP | 0.003 | ND | 08/29/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Chromium - TCLP | 0.004 | 0.005 | 08/29/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Lead - TCLP | 0.05 | ND | 08/29/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Mercury - TCLP | 0.0003 | ИD | 08/30/90 | 08/31/90 | 7470(c) |
| Selenium - TCLP | 0.06 | ND | 08/29/90 | 08/31/90 | 3010/6010(c) |
| Silver - TCLP | 0.02 | ND | 08/29/90 | 08/31/90 | 3005/6010(c) |

Sample extracted on 08/28/90

Notes: ND = Below minimum detectable level (MDL)

 $\star = mg/1$

James p. 2

Soil/solid samples based on sample dry weight.

'LP - Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure as described in the Federal Register, Volume 51, No. 216.



Client: Clean Harbors of Chicago Sample ID: BORING #4, SAMPLE #4

Sample Type: Soil

CRAS Lab #: 90X08069-16M Date Received: 08/09/90 Internal Code: 5590

Semi-Volatile Base/Neutral and Acid Extractable Organic by EPA Method 8270 (ref. c) - System C Extraction Date: 08/16/90

Extraction Date: 08/16/90 Analysis Date: 08/24/90

| Base/Neutral Compounds | MDL* | Conc.* | Base/Neutral Compounds | MDL* | Conc.* |
|-----------------------------|-------------|--------|----------------------------|------|---------|
| bis(2-Chloroethyl)Ether | 3.3 | ND | Di-n-Butylphthalate | 3.3 | ND |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | 3.3 | ND | Fluoranthene | 3.3 | ND |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | 3.3 | ND | Pyrene | 3.3 | ND |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | 3.3 | ND | Butylbenzylphthalate | 3.3 | ND |
| bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)Ether | 3.3 | ND | 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine | 6.7 | ND |
| N-Nitroso-Di-n-Propylamine | 3.3 | ND | Benzo(a)Anthracene | 3.3 | ND |
| Hexachloroethane | 3.3 | ND | bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate | -6.7 | 8.8 |
| Nitrobenzene | 3.3 | ND | Chrysene | 3.3 | ND |
| Isophorone | 3.3 | ND | Di-n-Octylphthalate | 3.3 | ND |
| bis(2-Chloroethoxy)Methane | 3.3 | ND | Benzo(b)Fluoranthene | 3.3 | ND |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | 3.3 | ND | Benzo(k)Fluoranthene | -3.3 | TR |
| Naphthalene | 3.3 | ND | Benzo(a)Pyrene | 3.3 | ND " |
| 4-Chloroaniline | -3.3 | 11 | Indeno(1,2,3 cd)Pyrene | 3.3 | ND |
| Hexachlorobutadiene | 3.3 | ND | Dibenz(a,h)Anthracene | 3.3 | ND |
| 2-Methylnaphthalene | 3.3 | ND | Benzo(g,h,i)Perylone | 3.3 | ND |
| Hexachlorocyclopentadiene | 3.3 | ND | | | |
| 2-Chloronaphthalene | 3.3 | ND | | | |
| 2-Nitroaniline | 17 | ND | Acid Compounds | NDL* | Conc |
| Dimethyl Phthalate | 3.3 | ND | | | May 18 |
| Acenaphthylene | 3 .3 | ND | Phenol | 3.3 | ND |
| 3-Nitroaniline | 17 | מא | 2-Chloropheuol | 3.3 | ND |
| Acenaphthene | 3.3 | ND | 2-Methylphenol | 3.3 | ND |
| Dibenzofuran | 3.3 | ND | 4-Methylphenol | 3.3 | ND |
| 2,4-Dinitrotoluene | 3.3 | ND | 2-Nitrophenol | 3.3 | ND |
| 2,6-Dinitrotoluene | 3.3 | ND | 2,4-Dimethylphenol | 3.3 | ND |
| Diethylphthalate | 3.3 | ND | 2,4-Dichlorophenol | 3.3 | ND |
| 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether | 3. 3 | ND | 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol | 3.3 | ND |
| Fluorene | 3.3 | ND | 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol | 17 | ND |
| 4-Nitroaniline | 17 | ND | 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol | 17 | ND |
| N-Nitrosodiphenylamine | 3.3 | ND | 2,4-Dinitrophenol | 1.7 | ND |
| 4-Bromophenyl-phenylether | 3.3 | מא | 4-Nitrophenol | 17 | ND |
| Hexachlorobenzene | | 25 | 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol | | ND |
| Phenanthrene | 3.3 | ND | Pentachlorophenol | 17 | ND |
| Anthracene | 3.3 | ND | | | |
| | | | QA/QC Surrogate Rec | D | nge CLP |

| QA/QC Surrogate | kec. | kange CLP | | |
|----------------------|-------------|-----------|--|--|
| 2-Fluorophenol | NAZ | 25 - 121% | | |
| Pheno1-D5 | NAX | 24 - 113% | | |
| Nitrobenzene-D5 | NAZ | 23 - 120% | | |
| 2-Fluorobiphenyl | NA X | 25 - 121% | | |
| 2,4,6 Tribiomophenol | NAZ | 19 - 1227 | | |
| Terphonyl D14 | NA X | 18 - 137% | | |

Notes: ND = Below minimum detectable level (MDL)

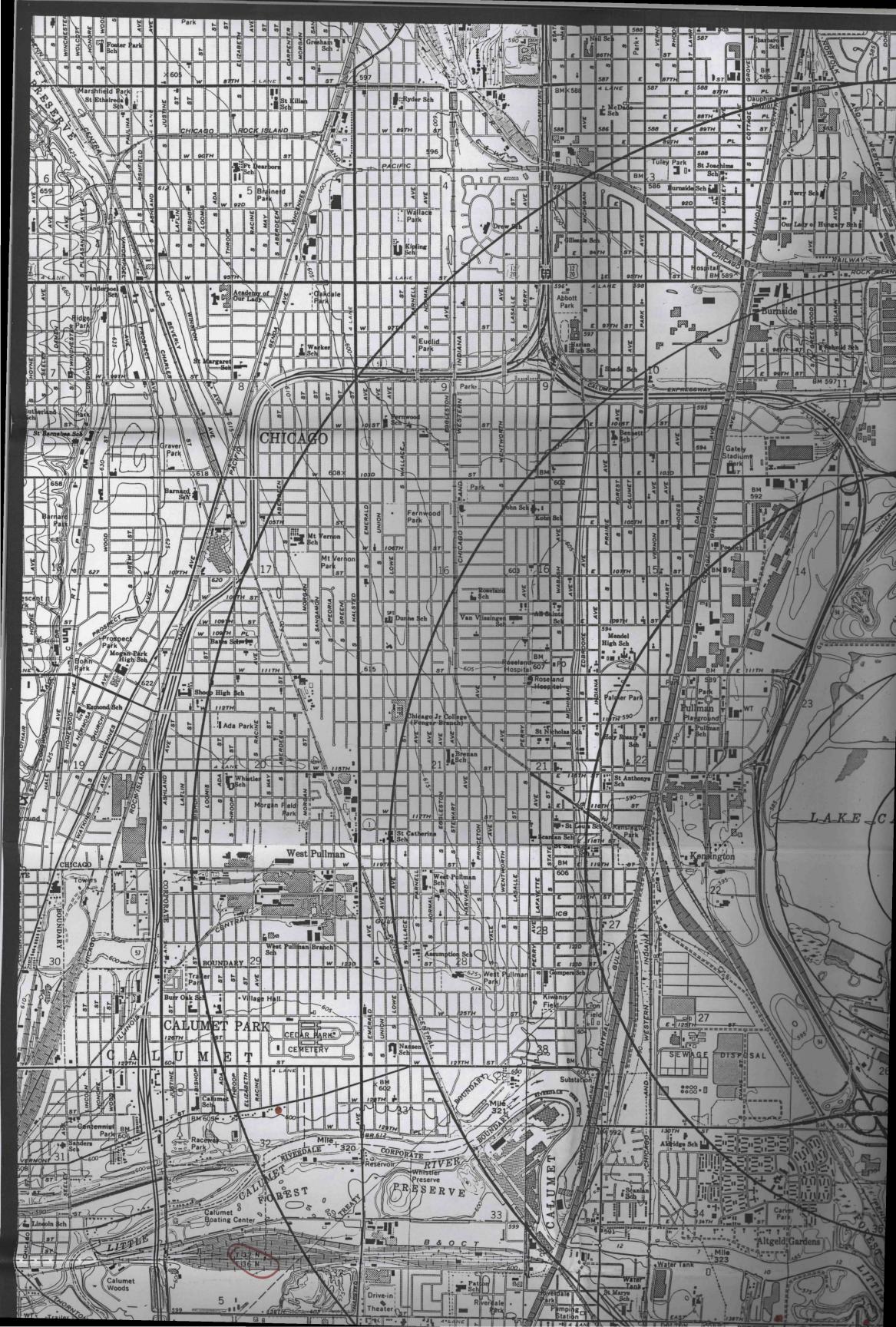
* = mg/kg based on sample weight as received

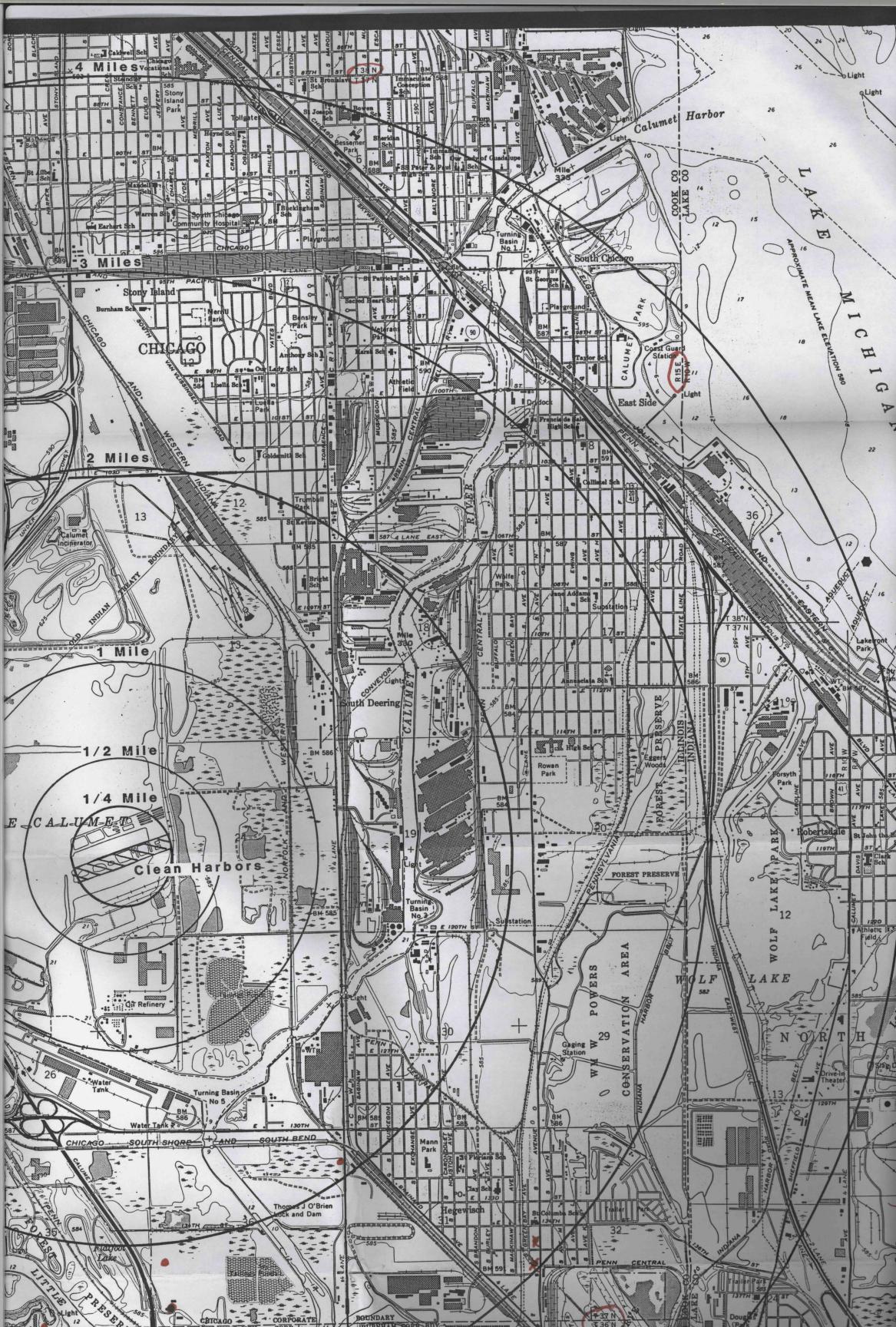
TR = Trace amount present but below MDL

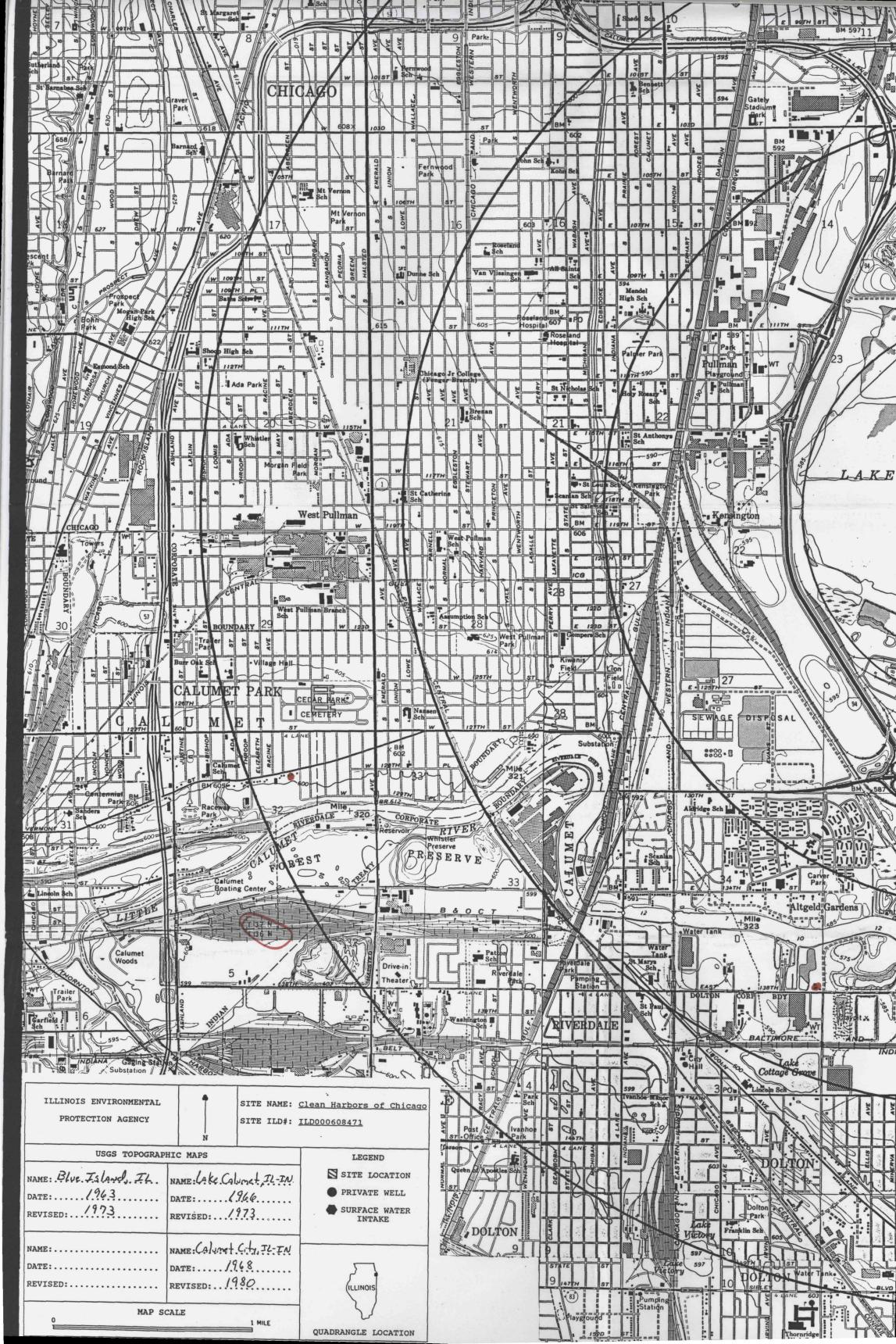
NA = Not applicable

ATTACHMENT E

SITE 4-MILE RADIUS MAP









ATTACHMENT F

AREA WELL LOGS

White Copy III. Dept ... Public Health Yellow Cop, ... Well Contractor Blue Copy — Well Owner

FILL IN ALL PERTINENT INFORMATION RE(STED AND MAIL ORIGINAL TO STATE DE-PARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH, ROOM 616, STATE OFFICE BUILDING, SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS, 62706. DO NOT DETACH GEOLOGICAL/WATER SURVEYS SECTION. BE SURE TO PROVIDE PROPER WELL LOCATION.

ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH WELL CONSTRUCTION REPORT

| 1. | 1. Type of Well | | | | | | | |
|-----|---|------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | a. Dug Bored Hole Diamin. Depth | ft. | | | | | | |
| | Curb material Buried Slab: YesNo | · | | | | | | |
| | b. Driven Drive Pipe Diam. 16 in. Depth | <i>50.25</i> ft. | | | | | | |
| | c. Drilled <u>X</u> Finished in Drift In Rock | X-1684 | | | | | | |
| | Tubular Gravel Packed | | | | | | | |
| | d. Grout: (KIND) FROM (Ft.) TO (| FL) | | | | | | |
| | <u> </u> | | | | | | | |
| | Bring A 614.0 Sun | <u>₹₹₹</u> | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| 2. | 2. Distance to Nearest: | • | | | | | | |
| | Building 200 Ft. Seepage Tile Field | | | | | | | |
| | Cess Pool Sewer (non Cast iron) | | | | | | | |
| | Privy Sewer (Cast iron) | | | | | | | |
| | Septic Tank Barnyard | | | | | | | |
| | Leaching Pit Manure Pile | | | | | | | |
| 3. | 3. Is water from this well to be used for human consumption | ? | | | | | | |
| | Vos No 🏋 | • | | | | | | |
| 4. | 4. Date well completed 1/10/68 | | | | | | | |
| 5. | 5. Permanent Pump Installed? YesNo | | | | | | | |
| | Manufacturer Type | | | | | | | |
| | Capacitygpm. Depth of setting | it. | | | | | | |
| 6. | 6. Well Top Sealed? Yes NoNo | | | | | | | |
| | 7. Pitless Adaptor Installed? YesNo | | | | | | | |
| | 8. Well Disinfected? Yes No No | | | | | | | |
| | 9. Water Sample Submitted? YesNo | | | | | | | |
| 3, | (fo State Water Survey) | | | | | | | |
| RFI | EMARKS: | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

GEOLOGICAL WATER SURVEYS WATER WELL RECORD

| | - | | | | |
|------|--|---------------------------------------|----------------------|--|---------------------|
| 10. | Dept. 1 | Mines and Minerals permit | No. 394 | ≥ Year | 1567 |
| 11. | Proper | ty owner Aletropolitan San | they Dist | Well No | -ic |
| | | scifunet Trestment | | | |
| | Driller | Layne Western Co. | Licens | e No. <u>///</u> | |
| 12. | Water 1 | from The nations feska | 13. Coun | ty Cons | |
| | | th toft. | Exem | ption 6 - Non | Responsive |
| 14 | | : Diamin. | | | |
| 7.3. | | :ft. Slot | | | |
| | gi. | | | | |
| 15. | Casing | g and Liner Pipe | | l | |
| Die | em. (in.) | Kind and Weight | From (Ft.) | To (Ft.) | SHOW Cation in |
| | 16 | Steel - stil | 1/ | 60.25 SEC | TION PLAT |
| | 12 | Steel 49.56# | +1 | 614.0 201 | net. 0'N, 2000'l |
| | | | | 276 | |
| 16 | Simo U | ole below casing: 12 | | y s | ω/ϵ |
| 10. | Statio | levelft. below casi | III. una ton whic | hie / | ft. |
| 17. | | ground level. Pumping lev | | | |
| | | r hours. | | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | , <u></u> |
| | | | ~ | Immercia | DEBTHOR |
| 18. | ······································ | ORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH | uH | THICKNESS | BOTTOM |
| 1 | Drift | en linestone | | 435 | 150 |
| | | ch diste | | 116 | 606 |
| | • | | | 323 | |
| | J Po L | Platterille | | 86 | 122 |
| | | Ly Crism | | 196 | 1209 |
| | _ | | | | 1207 |
| 2 | in a my | 1/200 | | 16.5 | 1374 |
| _ | - | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | 124 | 1498 |
| | less. | | | 179 | 168 |
| | | ON SEPARATE SHEET IF | NECESSARY) | | er crops o |
| | | | | | |
| | 4 | Lo 1/10. | 1 | E //17/ | 1/9 |
| SIG | NED | Deg Leffer | Bon DAP | E ///// | 66 |
| • | _ | | | | |

White Copy —
III, Dept. of Public Health
Yellow Copy — Well Contractor
Blue Copy — Well Owner

FILL IN ALL PERTINENT INFORMATION REQUESTED AND MAIL ORIGINAL TO STATE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH, CONSUMER HEALTH PROTECTION, 535 WEST JEFFERSON, SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS, 62761. DO NOT DETACH GEOLOGICAL/WATER SURVEYS SECTION. BE SURE TO PROVIDE PROPER WELL LOCATION.

ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH WELL CONSTRUCTION REPORT

| | WELL CONSTRUCTION REPORT | |
|------|---|-------------------|
| | m 4 W 11 | 10. Property |
| 1. | Type of Well 5 343. | Address |
| | a. Dug Bored Hole Diam. 5 in. Depth 3431 | ft. Driller _ |
| | Curb material Buried Slab: YesNo | |
| | b. Driven Drive Pipe Diam. In. Depth | |
| | c. Drilled A Finished in Drift In Rock A | - at depth |
| | Tubular Gravel Packed | 14. Screen: |
| | d. Grout: (KIND) FROM (FL.) TO (Ft.) | Length: |
| | | , <u>-</u> |
| | Cutting | 15. Casing a |
| | | Diem. (in.) |
| | | J : Dism. (in.) |
| 2. | Distance to Nearest: | 12 |
| | Building Ft. Seepage Tile Field | _ |
| | Cess Pool Sewer (non Cast iron) | |
| | Privy Sewer (Cast iron) | |
| | Septic Tank Barnyard | |
| | Leaching Pit Manure Pile | above gra |
| 3. | Well furnishes water for human consumption? YesNo_X | gpm for _ |
| 4. | Date well completed (Ma / 184 | |
| 5. | Permanent Pump Installed? YesDateNo | 18. FOR |
| | Manufacturer Type Location | |
| | Capacitygpm. Depth of SettingF | 't. ———— |
| 6. | Well Top Sealed? YesNoType | |
| | Pitless Adapter Installed? YesNo | |
| | Manufacturer Model Number | |
| | How attached to casing? | |
| 8. | Well Disinfected? YesNo | |
| · 9. | Pump and Equipment Disinfected? YesNo | |
| 10. | Pressure Tank Sizegal. Type | |
| | Location | |
| 11 | Water Sample Submitted? YesNo | |
| RE | MARKS: | |
| | | |
| | 11.00 41 11 | |
| | Observation Well # 11 | (CONTINUE (|
| | | |
| | • | SIGNTO (AAL |
| | | |

| | GEO | LOGICA | L AND | WATER | SURVEYS | WELL F | RECO | RD | |
|------|--|--------------------|------------|----------|--|----------|-------|--------------------|----------|
| 10. | Proper | ty owner | netry | seletes | | | | -0 | |
| | Addre | 33 <u>/09</u> | <u> </u> | ue_ | | | 103 | 027 | |
| | | | | | | | 5- | 94 | |
| 11. | Permi | l NoZ. | Park | <u></u> | Date | niv C | 4 | 1 | |
| | 7,10 v Clay 0 60 Rack 60 343 | | | | | | | | |
| • • | Address 19 E. Crie Cricaro Driller The Ancient License No. 103-94 1. Permit No. 13595 Date 5-95 1. Water from 13. County Carlo at depth to ft. 1. Screen: Diam. in. Length: ft. Slot 1. Casing and Liner Pipe 1. Size Hole below casing: 43/4 in. 2. Static level ft. below casing top which is ft. above ground level. Pumping level ft. when pumping at gpm for hours. 1. FORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH THICKNESS DEPTH OF BOTTOM The Clay 0 60 The Clay 0 60 The Clay 0 60 The Clay 0 60 The Clay 0 60 | | | | | | | | |
| 14. | | | | | | | | | |
| | Lengu | ٠ ١ | i. 310i | | | | | | |
| 15. | Casin | g and Lin | er Pipe | | | | | | |
| Die | m. (in.) | KI | nd and Wel | lght | From (Ft.) | To (Ft.) | LO | | |
| کا | <u> </u> | Aca | 40 | | 0 | 60 | SEC | TION PLAT | .) |
| L | | Ĺ | | | | · | | , טני טני | 9 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | Static above | level ground le | ft. bel | low casi | ng top whic | | | | |
| 18. | 1 | ORMATIO | NS PASSED | THROUG | н | THICK | NESS | DEPTH OF BOTTOM | |
| | | 7, | ee v | Clas | 4 | 4 | 2 | 60 | |
| | | Ra | ck | | / | 60 |) | 343 | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | - | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | ······································ | | | | |
| | | | | | · | | | | |
| | | | · | | | _ | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| (0) | UNITHO | E ON SEP | ARATE SI | HEET IF | NECESSARY | L `` | | | |
| ,-, | | 71/ | 1 - | | | | - 11 | 611 | |
| SIGI | m 7 [] | WILL. | nces | LM_ | DA | TE | - / 6 | -07 | |
| | " " | | - | | | | | • | A SECOND |

White Copy
III, Dept. 'ublic Health
Yellow Cony - Well Contractor
Blue Copy - Well Owner

PILL IN ALL PERTINENT INFORMATION RECOGNISTED AND MAIL ORIGINAL TO STATE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH, ROOM 61 STATE OFFICE BUILDING, SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS, 62706. DO NOT DETACH GEOLOGICAL/WATER SURVEYS SECTION. BE SURE TO PROVIDE PROPER WELL LOCATION.

ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH WELL CONSTRUCTION REPORT

| 1. | Type of Well | | | | |
|------|------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------|
| | a. Dug | Bored I | iole Diam. <u>8</u> | in. Depth <u>10</u> | <u>21</u> ft. |
| | Curo materi | al 1 | Buried Slab: Y | esNo | |
| | b. Driven | Drive Pi | ipe Diam | _in. Depth | ft. |
| | c. Drilled | X. Finished | d in Drift | In Rock | <u>X</u> . |
| | Tubular | Gravel F | Packed | • | |
| | d. Grout: | (KIND) | FROM (Ft.) | TO (Ft.) | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | <u> </u> | _ | - } | |
| | | | | l | |
| 2. | Distance to Ne | arest: | | | |
| | Building | Ft. | Seepage Tile | Field | |
| | Cess Pool | | Sewer (non C | ast iron) | |
| | Privy | | Sewer (Cast i | iron) | |
| | | | | | |
| | Leaching Pit _ | · | Manure Pile_ | | |
| 3. | Is water from th | nis well to be u | sed for human | consumption? | |
| | Yes | No X | | • | |
| 4. | Date well comp | leted <u>Harch</u> | 23, 1967 | · | |
| 5. | Permanent Pum | p Installed? | Yes X | No | |
| | Manufacturer | Red Jacket | Туре_ | <u>Xubmersible</u> | |
| | Capacity 75 | gpm. De | pth of setting_ | 690 | ft. |
| 6. | Well Top Seale | | | | |
| | Pitless Adaptor | | | | |
| 8. | Well Disinfecte | d? Yes | No | X | |
| | | | | | • |
| J. | Water Sample S | mmitted (I | ca | _ 110 | |
| ים פ | MARKS: | | | | |
| nei | MAUVO: | | | | |
| | | | • | | |

GEOLOGICAL WATER SURVEYS WATER WELL RECORD

| 11 D | Mines and Minerals permit I | ^ | W-11 N- | | |
|--|--|-----------------|------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|
| II. Proper Addres | ty owner <u>Bonell Mfg. C</u> s 13521 S. Halsted | St. Chic | eago. I | 11. | |
| Driller | Wehling Well Works. | IncLicent | se No. 9 | 2-56 |) |
| 12. Water f | Formation | 13. Cou | nty <u>Co</u> | ok | |
| | th toft. | Exen | nption 6 | - Nor | Respons |
| | : Diamin. | | | | |
| Length | ı:ft. \$lot | | | | |
| 15. Casing | g and Liner Pipe | | | سب | · |
| Diem. (in.) | Kind and Weight | From (Ft.) | To (Ft.) | 1.0 | SHOW CATION IN |
| 811 | | 0 | 71 | | TION PLA |
| 6u | | 455 | 576 ½ | | |
| | | | | | |
| 17. Static | ole below casing: 5½ levelft. below casi ground level. Pumping lev | ng top which | ch is | | |
| 17. Static above gpm fo | levelft. below casi | ng top whicelft | ch is | mping | g at |
| 17. Static above gpm fo | levelft. below casi ground level. Pumping lev rhours. | ng top whicelft | ch is when pu | mpine NESS | g at |
| 17. Static above gpm fo | levelft. below casi ground level. Pumping lev rhours. PORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH | ng top whicelft | ch is when pu | mping NESS | DEPTH OF BOTTOM |
| 17. Static above gpm for 18. | levelft. below casi ground level. Pumping lev rhours. PORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH | ng top whicelft | th is when pu | mpine NESS | DEPTH OF BOTTOM |
| 17. Static above gpm for 18. F Hud Sandy Mu Lime | levelft. below casi ground level. Pumping lev rhours. PORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH | ng top whicelft | THICK | NESS | 20 55 |
| 17. Static above gpm fo 18. Find Sandy Mu | levelft. below casi ground level. Pumping lev rhours. PORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH | ng top whicelft | THICK | ness | 20 55 455 |
| 17. Static above gpm fo 18. F Hud Sandy Mu Lime Shale | levelft. below casi ground level. Pumping lev rhours. PORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH | ng top whicelft | THICK 20 35 40 | ness | 20 55 455 565 890 |
| 17. Static above gpm fo 18. Find Sandy Mu Lime Shale | levelft. below casi ground level. Pumping lev rhours. PORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH | ng top whicelft | THICK 20 35 40 | NESS) (00 (25 | 20 55 455 565 |

White C Tw III. L o! Public Health
Yellow Cupy - Wall Contractor
Blue Copy - Well Owner

PARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH, ROOM , STATE OFFICE BUILDING, SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS, 62706. DO NOT DETACH GEOLOGICAL/WATER SURVEYS SECTION. BE SURE TO PROVIDE PROPER WELL LOCATION.

ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH WELL CONSTRUCTION REPORT

| 1. | Type of Well |
|---------|---|
| | a. Dug Bored Hole Diamin. Depthft. |
| | Curb material Buried Slab: YesNo |
| | b. Driven Drive Pipe Diamin. Depthft. |
| | c. Drilled Finished in Drift In Rock |
| | Tubular Gravel Packed |
| | d. G:out: (KIND) FROM (Ft.) TO (Ft.) |
| | 50% Pozmix 558 Surface |
| | 3070782771K 338 SUPTULE |
| | |
| | L |
| 2. | Distance to Nearest: |
| | Building 300 Ft. Seepage Tile Field |
| | Cess Pool Sewer (non Cast iron) 150 |
| | Privy Sewer (Cast iron) |
| | Septic Tank Barnyard |
| | Leaching Pit Manure Pile |
| 3. | Is water from this well to be used for human consumption? |
| | Yes No |
| 4. | Date well completed Dec 16 1967 |
| 5. | Permanent Pump Installed? YesNo |
| | Manufacturer Type |
| | Capacity gpm. Depth of setting ft. |
| 6. | Well Top Sealed? Yes X No No |
| 7 | Pitless Adaptor Installed? YesNoNo |
| ห. ผ | Well Disinferted? Yes X No |
| | |
| 9. | Water Sample Submitted? Yes No |
| | |
| (E) | MARKS: Tast well for Chicago Deep |
| | Thennel Project |
| | MANNEL PROJECT |

GEOLOGICAL WATER SURVEYS WATER WELL RECORD

| 10. Dept. Mines and Minerals permit I | No. 394 | 3 Year | 1111 |
|---|--------------|---------------|--------------------|
| 11. Property owner Lietre Sanitary | Destrict W | ell No | W1-1 |
| Address N Bank of Canel | at 15/4c. | Island | Lorts |
| Driller Land Control | | | |
| 12. Water from <u>Formation</u> | | | Responsive |
| at depth <i>546,5</i> to <u>276</u> ft. | LXempti | OII O - INOII | Responsive |
| 14. Screen: Diamin. | | | |
| Length:ft. Slot | | | |
| 15. Casing and Liner Pipe | | | |
| Diam. (in.) Kind and Weight | From (Ft.) T | o (Ft.) | SHOW CATION IN |
| 12" Steel | CY 6 | OO SEC | TION PLAT |
| 3" Steel 24.7# | 0+ 5 | | mit: |
| | | | 0'5, |
| 16. Size Hole below casing: | i | | O'Eg |
| 17. Static level 460 ft. below casin | | is / = | NW/c ft. |
| above ground level. Pumping leve | | | |
| gpm forhours. | | • • | |
| 18. FORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH | эн | THICKNESS | DEPTH OF BOTTCM |
| Driff | | 39.5 | 39.5 |
| Shale and lines | | 30.5 | 70,0 |
| Sluren Cinestone | | 360.0 | 430.0 |
| Magnetety Shale | | 116.5 | 546.5 |
| Calena - Platerille | | 3295 | 276.0 |
| St. Peter | | 876 | इस्स |
| (Backfilled with Cal-s | xa/ 1037 | 13/) | |
| (CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF I | NECESSARY) | | |
| | | <i>J</i> - | 1/- |
| SIGNE Ceal Date of | DATE | 12/2 | 167 |
| 1 /1 /1 | | 7 | , |

White Cccy —
Iti, Dept. of Public Health
Yellow Copy — Well Contractor
Blue Copy — Well Owner

INSTRUCTION J DRILLERS

FILL IN ALL PERTINENT INFORMATION REQUESTED AND MAIL ORIGINAL TO STATE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH, CONSUMER HEALTH PROTECTION, 535 WEST JEFFERSON, SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS, 62761. DO NOT DETACH GEOLOGICAL/WATER SURVEYS SECTION. BE SURE TO PROVIDE PROPER WELL LOCATION.

ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH WELL CONSTRUCTION REPORT

| 1. | Type of Well c. Dug Bored Hole Diam |
|-----|--|
| | C. Grout: (KIND) FROM (Ft.) TO (Ft.) |
| | |
| | THE TOTAL TO |
| | 7 |
| _ | District Market |
| 2. | Distance to Nearest: |
| | Building Ft. Seepage Tile Field ' Cess Pool Sewer (non Cast iron) |
| | |
| | Privy Sewer (Cast iron) Septic Tank 50 Barnyard |
| | Leaching Pit Manure Pile |
| 3. | Well furnishes water for human consumption? Yes No |
| 4. | Date well completed 72 20-78 |
| | Permanent Pupp Installed? Yes X Date 3-7-19 No. |
| | Manufacturer Ked LOCAT Type 20 Location Well |
| | Capacitygpm. Depth of SettingFt. |
| 6. | Well Top Sealed? Yes C No Type CAP |
| 7. | Pitless Adapter Installed? Yes K No |
| | Manufacturer W MIAMS Model Number BSIAC How attached to casing? No No |
| _ | How attached to casing? |
| 8. | Well Disinfected? Yes No |
| 9. | Pump and Equipment Districted? Yes No No |
| IU. | Pressure Tank Sizegal. Type |
| | Water Sample Submitted? YesNo |
| | |
| | # # 11 puner instructed |
| | Ax Sx |
| | JA 010 20 |
| | • |

| GEOLOGICAL | AND WATER | SURVEYS | WELL RI | ECOF | ap " | |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|---|----------------------|---|------|
| Not Resp | onsive esponsive | | Well No. | VO2 | | |
| Driller 11. Permit No. 24. | Knylring 1956 OCK Formation | Date _ 13. Cou | No. 1 Decerni nty Not Responsive | Yr CCK | 14.1918 | |
| at depth 40 to 14. Screen: Diam | in. | Sec. Twp Rge Elev | | | | |
| 15. Casing and Lines | | | | Ш | | |
| 511 Blac | end Weight | From (Ft.) | | LOC BECT Lof19 | SHOW ATION IN ION PLAT Mary land | Subd |
| | | | | se s e s | € | |
| 16. Size Hole below, 17. Static level | _ft. below casi el. Pumping lev | | when pur | | | |
| 18. FORMATIONS | 1 | | - | | DEPTH OF BOTTOM | |
| 1000 | 1 | | $\frac{1}{2}$ | _ | <u> </u> | |
| Rock | | | 4 | 5 | 210 | |
| <u> </u> | | | - - | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| (Continue on sepa | DATE SUEET IP | NPCESSANV | | | | |
| SIGNED Phil | V· | DA | Λ_{Λ} | ru | 17,1979 | |

INSTRUCTIONS TO DRILLERS

| Hite Cox | |
|------------|--------------------------------------|
| | Str. Mirchenty |
| Yellow Cop | y - Sell Contractor |
| Blue Copy | ly – Well Contractor. –#c i Cenat |

FILL IN ALL PERTINENT INFORMATION REQUESTED AND MAIL ORIGINAL TO STATE EPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH, CONSUMER HEALTH PROTECTION, 535 WEST JEFFERSON, SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS, \$2761. DO NOT DETACH GEOLOGICAL/WATER SURVEYS SECTION. BE SURE TO PROVIDE PROPER WELL LOCATION.

ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH WELL CONSTRUCTION REPORT

| 1. | Curb materi b. Driven c. Drilled _ A | al B Drive Pip Finished | uried Slab: Yes | |
|-----|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|----------------|
| | d. Grout. | (K)ND) | FROM (Pt.) | TO (Ft.) |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | J |
| 2. | Distance to Ne | | | 5° |
| | Building | | | eld75 |
| | Cess Pool | | | iron) |
| | Privy | | | ı) |
| | Septic Tunk | | | |
| | - | | | |
| | | | | es_XNo |
| | | | /78 | |
| 5. | Permonent Pum | p Installed? Ye | sDate | No_ <u>X</u> |
| | Manufacturer | T | rpeLoco | ntionFt. |
| _ | Capacity | _gpm. Depth of | Setting | Ft. |
| | | | | |
| 7. | | | esNo_ | |
| | | | | ber |
| | How attached t | o casing? | | |
| | | d? Yes X | | |
| | | | ed? Yes | |
| 10. | | | Туре | |
| | Location | | | |
| 11. | Wate: Sample S | ubmitted? Yes | No | |
| KE. | MARKS: | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

GEOLOGICAL AND WATER SURVEYS WELL RECORD

| 10. Propert | ty owner Land on Lak | oo Co. | Well No. | |
|-------------|--|--------------|-----------|--|
| | s 123 W.Morthwest | | | |
| | W. E. Wehlin | | | |
| 11. Permit | No. 75892 | Date | 3, 127 11 | |
| | romFormation | 13. Com | 119 | |
| at dept | :h toft. | Sec. | 35.41 | |
| 14. Screen | : Diamin. | Twp | 37.: | |
| Length | :ft. Slot | Rge. | 11:15 | |
| | 1412, E of 28 of Vo | ove Elev | | |
| <u>.</u> | and Liner Pipe | , | | 1× l |
| Diem. (in.) | Kind and Weight | From (Ft.) | LO | SHOW CATION IN |
| 6 | galv. seamless | +1 | 60 SEC | TION PLA |
| | | <u> </u> | Kindus | الأمجالية إندارا |
| | | | | es in conj hum. |
| 18. F | ORMATIONS PASSED THROUG | эн | THICKNESS | DEPTH OF BOTTOM |
| Drift | | | 5,9 | 59_ |
| Lime | | | 361 | 750 |
| Lime & | Shale | | 63 | 4.5 |
| Shale | | | 10 | 1.50 |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| (CONTINUI | e on separate sheet if Wehling Well Works | s, Inc. | | |
| SIGNED | (1). 6. (IleAlu | <u>پر</u> DA | TE | <u>3 t</u> |
| | Da | V | | |

White Copy-III, Dept. ublic Health Yellow Copy - Well Contractor Blue Copy - Well Clymer

FILL IN ALL PERTINENT INFORMATION REQLARMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH, ROOM 616, STATE OFFICE BUILDING, SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS, 62708. DO NOT DETACH GEOLOGICAL/WATER SURVEYS SECTION. BE SURE TO PROVIDE PROPER WELL LOCATION.

GEOLOGICAL AND WATER SURVEYS WELL-RECORD

medine lime RTS - 2/19

ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH WELL CONSTRUCTION REPORT

| WE | LL CONSTRU | C'TION REPOR | T | _ | 000 | o , truc | ic luash. | • | • |
|--------------------|---|----------------------|--|-------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| | | | | 10. Prope | erty owner Column + Co | arp. W | lell No | 000 | |
| 1. Type of Well | Bood I | Iolo Diem & i | n. Depth//25ft. | Addre | TK+K Paul | License | <u>cago</u> 1 | -518 | |
| | | | No | Drille 11 Porm | it No. 49364 | License | -8-7= | 2_ | |
| | | | . Depthft. | 12. Water | from It Peter Sandst | W13 County | cook | | |
| | :" <i>1</i> | in Drift | • • | | Formation | Exemp | ion 6 - No | n Respons | ive |
| | | Packed | | | oth <u>300</u> to <u>1/35</u> ft. | • | | | |
| d. Grout: | | | | | n: Diamin. | | | | |
| | (KIND) | FROM (Ft.) | TO (Ft.) | Leng | th:ft. Slot | | | | |
| | Comont | | 85 | 15. Casii | ng and Liner Pipe | | | | |
| | ļ — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — | _ | | Diam. (in.) | | From (Ft.) To | (F1) | SHOW | _ |
| , | L | | <u> </u> | 12" | | | LO | CATION IN TION PLAT | |
| 2. Distance to No | egrest: | | | 911 | Falx. 36 fl. | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | |
| | Ft. | | eld | | " 26 " | 85 6 | 98 S | 3-19m-2 | ₩ : |
| | | | iron) | <u> </u> | | tl | | "N 700' E | = 50 |
| Privy | ······································ | Sewer (Cast iron | 1) | | | in. | , | | • |
| | | | · | | : level <u>300</u> ft. below casi | | | | : |
| | _ | Manure Pile | | | ground level. Pumping lev | el <u>460</u> ft. w | hen pumping | g at <u>400</u> | |
| 3. Is water from t | | sed for human cor | sumption? | gpm i | or <u>12</u> hours. | | | • | |
| YesX | _ No | | | 18. | FORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH | H | THICKNESS | DEPTH OF | 1. |
| 4. Date well com | | | • • | | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | |
| 5. Permanent Pu | mp_Installed? | Yes_X | No_ Lm. turbin | Crie | busden | · | 0_ | 8.5 | • \$ |
| Manufacturer _ | carnes. | YChp Type Ju | em. water | Re | ck formation | | 85-6 | 450 | |
| | | oth of setting | | | 110 | ; | 450 | 665 | |
| 6. Well Top Seale | | 4 | | | ace | | 4 | | Na Natio |
| 7. Pitless Adapto | or Installed? | Yes X | 0 | | | g at men to the | 665 | 990 | - Justine |
| | | | to have the are | | eter landstone | , | 990 | 1/25 | |
| 9. Water Sample S | Submitted? Ye | es l | %_X | A Carried Cal. | * 98 | | | | - 17 • 254 |
| , 1 | 10 mg 10 10 mg 10 | | ************************************** | Dozent - | | | | | |
| REMARKS: Tru | ck wash | Gerra griffelik (f.) | | 2.22 | 18 · · · | · . | | | |
| | v Instru | -+1 | A STATE OF THE STA | | i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i | | | | |
| owne | v inserie | cua | | 22.5 | * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * | | | | |
| | 大力 化氯酸 | Property of | | rivity's | 1 | | | 1 | |
| | | | | (CONTIN | UE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF | NECESSARY) | | 1.16 g 1.16 g 1.16 g 1.16 g | |
| IDPH 4.065 | | | Air me mercent | 100 | | | 11 | | A Section |
| 10/68 | om in the control of | 250 | 000 gpd | SIGNED \ | Toul Knierum | DATI | 10-20 | /- | |

DATE July 31, 1968 :

White Company of Public Health
Yellow Capy - Well Contractor
Blue Copy - Well Owner

PARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH, ROOM 616, STATE OFFICE BUILDING, SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS, 62706. DO NOT DETACH GEOLOGICAL/WATER SURVEYS SECTION. BE SURE TO PROVIDE PROPER WELL LOCATION.

ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH WELL CONSTRUCTION REPORT

| 1. | Type of Well | | | | |
|------|------------------|--|--|--|---|
| | a. Du <u>y</u> . | Eored Ho | ole Diam. <u>6</u> i | n. Depth <u>1:28</u> ft. | |
| | Curb mate | rial Br | ried Slab: Yes | No | |
| | b. Driven | Drive Pip | e Diamin | . Depthft. | |
| | | Y Finished | | | |
| | Tubular | Gravel Pa | cked | · | |
| | d. Grout: | (KIND) | PROV. (FL.) | TC (Ft.) | |
| | | (KIND) | FROM (Ft.) | TO (FC) | |
| | | | | <u> </u> | |
| | | <u> </u> | | | |
| | | | <u>l</u> | <u></u> | |
| 2. | Distance to N | lectest: | | | |
| | | | Seepage Tile Fi | eld | |
| | | | • • | iron) | |
| | Privy | | |) | |
| | Septic Tank_ | | Barnyard | | |
| | Leaching Pit | | Manure Pile | | |
| 3. | Is water from | this well to be us | ed for human con | sumption? | |
| | Yes X | No · | | | |
| 4. | Date well con | npleted <u>ी</u> | | · . | |
| 5. | Permanent Pu | mp Installed? Y | es | No to the | |
| : | Manufacturer | | Туре | , <u>F</u> | : |
| , in | Capacity | mp Installed? Y | h of setting | The second of the second of the second | • |
| 6. | Well Top Seal | ed? Yes | No No | | |
| 7 | Pitlage Adont | or Installed? | N | | |
| 2 | Wall Disinfact | or Installed? | No. | | 1 |
| | • | , | | * | |
| | | Submitted? 🔀 Yes | · } | lo | ŕ |
| | £k\$r - Poly | | en e | では、大きなない。 (1) 日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日 | |
| RE | MARKS: | स्तरिक स्तिति । के स्तिति क्षेत्रिक स्तिति । स्तिति स्तिति स्तिति स्तिति । | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | , |
| | | and a man above | الجاد وأرا أتطاعلها الما | The second of th | - |
| | | 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1 | and the second | Street s. And Treet. | |

GEOLOGICAL WATER SURVEYS WATER WELL RECORD

| 92020 | , dio.i.d | | | | |
|-------------|---|--------------------|----------------|----------------|--------------------|
| 10. Dept. | Mines and Minerals permit | No. <u>1263</u> | | Year | 1968 |
| 11. Proper | rty owner L'ord Union Ha | <u>ll Local</u> | Well No. | · | |
| Addre | ty owner <u>ford Union He</u> ss <u>135th & Lorrence</u> | Ave., Ost | caro, | <u> 131:</u> | rois |
| Drille | r <u>D. C. Hohling</u> | Licens | e No. <u> </u> | <u>2-56</u> | |
| 12. Water | from Formation | 13. Coun | | | |
| | th toft. | _ Sec. | 36.10 | | |
| | ı: Diamin. | Twp. | <u> </u> | | |
| Lengt | h:ft. Slot | | 1 | | |
| 15. Casin | Ge g and Liner Pipe | Elev | • | | |
| Diem. (in.) | Kind and Weight | From (Ft.) | To (Ft.) | T.O | SHOW CATION IN |
| 6 | Galv. scamless | 0 | 73 | SEC | TION PLAT |
| | | | - · · | | REW |
| | | | | 351 | K NE |
| 16. Size H | lole below casing: <u>5-7/8</u> | in. | | ئ ب | |
| 17. Static | level 65 ft. below cas | ing top which | h is | | ft. |
| above | ground level. Pumping lev | rel <u>165</u> ft. | when pu | mping | g at 30 |
| gpm fo | or 3 hours. | | | | |
| 18. | FORMATIONS PASSED THROU | GН | THICK | NESS | DEPTH OF BOTTOM |
| Cinder | fill | | | 5 | 5 |
| | r & gravel | | | 10 | 15 |
| Clay | | | ! | 50 | . 65 |
| Eravel | | 1) 1) | | 6 | 71 |
| Idme | <u>ې</u> | | 3! | . 7 | 1,28 |
| | 7. | | | - | |
| 1 1 | | | | | , |
| | E ON SEPARATE SHEET IF | NECESSARY) | | | |
| | | | | | <u> </u> |

E. C. Mohling, Pres.

White Copy —)
III. Dept. of Puc , a Health
Yellow Copy — Well Contractor
Blue Copy — Well Owner

FILL IN ALL PERTINENT INFORMATION REQUEST. AND MAIL ORIGINAL TO STATE DE-PARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH, ROOM 616, STATE OFFICE BUILDING, SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS, 62706. DO NOT DETACH GEOLOGICAL/WATER SURVEYS SECTION. BE SURE TO PROVIDE PROPER WELL LOCATION.

| ILLINOIS | DEF | PARTMENT | OF | PUBLIC | HEALTH |
|----------|-----|----------|------|---------------|--------|
| WE | ELL | CONSTRUC | TICI | N REPOR | RT . |

| | - | | | | | |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|--|----------|---------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|
| 1. | Type of Well | | | | | |
| | a. Dug I | Bored | Hole D | iam | _in. Depth | ft. |
| | Curb materia | al | . Buried | Slab: Ye | sNo | · |
| | b. Driven | . Drive | Pipe Di | m | in. Depth | ft. |
| | c. Drilled X | Finis | hed in D | rift | . In Rock | $\overline{\mathbf{X}}$ |
| | Tubuler | | | | | |
| | d. Grout: | 0.470 | | | _· | |
| | u. Giout. | (KIND) | · | ROM (FL) | TO (| řt.) |
| | | None | | | | |
| | | Mens | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| 2 | Distance to Neo | met. | | | | |
| 2. | Building | | • 500- | aga Tile | Field | |
| | Cess Pool | | | | st iron) | |
| • | | | | • | • | |
| | Privy | | | - | on) | |
| | Septic Tonk | | | | | |
| | _Leaching Pit _ | | _ Man | ure Pile_ | | |
| 3. | Is water from th | is well to be | used fo | or human a | consumption | ? |
| | Yes X | No | | | | |
| 4. | Date well comp | leted WG | neh | 20. | 1970 | |
| | Permanent Pumj | | | | | |
| A STATE OF | Manufacturer | | , | Type | O. Jenn | |
| | Capacity | | Danih of | un i jeun. Anima | 31 11 | |
| Therese | Capacity | gpm. | Sebru or | setting | | |
| 5. | Well Top Sealed | l? Yes | <u></u> | - No | | |
| 7. | Pitless Adaptor Well Disinfected | Installed? | Yes_ | <u> X</u> | No | وپرد بېدادم |
| 8. | Well Disinfected | i? Yes | <u> </u> | No | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | Water Sample Su | ibmitted? | Yes | | . No | . |
| | range of the second | en grande de la companya de la comp La companya de la co | | | | ، به در بو |
| REI | MARKS: | | • | | | |
| | esi dina di Arusa | in the second se | | | | ىدىنىدى قەمىدىن |
| And the | *. *** | د در پههند رده و افغايز که معمود کرد شاه | · · | | | |
| | | | | | | - 建 |
| ELECTION . | la ta | : | | • • | : Tarana | |
| | erite Professional | | | | | امر المراجعة المراجعة |
| | PH 14.065 | | | | | |
| 10/ | /68 | | | | | |
| 25 B 25 | | | | • | | -, - |

| · | | | | |
|--|--------------|--|------------------------------|------------------------|
| GEOLOGICAL AND WATER SURVEYS W | ELL RECO | RD | • | |
| 10. Property owner Och Selienter Server Address 134 + Calumbit Cffry p | No. 40 | 73 Dec, | | |
| 11. Permit No. <u>8646</u> Date <u>V</u> | Urr. 13 | 11969 | | |
| 12. Water from Semestine 13. Count | | <u>) </u> | • | |
| at depth 65 to 329 ft. | ption 6 - No | n Respoi | nsive | |
| 14. Screen: Diamin. | | | | |
| Length:ft. Slot | | | | |
| | | | | |
| 15. Casing and Liner Pipe | | | | |
| Diam. (in.) Kind and Weight From (Ft.) T | o (Ft.) | SHOW | | |
| 5 Stinds of Steel 0 | | CATION IN TION PLAT | , | |
| Phys. Crains 115 | | = NW S | (1) | |
| Charten 110 | | _ // 00 | | |
| L. p. p. p. | | | | |
| 16. Size Hole below casing: 5 in. | | , | }. | |
| Static level <u>20</u> ft. below casing top which above ground level. Pumping level <u>240</u> ft. v | | <u></u> | • | |
| gpm forhours. | Auer bambin |) at | | |
| gpm for nours. | · | | الم المواركة . المواركة . | |
| 18. FORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH | THICKNESS | DEPTH OF BOTTOM. | | : · · · |
| 8.79. | 1 | 1 | 748395 | in in Popular |
| 100 | 1.4 | مسع ا | | ona¶egenic Conspire |
| relieur Clay | 1-1- | 12 | | AT THE RES |
| Blue & Clay Marie Marie | 1 43 | 60 | | |
| methods in the same | 5 | 65 | | |
| In catour | 264 | 329 | | |
| *** | | , | 150 | 7 |
| 4 | | | - 373 144 | 医神经 沙 |
| A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A | | | . 1 | 14. 147. 7. |
| | | 2.0 | | 4 |

| (CONTIN | UE | ONS | ΕŖ | ARA | TE | SHEET | IF | NECESSAR | Y) |
|---------|----|-----|----|-----|----|-------|----|----------|----|
| • | | | | • | | | _ | | |

(CONTINUE ON SIGNED

ATTACHMENT G

15-MILE SURFACE WATER MAP

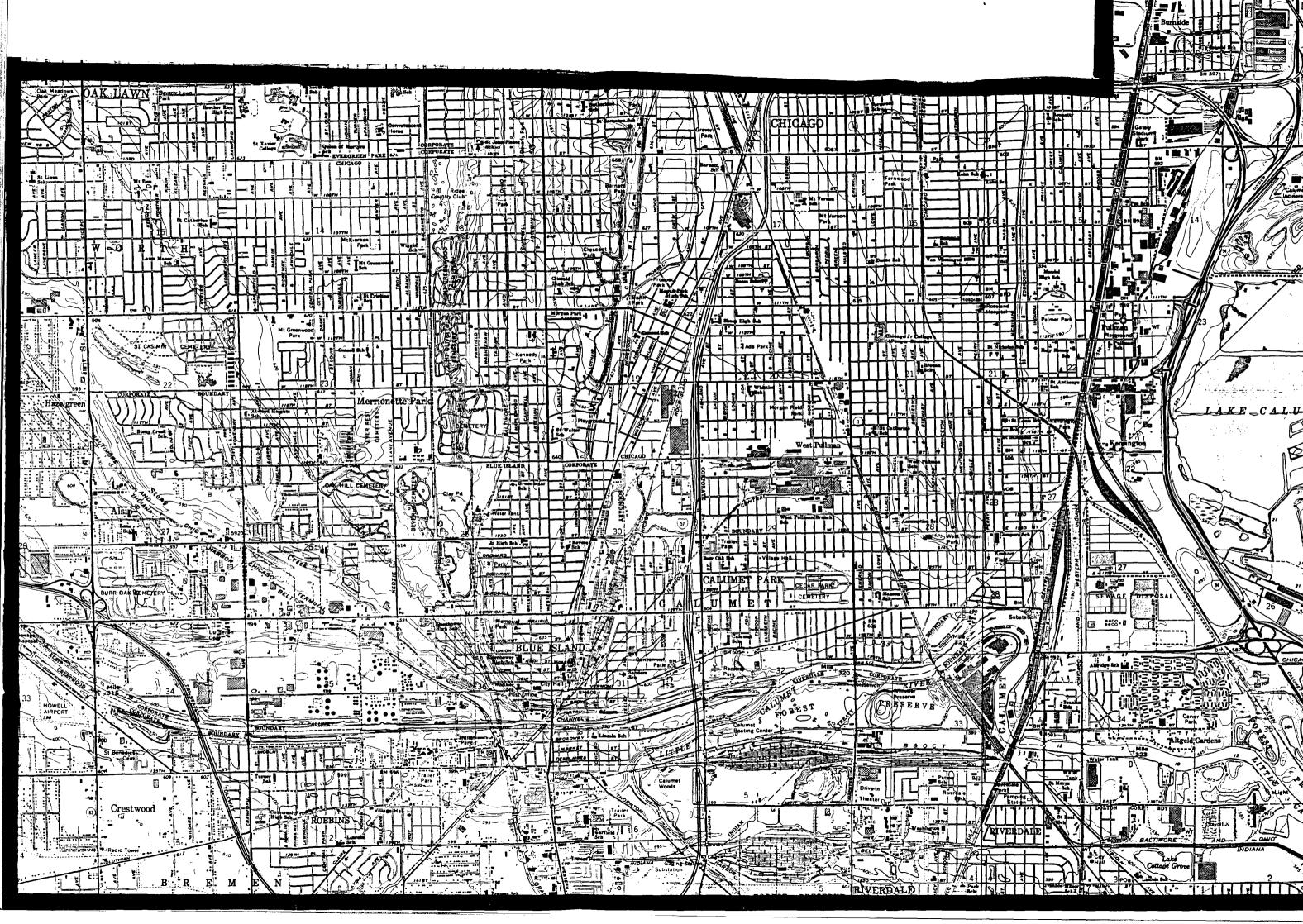
4-11-11

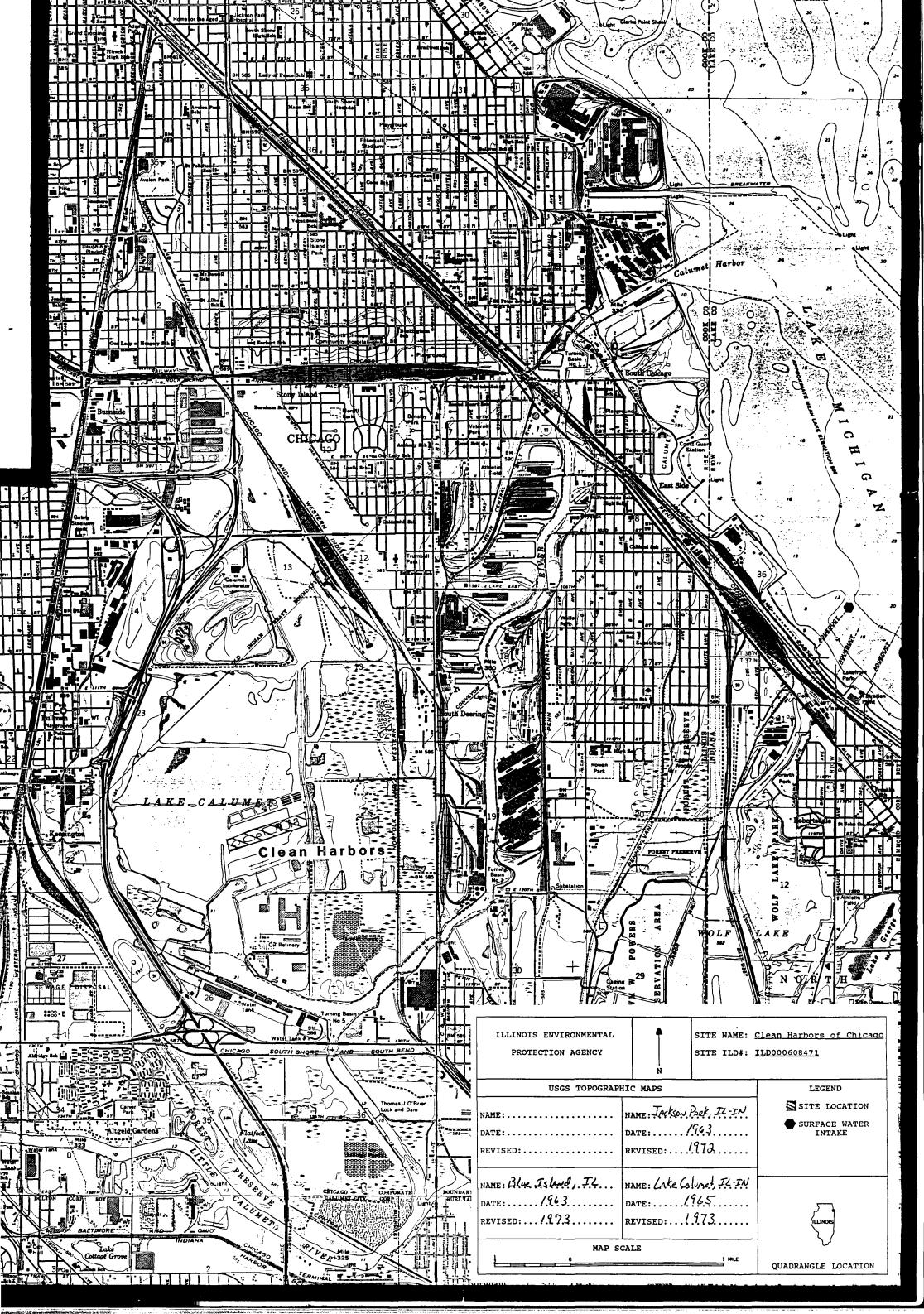
Acres 10

Exemption 6 - Non Responsive

Exemption 6 - Non Responsive

Exemption 6 - Non Responsive





ATTACHMENT H

PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT FORM 2070-12

SEPA

विक्षित **'**

∮_{t∰anz}:

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT

I. IDENTIFICATION 01 STATE 02 SITE NUMBER D 000608471 PART 3 - DESCRIPTION OF HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS

| II. HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS | |
|--|---|
| 01 S A GROUNDWATER CONTAMINATION 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED | 02 SOBSERVED (DATE |
| | y Clean Harbers were sampled in 1974 for metals, testing |
| Well 13 WAS analy red and contains | ed a number of netals above the background |
| concentrations found in Tresting well 1 | 4. See "6" below for drinking water. |
| 01 B SURFACE WATER CONTAMINATION 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED WATER OWN Surface mater run-off from the sit who the Calumet River Cwhich flows to L the Calumet River out Lake Mich | Lake Michigan) and the Little Calumet River. The |
| OL TE C. CONTANINATION OF AIR | 02 # OPERPURPURATE 1983 DOTESTED COMPANY |
| Two releases have occurred from | - the site, one in 1983 and one in 1987. Both |
| inturies were reported. | bods of moste promucing an air release. No |
| 01 G D FIRE/EXPLOSIVE CONDITIONS | 02 3 OBSERVED (DATE) [_ POTENTIAL 3 ALLEGED 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION |
| None à ocumented or observed. | |
| 01 © E. DIRECT CONTACT 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED. NONE documented to observed | 02 (2) OBSERVED (DATE) COMMITTEE) POTENTIAL ALLEGED 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION |
| 01 M.F. CONTAMINATION OF SOIL 03 AREA POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: | 02 # OBSERVED (DATE/990) POTENTIAL ALLEGED 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION |
| Borings taken on-site indicate 1 | on levels of organic and some moderate reversity |
| inorganics. Past practices included | 1 the Stabilians of Arckle liquor in lagoons then |
| using the stabilized acid-line sluds | |
| 01 MG DRINKING WATER CONTAMINATION 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED | with shallow delon to aguster Approximately 60 with five miles of the site. The closest denting |
| 01 12 H. WORKER EXPOSURE/INJURY 03 WORKERS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED. | 02 (1) OBSERVED (DATE |
| None documented or observed. | ON MAINTAINE DESCRIPTION |
| 01 GT POPULATION EXPOSURE/INJURY 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: | 02 E) OBSERVED (DATE) [] POTENTIAL ALLEGED 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION |
| None decemented or absenced. | |
| | |

ŞEPA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT

1. IDENTIFICATION
01 STATE 02 SITE NUMBER
T2 D CON 60847

| PART 3 - DESCRIPTION OF | HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INC | CIDENTS 12 12 | 000608471 |
|---|-------------------------------------|---|-----------------|
| IL HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS (Continued) | | | |
| 01 D J. DAMAGE TO FLORA 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION | 02 - OBSERVED (DATE | POTENTIAL | □ ALLEGED |
| None documented or observed | | | |
| 01 K. DAMAGE TO FAUNA 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION (Include name(s) of species) | 02 G OBSERVED (DATE: | POTENTIAL | ☐ ALLEGED |
| Nine documented or observed | | | |
| 01 (L. CONTAMINATION OF FOOD CHAIN 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION | 02 OBSERVED (DATE: |) DOTENTIAL | □ ALLEGED |
| Nine observed on observed | | | |
| 01 M UNSTABLE CONTAINMENT OF WASTES | 02 🗆 OBSERVED (DATE: | POTENTIAL | ☐ ALLEGED |
| Waste Dickle liquer was di | sposed in lagoons (in | wow of liver east | red for |
| Stabilizing with Inc , between | 1872 and 1976. | | |
| 01 (N. DAMAGE TO OFFSITE PROPERTY 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION | 02 Li OBSERVED (DATE: |) [] POTENTIAL | □ ALLEGED |
| Nove documented or observed | | | |
| | | | |
| OI NO. CONTAMINATION OF SEWERS. STORM DRAINS, WY OA NAFRATIVE DESCRIPTION THE Metropol. Law recorded wolfations by clean Hack PH, total cyanide, PCBs, copper, Sats, cits | 0:5 from 1984 to 1990 for | the following par | anctors! Mercuy |
| 01 (2) P. ILLEGAL/UNAUTHORIZED DUMPING 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION | 02 C) OBSERVED (DATE: | | □ ALLEGED |
| None documented or observed. | | | |
| 05 DESCRIPTION OF ANY OTHER KNOWN, POTENTIAL, OR | ALLEGED HAZARDS | | |
| | | | |
| W YOTAL BOOK AYION ASSESSMENT | 195.70 | | |
| III. TOTAL POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: IV. COMMENTS | 295,006 | | |
| | | <u> </u> | |
| | | | |
| V CONDOCA OF WEODALATTOW | | | |
| V. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Cité apocific references, e. g., sta | te files, sample analysie, reports) | | |
| | 70 Illinois EPA LAND | F.105 | |
| V. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Cre appearances e.g. sta Visual Site Inspection December 14, 194 Illinois EPA Air Files | Metropolitan Water Red | F.10s lamption Districtor clischarge files. | Guster |

| €FPA | L0316000051 |
|-------------|-------------|
|-------------|-------------|

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT ART 1 - SITE INFORMATION AND ASSESSMEN

| | TEICATION |
|----------|----------------|
| DI STATE | 02 SITE NUMBER |
| IL | 13 600 668471 |

| PART 1 - SITE INFORMA | ATION A | ND ASSESSME | NT $\frac{Z}{L}$ | 1) 000 408471 |
|---|--------------------------|--|---|--|
| II. SITE NAME AND LOCATION | | | | |
| 01 SITE NAME (Legal, :tommon, or descriptive name of alle) | 02 STREE | T, ROUTE NO., OR S | PECIFIC LOCATION IDENTIFIER | |
| Clean Harnes of Chicago (AKA Chem-Clean) | | 1800 5 | Stony Island | Avenue |
| 03 CITY | 04 STATE | 05 ZIP CODE 06 | COUNTY | 07 COUNTY 08 CONG |
| Chicaso | IZZ | 60617 | Cook | 07COUNTY 08 CONG CODE DIST 031 72-02 |
| OP COORDINATES LATITUDE LONGITUDE | | | | |
| 414044.0 373446.0 | (a | ke Colume: | I, IL-IN (| (SA) |
| 10 DIRECTIONS TO SITE (Starting from nearest public road) | | | | |
| Take I terstate 94 to 130# Street Follow | w 130 | # Street e | 4st to Torrence | Avenue. Left |
| (NOTAL) ON TOITEME to 122 and St. Follow 1 | 122 15 | 54. 10 J. | 12H Side of the | Road. |
| HI. RESPONSIBLE PARTIES | | | | |
| 01 OWNER (# Impun) | | T (Business, mailing, resi | | |
| Clean Harbers Engroumental Services Companies | 120 | O CROWN | · Colony Drive | PO. Bex 9137 |
| 03 CITY | 04 STATE | 05 ZIP CODE | 06 TELEPHONE NUMBER | |
| Diney | MA | 12269 | 16171849-1800 | İ |
| 07 OPERATOR (If known and different from purior) | 08 STREE | T (Bueness, maling, res | 16171849-1800 | |
| | | | | |
| 09 CITY | 10 STATE | 11 ZIP CODE | 12 TELEPHONE NUMBER | |
| | | | () | |
| | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |
| 13 TYPE OF OWNERSHIP (Check entry # A. PRIVATE B. FEDERAL: | | _ C. STATE | OD.COUNTY DE.MI | JNICIPAL . |
| (Agency name) | | | | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, |
| [] F. OTHER:(Specify) | | G. UNIKNO | OWN | |
| 14 OWNER/OPERATOR NOTIFICATION ON FILE (Check all that apply) | | | | |
| # A. RCRA 300 DATE RECEIVED: 11 17 80 DB. UNCONTROL | LLED WAST | TE SITE (CERCLA 103 (| DATE RECEIVED: | TO NONE |
| IV. CHARACTERIZATION OF POTENTIAL HAZARD | | | | |
| 01 ON SITE INSPECTION BY (Check at that apply) | | ······································ | | |
| ■ YES DATE 12 1/9190 □ A.EPA □ B.EI □ NO MONTH DAY YEAR □ E.LOCAL HEALTH OF | PA CONTRA | ACTOR = C | C. STATE D. OTHER | CONTRACTOR |
|) | | B P. OTHER: | (Specify) | <u> </u> |
| <i>₺ 1 / 16 / 7.</i> 3 CONTRACTOR NAME(S): | | | · | |
| 02 SITE STATUS (Check one) 03 YEARS OF OPE | 197 ₂ | n i | | |
| M A. ACTIVE B. INACTIVE C. UNKNOWN | BEGINNING Y | | EAR UNKNOW | N |
| 04 DESCRIPTION OF BUBSTANCES POSSIBLY PRESENT, KNOWN, OR ALLEGED | - | | | |
| Inerganic (Corrosie, Toxic) St. | 0 6 | , | \ | |
| , , | urge (| Toxic, Corros | sise) | |
| HEAU, Matak (Concern, Tours) | | | | |
| 05 DESCRIPTION OF POTENTIAL HAZARD TO ENVIRONMENT AND/OR POPULATION | | | | |
| Carenaduater (Population, Environment) | | | | |
| Suchace water (Environment) | | | | |
| 1 | | | | |
| Upper Release (Proulation, Environment) | | | | |
| V. PRIORITY ASSESSMENT | _ | | | |
| 01 PRIORITY FOR INSPECTION (Check one. If high or medium is checked, complete Part 2 - Waste Infi | form etion and Po | of 3 - Description of Hater | dous Conditions and Incidents) | |
| A. HIGH B. MEDIUM C. LOW (Inspection required) (Inspect on time | no svedebio bas | D. NONE | r action needed, complete current diapo | name deserv |
| | | (| | |
| VI. INFORMATION AVAILABLE FROM 01 CONTACT 02 OF (Agency Organ | | | | TO STELEPHONE NUMBER |
| | | 0 01 | | 1 |
| MR. James Laubsted Clean F 04 PERSON RESPONSIBLE FOR ASSESSMENT OS AGENCY | 4Arbors | of Chic | 490 | BIZ 1646-6202 |
| 04 PERSON RESPONSIBLE FOR ASSESSMENT 05 AGENCY | 06 ORG | ANIZATION | | 08 DATE |
| Caregory W DUNN JEPA | Pec | -Romedial | 1217 1 782 6 761 | MONTH DAY YEAR |

\$EPA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT PART 2 - WASTE INFORMATION

I. IDENTIFICATION

01 STATE | 02 SITE NUMBER

| ALI | ^ | | PART 2 - WASTE | INFORMATION | IL DO | 0608471 | |
|------------------|--|---------------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|-------------------|--|
| II. WASTE ST | ATES, QUANTITIES, AN | D CHARACTER | ISTICS | | | | |
| | ATES (Check at that apply) | 02 WASTE QUANT | ITY AT SITE | 03 WASTE CHARACT | TERISTICS - Chack arithan | rccia, | |
| A SOLID B POWDER | E SLURRY I. FINES # F'LIQUID G GAS | nus ce | of waste quantities in tepandent | A TOXIC B CORRO C RADIO | ACTIVE G FLAM | CTIOUS JEXPLO | TiVE |
| D OTHER . | (Specdy) | CUBIC YARDS | | | | | MPATIBLE APPLICABLE |
| III. WASTE TY | /PE | | | L | | | |
| CATEGORY | SUBSTANCE N | NAME | 01 GROSS AMOUNT | 02 UNIT OF MEASURI | E 03 COMMENTS | | |
| SLU | SLUDGE | | 15 | 64 | Now-hazardo | 15 treatment | Stales |
| OLW | OILY WASTE | ·· | 16,500 | لمر بن | | who 1 40 va 3 o.1 | |
| SOL | SOLVENTS | | 4/86 | >/2 | | rum storage | |
| PSD | PESTICIDES | | 1 80 | | TOTAL Z | ium sterage | 37 E CL |
| осс | OTHER ORGANIC C | HEMICALS | <u> </u> | | | | |
| IOC | INORGANIC CHEMIC | CALS | 741,500 | GA | Tul dec 11 la | uts out receiving | facts |
| ACD | ACIOS | | 4731 | DIZ | | ad down storm | · |
| BAS | BASES | | 4165 | 02 | | taline orum Ste | |
| MES | HEAVY METALS | | | | | J. C. C. C. C. C. | |
| IV. HAZARDO | OUS SUBSTANCES (See A | Appendia for most frequer | ntly cited CAS Numbers) | | | | |
| 01 CATEGORY | 02 SUBSTANCE | YAME | 03 CAS NUMBER | 04 STORAGE DI | SPOSAL METHOD | 05 CONCENTRATION | 06 MEASURE OF CONCENTRATION |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | * See Table | 3 ~ R | doct * | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | 1 | | | 1 | |
| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | † | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 1 | | | |
| V. FEEDSTO | CKS /See Appendix for CAS Num | hert | | J | | <u></u> | |
| CATEGORY | 01 FEEDSTO | | 02 CAS NUMBER | CATEGORY | 01 FEEDS | TOCK NAME | 02 CAS NUMBER |
| FDS | | | | FDS | | | |
| FDS | | | | FDS | | | |
| FDS | | | + | FDS | | | |
| FDS | | | - | FDS | | | |
| | S OF INFORMATION ICH | e specific relevences e r | giate ides sample analysis | 1 | J | | |
| U.SUAL . | Pamit Application EPA Land Po | December | e 19, 1990 EUISIONS | | | | |

SUPPORTING

DOCUMENTS

REFERENCE SHEET

- 1. Analytical results from effluent samples collected by the Metropolitan Water Reclamation District of Greater Chicago.
- 2. Spill reports from incidents at the Clean Harbors facility.
- 3. Operating permit granted to Clean Harbors by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency.
- 4. January 22, 1973 Hearing notes at a meeting with Hyon Waste Management.
- 5. April 4, 1973 inspection at the Hyon facility by Mr. Larry Ziemba of the Division of Water Pollution Control (IEPA).

NICHOLAS J. MELAS PRESIDENT

REFERENCE 1

THE

METROPOLITAN SANITARY DISTRICT

OF GREATER CHICAGO

100 EAST ERIE ST., CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60611 . . . 751-5600

THOMAS S FULLER
NELLIE LI CONES
JAMES DIKLETE
JAMES DIKLETE
JAMES DIKLETE
JAMES DIKLETE
TO THOLAS JIMELAS
AURELIA PUCINGKI
NANCY DREW SHEEHAN
RICHARD LITROY

Cecil Lue-Hing

Director
Research & Development

4....

NOTICE OF VIOLATION

THE METROPOLITAN SANITARY

DISTRICT OF GREATER CHICAGO

VS.

CHEM CLEAR, INC.

SANITARY SEWER

)

TO: Mr. James Laubsted
Plant Manager
11800 South Stony Island Avenue
Chicago, Illinois 60617

Investigation has revealed that you have violated Appendix B of the Sewage and Waste Control Ordinance of the Metropolitan Sanitary District of Greater Chicago and the applicable Illinois law pertaining to pollution. Your violation consists of: discharging an effluent with excessive concentrations of lead, copper, zinc and iron to the sanitary sewerage system, as noted in the table below, all at Station IA:

| <u>Date</u> | Time | <u>Parameter</u> | <u>Analysis</u> |
|-----------------------|--------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| 5/14/87 | 8.0-Hr. Composite | Lead | 0.51 mg/L |
| 5/27/87 | 24.0-Hr. Composite | Copper | 0.6 mg/L |
| 5/04/87 | 24.0-Hr. Composite | Zinc | 33.6 mg/L |
| 6/05/87 to 6/08/87 | 72.0-Hr. Composite | Zinc | 23.1 mg/I. |
| 6/08/87 | 24.0-Hr. Composite | Lead | 0.97 mg/L |
| 6/22:87 | 24.0-Hr. Composite | Iron | 50.1 mg/L |
| 6/30/67 | 24.0-Hr. Composite | Lead | 0.94 mg/L |
| 7/01/87 | 24.0-Hr. Composite | Lead | 0.89 mg/L |

An owner or an officer of the respondent, authorized to legally bind the respondent, is directed to appear at the Industrial Waste Division, Enforcement Section, Third Floor, at 111 East Erie Street, Chicago, Illinois, on September 17, 1987 at 10:00 a.m. for a conciliation meeting, to discuss and attempt to resolve the violation and to submit, at that time, a plan and schedule for compliance. Direct phone inquiries should be made to Rion Klawinski at 751-3047.

THESE PROCEEDINGS ARE TECHNICAL AND NON-ADVERSARY IN NATURE. ANYONE APPEAR-ING PURSUANT HERETO MAY APPEAR WITH LEGAL AND/OR TECHNICAL COUNSEL. YOUR FAIL-URE TO APPEAR IN RESPONSE TO THIS NOTICE WILL SUBJECT YOU TO SUCH LEGAL ACTIONS AND SANCTIONS AS ARE PROVIDED BY LAW.

Witnessed: August 13, 1987
The Metropolitan Sanitary District
of Greater Chicago
Frank E. Dalton, General Superintendent

BY:

Cecil Lue-Hing, D.Sc., P.E. Director
Research and Development

CIH /RC.

PREPARED BY:

(con 12 % c/m

Jerome Tobias Chief Enforcement Officer

CLH: RK: ipy

CLH:RL:AJS:JT:RK:ib

AM 1/1

PROOFREAD BY 5 1 1 1 1

(Signature, Typist)

& Etawns

(Signature, Writer)

DATE

IWVIOSN 7R x 12C 11/06/90 11:45 Fage 1

CLEAN HARBOR INC, 11800 S STONY ISLAND, CHGO, SANITARY SEWER DISCHARGE VIOLATIONS REPORT * YEAR TO DATE FOR CLN1S

| 0 | SAMPLE NUMBER | 2 SAMPLE TYPE | 3 SAMPLE STATION | 4 DATE | 5 TIME | 6 PARA- METER | 7 VALUE | 8 LIMIT(S) | 9 UNITS | TO GRAB | 11 DAILY LIMIT | 12 MONTHLY LIMIT |
|---|------------------|------------------|---------------------|----------|--------|------------------|---------|-------------|----------|---------|-------------------|------------------|
| 1 | 5625A | S | 1 A | 03/28/90 | C24 | PH | 10.40 | 5.0 TO 10.0 | PH UNITS | OVER | | |
| 2 | 6447B | S | 1A | 05/25/90 | C96 | IIG | 12.80 | 15,6,3 | UG/L | | CHECK | CHECK |
| 3 | 7104B | S | 1 A | 05/31/90 | C24 | HG | 6.80 | 15,6,3 | UG/L | | CHECK | CHECK |
| 4 | 5026€ | s | 1 A | 07/18/90 | C24 | PB | 0.82 | 0.5 | MG/L | OWER | | |
| 5 | 8336C | S | 1 A | 08/13/90 | C24 | IIG | 67.00 | 15,6,3 | UG/L | OVER | CHECK | CHECK |
| 6 | 1264D | S | 1A | 08/24/90 | C71 | IIG | 4.70 | 15,6,3 | UG/L | | | CHECK |
| 7 | 3611D | S | 11 | 09/12/90 | C24 | HG | 3.40 | 15,6,3 | UG/L | | | CHECK |

IWVIOSN 4R x 12C 11/06/90 11:44 Page 1

CHEM CLEAR, 11800 S STONY ISLAND AVE, CHGO, SANITARY SEWER DISCHARGE VIOLATIONS REPORT * YEAR TO DATE FOR CCL1S

| 0 | 1 SAMPLE | 2 SAMPLE | 3 SAMPLE | 4 DATE | 5 TIME | 6 PARA- | 7 VALUE | 8 LIMIT(S) | 9 UNITS | 10 GRAB | 11 DAILY | 12 MONTHLY |
|---|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------|---------|---------|-------------|----------|---------|----------|------------|
| | NUMBER | TYPE | STATION | | | METER | | | | LIMIT | LIMIT | LIMIT |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | 3111H | S | 1A | 01/18/90 | C24 | PH | 11.40 | 5.0 TO 10.0 | PH UNITS | OVER | | |
| 2 | 7899H | S | 1A | 02/09/90 | 1401 | TOT CN | 6.50 | 5 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 3 | 1000A | s | 1A | 02/27/90 | 1410 | TOT CN | 6.75 | 5 | MG/L | OVFR | | |
| 4 | 2621A | s | 1A | 03/09/90 | 1408 | TOT CN | 5.75 | 5 | MG/L | OVER | | |

IWVIOSN 9R x 12C 11/06/90 11:50 Page 1

CHEM CLEAR, 11800 S STONY ISLAND AVE, CHGO, SANITARY SEWER DISCHARGE VIOLATIONS REPORT * YEAR TO DATE FOR CCL1S

| *Missel | , 1 SAMPLE NUMBER | 2 SAMPLE TYPE | 3 SAMPLE STATION | 4 DATE | 5 TIME | 6 PARA- METER | 7 VALUE | 8 LIMIT(S) | 9 UNITS | 10 GRAB LIMIT | 11 DAILY LIMIT | 12 MONTHLY LIMIT |
|---------|----------------------|------------------|---------------------|----------|--------|------------------|---------|-------------|----------|------------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| 1 | 6574C | | 1A | 01/09/89 | C23 | CU | 3.01 | 3.0 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 2 | 7183€ | S | 1A | 01/18/89 | | FOG | 492.00 | 250.0 | , | OVER | | |
| 3 | 6903D | s | 1 A | 04/10/89 | C24 | PB | 0.60 | 0.5 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 4 | 8085D | S | 1A | 04/18/89 | C23 | PB | 0.56 | 0.5 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 5 | 2843E | S | 14 | 05/17/89 | C24 | PH | 10.10 | 5.0 TO 10.0 | PH UNITS | OVER | | |
| 6 | 4031E | S | 1A | 05/30/89 | C22 | PH | 10.50 | 5.0 TO 10.0 | PH UNITS | OVER | | |
| 7 | 8889E | 3 | 1A | 07/14/89 | C72 | IIG | 16.00 | 15,6,3 | UG/L | OVER | CHECK | CHECK |
| 8 | 9394E | S | 1A | 07/19/89 | C24 | PH | 10.40 | 5.0 TO 10.0 | PH UNITS | OWER | | |
| 9 | 4167F | 3 | 1A | 08/21/89 | C25 | 11G | 5.50 | 15.6.3 | UG/L | | | Снеск |

CHEM CLEAR, 11800 S STONY ISLAND AVE, CHGO, SANITARY SEWER FID-23202484300 DISCHARGE VIOLATIONS REPORT * YEAR TO DATE FOR CCLLS

| 0 | 1 SAMPLE NUMBER | 2 SAMPLE TYPE | 3 SAMPLE STATION | 4 DATE | 5 TIME | 6 PARA- METER | | 8 LIMIT(S) | | to GRAB | LIMIT | 12 MONTHLY LIMIT |
|----|--------------------|------------------|---------------------|----------|------------|------------------|--------|-------------|----------|--------------------|-------|---------------------|
| 1 | 867711 | s | 1A | 01/07/88 | C24 | FOG | 262.00 | 250.0 | | OAEB | | |
| 2 | 8713H | S | 1A | 01/08/88 | C24 | FOG | 262.00 | 250.0 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 3 | 8893H | S | 1 A | 01/12/88 | C24 | FOG | 282.00 | 250.0 | MG/L | $O\Delta EB$ | | |
| 4 | 8960H | S | 1A | 01/13/88 | C24 | FOG | 417.00 | 250.0 | MG/L | UAEB | | |
| 5 | 8960H | S | 1A | 01/13/88 | C24 | FE | 62.90 | 50.0 | MG/L | comeR | | |
| 6 | 8960H | S | 1A | 01/13/88 | C24 | PB | 1.61 | 0.5 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 7 | 9032H | S | 1A | 01/14/88 | C24 | FOG | 486.00 | 250.0 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 8 | 9076н | S | 1A | 01/15/88 | C24 | PH | 10.10 | 5.0 TO 10.0 | PH UNITS | OVER | | |
| 9 | 9076н | S | 1A | 01/15/88 | C24 | FOG | 374.00 | 250.0 | MG/L | OAEB | | |
| 10 | 9124H | s | 1A | 01/18/88 | C24 | PH | 10.30 | 5.0 TO 10.0 | PH UNITS | OVER | | |
| 11 | 9203Н | s | 1A | 01/19/88 | €24 | PH | 10.30 | 5.0 TO 10.0 | PH UNITS | OVER | | |
| 12 | 9671H | S | 1 A | 01/27/88 | C24 | FOG | 267.00 | 250.0 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 13 | 9774H | s | 1A | 01/29/88 | C24 | FOG | 332.00 | 250.0 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 14 | 9954H | S | 1A | 02/02/88 | C24 | PH | 10.10 | 5.0 TO 10.0 | PH UNITS | OALB | | |
| 15 | 1008A | S | 1A | 02/03/88 | C24 | PH | 10.40 | 5.0 TO 10.0 | PH UNITS | Othik | | |
| 16 | 1142A | S | 1 A | 02/05/88 | C72 | 1/11 | 10.30 | 5.0 TO 10.0 | PH UNITS | OALEB | | |
| 17 | 1209A | S | 1A | 02/08/88 | €24 | FOG | 379.00 | 250.0 | MG/L | OVIIR | | |
| 18 | 1209A | S | 1A | 02/08/88 | C24 | CU | 4.17 | 3.0 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 19 | 1209A | S | 1A | 02/08/88 | €24 | NI | 11.80 | 10.0 | MG/L | OAEB | | |
| 20 | 4525A | S | 1A | 04/04/88 | C24 | TOT CN | 5.85 | 5.0 | MG/L | OWER | | |
| 21 | 466 8A | s | 1A | 04/05/88 | €24 | TOT CN | 6.50 | 5.0 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 22 | 7793A | S | A1 | 05/18/88 | C24 | TOT CN | 7.00 | 5.0 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 23 | 8309A | S | 1 A | 05/25/88 | C24 | FOG | 570.00 | 250.0 | MG/L | $\alpha_{\rm MER}$ | | |
| 24 | 8309A | s | 1A | 05/25/88 | C24 | HG | 4.10 | 15,6,3 | UG/L | | | CHECK |
| 25 | 8569A | s | 1A | 05/31/88 | C19 | FOG | 402.00 | 250.0 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 26 | 9567A | s | 1A | 06/13/88 | C24 | PH | 10.30 | 5.0 TO 10.0 | PH UNITS | OVER | | |
| 27 | 3293B | S | 1A | 07/15/88 | C72 | TOT CN | 5.21 | 5.0 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 28 | 3514B | s | 1A | 07/19/88 | C24 | РН | 10.20 | 5.0 TO 10.0 | PH UNITS | OVER | | |
| 29 | 3514B | s | 1A | 07/19/88 | C24 | TOT CN | 10.70 | 5.0 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 30 | 3632B | s | 1A | 07/20/88 | C24 | TOT CN | 5.68 | 5.0 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 31 | 4843B | S | 1 A | 08/04/88 | €24 | ZN | 16.20 | 15.0 | MG/L | OTER | | |
| 32 | 4843B | S | 1A | 08/04/88 | C24 | cu | 4.15 | 3.0 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 33 | 4843B | s | 1A | 08/04/88 | C24 | PB | 0.83 | 0.5 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 34 | 5135B | S | 1 A | 08/09/88 | CII | I'H | | 5.0 TO 10.0 | PH UNITS | OVER | | |
| 35 | 5 562B | S | 1 A | 08/15/88 | C24 | NI | 10.70 | 10.0 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 36 | 5946B | S | 1A | 08/19/88 | C54 | ZN | 42.40 | 15.0 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 37 | 5946B | S | 1A | 08/19/88 | | CU | 30.20 | 3.0 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 38 | 5946B | S | 1A | 08/19/88 | C54 | TOT CR | 50.80 | 25.0 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 39 | 5946B | S | 1A | 08/19/88 | C54 | FE | 350.00 | 50.0 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 40 | 5946B | s | AI | 08/19/88 | C54 | mī | 23.20 | 10.0 | MG/L | OVFR | | |
| 41 | 5946B | S | 1A | 08/19/88 | | РВ | 1.68 | 0.5 | | OWER | | |
| 42 | 6229B | S | 1A | 08/24/88 | | NI | 12.20 | 10.0 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 43 | 6950B | s | 1A | 09/06/88 | | РВ | 0.57 | | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 44 | 8696B | s | 1A | 09/27/88 | | HG | | 15,6,3 | UG/L | • | | CHECK |
| 45 | 8807B | S | 1A | 09/28/88 | | TOT CN | 6.55 | 5.0 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 46 | 8807B | S | 1A | 09/28/88 | | HG | | 15,6,3 | UG/L | | | CHECK |
| 47 | 8931B | s | 1A | 09/29/88 | | PH | | 5.0 TO 10.0 | PH UNITS | OVER | | |
| 48 | 8931B | S | 1A | 09/29/88 | | TOT CN | 11.70 | 5.0 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 49 | 8931B | S | 1A | 09/29/88 | | HG | | 15,6,3 | UG/L | , | CHECK | CHECK |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |

IWIOSN 64R x 12C 11/06/90 11:51 Fage 2

THEM CLEAR, 11800 S STONY ISLAND AVE. CHGO, SANITARY SEWER FID-23202484300 DISCHARGE VIOLATIONS REPORT * YEAR TO DATE FOR CCL1S

| 0 N aji p 1 | 1 SAMPLE | 2 SAMPLE | 3 SAMPLE | 4 DATE | 5 TIME | 6 PARA- | 7 VALUE | 8 LIMIT(S) | 9 UNITS | 10 GRAB | 11 DAILY | 12 MONTHLY |
|-----------------------|----------------|----------|------------|----------|--------|---------|---------|------------|---------|---------|----------|------------|
| AL III | MUMBER | TYPE | MOITATE | | | METER | | | | TIMIT | LIMIT | LIMIT |
| 50 | 9152B | S | 1A | 10/03/88 | C24 | РВ | 1.96 | 0.5 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 51 | 92618 | S | 1A | 10/04/88 | C2·1 | PB | 1.39 | 0.5 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 52 | 9 357B | S | 1A | 10/05/88 | C24 | HG | 4.80 | 15,6,3 | UG/L | | | CIIECK |
| 53 | 9511B | S | Al | 10/06/88 | C24 | HG | 4.70 | 15,6,3 | UG/L | | | CHECK |
| 54 | 960 8 B | 3 | 1A | 10/07/88 | C72 | TOT CN | 8.50 | 5.0 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 5 5 | 960 8 B | 3 | 1 A | 10/07/88 | C72 | PB | 0.78 | 0.5 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 56 | 9608B | 3 | 1A | 10/07/88 | c72 | HG | 8.20 | 15,6,3 | UG/L | | CHECK | CHECK |
| 57 | 9 794 B | 3 | 1 A | 10/11/88 | C24 | FE | 70.10 | 50.0 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 58 | 9 794 B | S | 1A | 10/11/88 | C24 | PB | 0.70 | 0.5 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 59 | 3146€ | S | 1 A | 11/10/88 | C96 | FOG | 340.00 | 250.0 | MG/L | OWER | | |
| 6 0 | 3314€ | S | 1 A | 11/21/88 | C24 | IIG | 3.20 | 15,6,3 | UG/L | | | CHECK |
| 61 | 3921C | S | 1 A | 11/22/88 | C24 | HG | 5.30 | 15,6,3 | UG/L | | | CHECK |
| 62 | 4639€ | s | 1A | 12/05/88 | C24 | FOG | 497.00 | 250.0 | MG/L | OVEU | | |
| f | 5876C | s | 1A | 12/21/88 | C24 | FOG | 326.00 | 250.0 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 64 | 6191C | S | 14 | 12/29/88 | C120 | FOG | 299.00 | 250.0 | MG/L | OVER | | |

IWVIOSN 36R x 12C 06-NOV-90 11:52 Page 1

CHEM CLEAR, 11800 S STONY ISLAND AVE, CHGO, SANITARY SEWER FID-23202484300 DISCHARGE VIOLATIONS REPORT * YEAR TO DATE FOR CCL1S

| 0 | 1 SAMPLE NUMBER | 2 SAMPLE TYPE | 3 SAMPLE STATION | 4 DATE | 5 TIME | 6 PARA- METER | 7 VALUE | 8 LIMIT(S) | 9 UNITS | 10 GRAB | 11 DAILY LIMIT | 12 MONTHLY . |
|----|--------------------|------------------|---------------------|----------|--------|------------------|---------|-------------|----------|--------------|-------------------|--------------|
| 1 | 7562F | υ | 1A | 1/20/87 | C22 | I'B | 0.73 | 0.5 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 2 | 7612F | U | 1 A | 1/22/87 | C24 | PB | 1.05 | 0.5 | MG/L | OMER | | |
| 3 | 7614F | U | 1 A | 1/23/87 | C72 | PB | 0.52 | 0.5 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 4 | 7765 F | υ | 1A | 1/26/87 | C24 | PH | 10.50 | 5.0 TO 10.0 | PH UNITS | OVER | | |
| 5 | 7769 F | υ | 1A | 1/28/87 | C25 | PH | 10.20 | 5.0 TO 10.0 | PH UNITS | OVER | | |
| 6 | 8100F | U | 1A | 2/4/87 | C24 | PH | 10.20 | 5.0 TO 10.0 | PH UNITS | OVER | | |
| 7 | 8755F | U | 1A | 2/17/87 | C24 | PH | 10.10 | 5.0 TO 10.0 | PH UNITS | OVER | | |
| 8 | 1356G | U | 1A | 3/18/87 | C24 | FE | 70.20 | 50.0 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 9 | 2383G | U | 1A | 4/8/87 | C24 | HG | 4.00 | 15,6,3 | UG/L | | | CHECK |
| 10 | 4416G | S | 1A | 5/14/87 | €8 | ГВ | 0.51 | 0.5 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 11 | 4972G | S | 1A | 5/27/87 | C2 1 | CU | 3.60 | 3.0 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 12 | 5519G | s | 1 A | 6/4/87 | C24 | ZN | 33.60 | 15.0 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 13 | 559 8G | S | 1A | 6/5/87 | C72 | ZN | 23.10 | 15.0 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 14 | 5665G | S | 1A | 6/8/87 | €24 | PB | 0.97 | 0.5 | MG/L | SHAVO | | |
| 15 | 6505G | s | 1A | 6/22/87 | C24 | FE | 50.10 | 50.0 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 16 | 7100G | S | 1A | 6/30/87 | C24 | PB | 0.94 | 0.5 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 17 | 7143G | s | 1A | 7/1/87 | C24 | PB | 0.89 | 0.5 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 18 | 8765G | S | 1A | 7/30/87 | C24 | CU | 3.56 | 3.0 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 19 | 1365н | s | 1A | 8/31/87 | C24 | FOG | 272.00 | 250.0 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 20 | 1476н | S | 1A | 9/1/87 | C24 | CU | 4.63 | 3.0 | MG/L | $O\Delta EB$ | | |
| 21 | 1712H | S | 1A | 9/8/87 | C24 | RR CN | 2.52 | 2.0 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 22 | 1796н | S | 1A | 9/9/87 | C24 | PB | 0.76 | 0.5 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 23 | 187111 | S | 1A | 9/10/87 | C24 | RR CN | 2.40 | 2.0 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 24 | 3246Н | S | 1A | 9/18/87 | €24 | CU | 5.38 | 3.0 | MG/L | OVER | | ٧ |
| 25 | 5080н | S | 1 A | 10/19/87 | C23.5 | CU | 4.54 | 3.0 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 26 | 5845H | S | 1A | 11/2/87 | C24 | CU | 11.00 | 3.0 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 27 | 6205H | s | 1A | 11/9/87 | €24 | FE | 51.90 | 50.0 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 28 | 6809н | S | 1A | 11/19/87 | C24 | FE | 55.80 | 50.0 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 29 | 7008H | S | 1A | 11/24/87 | C24 | FOG | 373.00 | 250.0 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 30 | 7008H | s | 1A | 11/24/87 | C24 | zn | 19.50 | 15.0 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 31 | 700 8 H | S | 1A | 11/24/87 | C24 | FE | 51.20 | 50.0 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 32 | 7042Н | S | 1A | 11/25/87 | €24 | TOT CN | 10.05 | 10.0 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 33 | 723811 | s | 1A | 12/1/87 | €24 | FOG | 543.00 | 250.0 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 34 | 7238H | s | 1A | 12/1/87 | €24 | CU | 4.50 | 3.0 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 35 | 7238H | s | 1A | 12/1/87 | €24 | FE | 65.20 | 50.0 | MG/L | OVER | | |
| 36 | 7238н | S | 1A | 12/1/87 | €24 | ľВ | 0.60 | 0.5 | MG/L | OVER | | |

INVIOSM 24R x 12C 06-NOV-90 13:00 Page 1

CHEM CLEAR, 11800 S STONY ISLAND AVE, CHGO, SANITARY SEWER FID-23202491300 DISCHARGE VIOLATIONS REPORT * YEAR TO DATE FOR CCL1S

| : | : UMBER | TYPE | 3 SAMPLE STATION | | | METER | | | | 10 GPAB OR SOLO LIMIT | COMP LIMIT |
|----|----------------|----------|---------------------|---------|--------|---------|--------|-------------|----------|--------------------------|------------|
| 1 | | | lA | | | | | | MG/L | | |
| 2 | 96300 | S | 1A | 1/2/86 | C13.66 | PB | 1.59 | 0.5 | MG/L | OVER | |
| 3 | 96960 | S | la. | 1/6/86 | C23 | PB | 0.80 | 0.5 | MG/L | CVER | |
| ; | 9734D | S | lA | 1/7/86 | C15.33 | PB | 0.51 | 0.5 | MG/L | OVER | |
| 5 | 97900 | <u>s</u> | 1A | 1/8/86 | C20 | FOG | 328.00 | 250.0 | MG/L | OVER | |
| 5 | 99310 | S | ia - | 1/13/85 | C18 | FOG | 377.00 | 250.0 | MG/L | OVER | |
| 7 | 12158 | S | 1A | 1/21/86 | C24 | FOG | 260.00 | 250.0 | MG/L | OVER | |
| 3 | 12155 | \$ | A | 1/21/86 | C24 | PB | 1.04 | 0.5 | MG/L | OVER | |
| 9 | 1270E | S | l.A | 1/22/86 | C24 | PB | 1.38 | 0.5 | MG/L | OVER | |
|) | 1416E | S | LA. | 1/27/86 | C23 | F⊙G | 413.00 | 250.0 | MG/L | OVER | |
| | 1556E | S | LA. | 1/30/86 | C25 | FOG | 786.00 | 250.0 | MG/L | OVER | |
| ? | 13022 | S | 1. A | 2/5/86 | C24 | FOG | 301.00 | 250.0 | MG/L | OVER | |
| 3 | 902E | 5 | 1 A | 2/5/86 | C24 | CU | 5.46 | 3.0 | MG/L | OVER | |
| : | ₩ ##64E | 3 | 1.A. | 2/24/86 | C24 | PB | 1.74 | 0.5 | MG/L | OVER | |
| .; | 2529E | 3 | 1 A | 2/25/86 | C24 | PB | 2.15 | 0.5 | MG/L | OVER | |
| | 58305 | 3 | 1A | 3/5/86 | C27 | FOG | 278.00 | 250.0 | MG/L | OVER | |
| | 5059E | S | 1A | 4/25/86 | C72 | PB | 0.73 | 0.5 | MG/L | OVER | |
| : | 21735 | S | 1A | 7/1/86 | C24 | TOT CH | 10.80 | 10.0 | MG/L | OVER | |
| : | 3227E | S | 1A | 7/2/86 | C24 | TOT CN | 17.00 | 10.0 | MG/L | OVER | |
| - | 1909F | S | 1A | 8/25/86 | C24 | HG | 5.70 | 15,6,3 | UG/L | | |
| : | 2306F | S | 1A | 9/4/86 | C24 | FOG | 333.00 | 250.0 | MG/L | OVER | |
| : | | 5 | | 9/19/86 | | PH | 4.70 | 5.0 TO 10.0 | PH UNITS | UTIDER | |
| 3 | 93F | บ | 1A | 11/5/86 | C24 | FE | 58.80 | 50.0 | MG/L | OVER | |
| - | 4961F | υ | 1A | 11/6/86 | C24 | P.R. CN | 4.65 | 2.0 | MG/L | OVER | |

06-NOV-90 13:00 Page 2

CHEM CLEAR, 11800 S STONY ISLAND AVE, CHGO, SANITARY SEWER FID-23202484300 DISCHARGE VIOLATIONS REPORT * YEAR TO DATE FOR CCL1S

| 0 | 12 | MONTHLY |
|---|----|---------|

|) | 12 | łLY | |
|----|----|------|-------|
| | | COMP | LIMIT |
| 1 | | | · |
| 2 | | | |
| 3 | | | |
| 4 | | | |
| 5 | | | |
| 6 | | | |
| 7 | | | |
| 8 | | | |
| 9 | | | |
| 10 | | | |
| 11 | | | |
| 12 | | | |
| 13 | | | |
| 14 | | | |
| 15 | | | |
| 16 | | | |
| 17 | | | |
| | | | |

CHECK

18 19 20

CHEM-GLEAR'

SUITE 915 • 992 OLD EAGLE SCHOOL ROAD • WAYNE, PENNSYLVANIA 19087 • (215) 687-8990

REGETVED

June 19, 1985

JUN 21 1985

SWB-AIS O.S. EPAL REGION V

RECEIVED

JUL 25 1985

IEPA-DLPC

Mr. Wayne Pearson RCRA Activities U.S. EPA, Region V P.O. Box A-3587

Chicago, IL 60690

Dear Mr. Pearson:

Thank you for your telephone call of introduction last week. As promised, I have enclosed the completed Certification Regarding Pctential Releases from Solid Waste Management Units for ChemClear's Chicago facility.

Only a single release of material from hazardous waste management unit has occurred during the operation of this facility. On January 6, 1985 approximately 100,000 gallons of sludge was spilled inside of the lined tank farm and the process/office building. The entire area of the spill was contained and the recovered sludge was returned to a sound tank.

If you should require additional information related to this matter or desire clarification on any aspect of our Part B application, please feel free to call me.

Sincerely

Ruth C. Niesen

Environmental Coordinator

RCN/job

Enclosures

cc: Greg Valocchi, Plant Manager Jim Laubsted, Plant Engineer

COPY2

CERTIFICATION REGARDING POTENTIAL RELEASES FROM SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT UNITS

| FACILITY NAME: | ChemClear, Incorpor | ated | |
|---|---|---|---|
| EPA I.D. NUMBER: | ILD 000608471 | | |
| LOCATION CITY: | Chicago | | |
| STATE: | Illinois | | |
| closed) at you | of the following soli or facility? NOTE - D NN IN YOUR PART B APPE | O NOT INCLUDE HAZ | t units (existing or ARDOUS WASTES UNITS |
| | | YES | NO |
| Storage Ta Container Injection Wastewater Transfer S Waste Recy | e or ank (Above Ground) ank (Underground) Storage Area Wells Treatment Units Stations voling Operations | | X |
| 2. If there are "provide a descort in each uniwould be consinted and the consinted area. Also in disposed on ar | idered as hazardous wanclude any available dond the dates of disposand include capacity, | f the items in Nu that were stored ease focus on whe stes or hazardous lata on quantities al. Please also | mber 1 above, please , treated or disposed ther or not the wastes constituents under |
| | | | |
| | | | ÷ (|

NOTE: Hazardous waste are those identified in 40 CFR 261. Hazardous constituents are those listed in Appendix VIII Of 40 CFR Part 261.

3. For the units noted in Number 1 above and also those hazardous waste units in your Part B application, please describe for each unit any data available on any prior or current releases of hazardous wastes or constituents to the environment that may have occurred in the part or still be occurring.

Please provide the following information

- a. Date of release
- b. Type of waste released
- c. Quantity or volume of waste released
- d. Describe nature of release (i.e., spill, overflow, ruptured pipe or tank, etc.)

On January 6. 1985 approximately 100.000 gallons of metal hydroxide sludge was spilled inside of the process/office building and inside of the pvc-lined tank farm due to the rupture of the pipeline leading from the sludge concentrator to the filter press. All sludge was contained and did not contact groundwater or soil outside of the tank farm. All sludge has been removed from the process/office building returned to the sludge concentrator and there has been no release of hazardous wastes or constituents to the environment. In regard to the prior releases described in Number 3 above, please provide (for each unit) any analytical data that may be available which would describe the nature and extent of environmental contamination that exists as a result of such releases. Please focus on concentrations of hazardous wastes or constituents present in contaminated soil or groundwater.

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the submittal is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations. (42 U.S.C. 6902 et seq. and 40 CFR 270.11(d))

Ruth C: Niesen, Environmental Coordinator
Typed Name and Title

June 13, 1985

Date

| State of Illinois | Date of Call ///8/83 |
|---|---|
| Environmental Protection Agency | Time of Call 2:5/ |
| Division of Air Pollution Control | Received by E.O. |
| | |
| COMPLAI | NT RECORD |
| Suspect Source Information: | Complainant Information: |
| Name Chem-Clear | Name John Schlossberge |
| Address 11800 & Stoney Island | Address 12100 S. Stowey Isla |
| City, Zip Chicago III. | City, Zip Chicago |
| Area Code/Phone 646-6202 | Area Code/Phone 646-2100 |
| I.D. # 031 600 BTE | |
| | |
| Type of Complaint: [] Dust [] Odo | rs [] Smoke X] Other Vapor |
| Nature of Complaint: Orange - Br | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| emitted from autruck unto | sading at Chem-Clear No Not |
| | ing the vapor cloud to be div |
| away from the complainant. | However, the complainant is |
| a least the make up of the vape | or. Wishes to be called back. |
| 1 0 | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| A6 53 | 57 1 6 57 |
| Referred to: [XI Unit A [] Unit B | [] Unit C [] Other |
| | |
| Comments: <u>Culled Chem-Clear</u> | , spoke to Mr. Coney Valorch |
| The emissions occurred when a t | ruck containing plating weste coul |
| | valve. A second truck from the san |
| | |
| | thou a compon, atter according he |
| material, deceded decided that by | from a Cogoon, after unloading hi |
| | so an initial lab reports he would |
| | so an initial lab reports he would |
| then into the holding git. Due to this a | and on initial lab reports he would cumping the material wito his truck a action, an unforecen reaction had occ |
| then into the holding git. Due to this a [] DISTRIBUTION: Original and Co | umping the material with his truck a action, an unforceen reaction had occord - Unit Supervisor Copy - Wan |
| the unload the first truck by poten into the holding pit. Due to this of DISTRIBUTION: Original and Consider the lunch | and on initial lab reports he would cumping the material wito his truck a action, an unforecen reaction had occ |
| the unload the first truck by go then into the holding git. Due to this a [] DISTRIBUTION: Original and Co causing the renown prime. The durant KK/IS/1254A (9/08/83) | and on unitial lab reports he would unique the material wito his truck a action, an unforceen reaction had occurred - Unit Supervisor Copy - Wan win of the incident was ten minutes. |
| then into the holding pit. Due to this a [] DISTRIBUTION: Original and Co causing the known prime. The Auran KK/IS/1254A (9/08/83) To the need of out-fitting a worker with | and on unitial lab reports he would unique the material wito his truck a action, an unforceen reaction had occurred - Unit Supervisor Copy - Wan win of the incident was ten minutes. |

active. The facility is now doing lab tests in order to determine exactly what happened and what the vapor was hab samples of the two mixtures, when mixed did not fume. O cress is that there may be some residule material in the value of the second, probably as waster oil or greeze.

Will open upthe trailer hatch to determine if any more fums present. It they are, they will fill the truck with water to clear the fumes.

Cracked open truck, found some residue of the gas in the truck. Chemist believes that is nitnogen dioxide. What is in the truck is not that much involume. What they plan to do is to pressurize the truck in order bubble the gas through the water to form the primary riture acid.

w_ v

Ce Zanco Gerinte

December 20, 1983

"CHEM-GLEAR"

(312) 646-6202

11800 S. STONY ISLAND AVEN CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60617

031600BTE

001600-7

RECEIVED CHICAGO OFFICE

DEC 2 2 1983

Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Division of Air Pollution Control 1701 South First Avenue Maywood, IL 60153 ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGE STATE OF ILLINOIS

Attn: Edward J. Osowski

Field Operations Section

Dear Ed:

On November 8, 1983 an incident occurred on the Chem-Clear property at 11800 South Stony Island Avenue, Chicago which resulted in an air emission. The following summary will attempt to explain to the best of our ability what transpired.

At approximately 3:30 PM on November 8, 1983 a truck owned and operated by Chemical Services (4601 W. 138th St., Crestwood, IL) entered the Chem-Clear treatment facility. This truck (SWH Registration 1301005) was carrying a load of Sulfuric/Nitric Acid generated by Arlington Plating (600 S. Vermont, Palatine, IL) (manifest & perspective analysis attached).

When the driver opened the hatch on top of the truck, for the purpose of sampling the waste, a cloud, orangish in color, streamed from the open truck. The driver climbed down from the tanker and one of Chem-Clear's operators (Robert Sheahan), waiting to sample the load, went to our lab and requested that the chemist (Ellen Riley) look at the truck. Ellen, after viewing the plume from the truck, came into the office and informed me of what she thought was occurring. I immediately went to the truck pad and had our operator put on a respirator and climb up the tanker and close the hatch.

Your call to us occurred somewhere during the tail end of the above. Once the truck was secure the chemist and myself looked at the background analysis of the waste, called Chemical Services (Charles Wessels) and attempted to surmise what was chemically occurring. The general consensus was that nitrogen dioxide was being released from the truck.

Chem-Clear had cleaned and rinsed pit #2 to receive this load due to its nitric content for the offloading, earlier in the day.

Page 2 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency December 20, 1983

Once our conclusions were in order a solution, or solutions were tabled. The truck in question could not offload because the safety valve stem was damaged (assumption's the acid waste in the load worked through the packing and attacked the valve stem). The load was transferred from the truck to another Chemical Service truck, which came on site at this time. The second truck off loaded the Arlington waste into our pit #2. During the offloading the pipe from the internal to the external valve was corroded and developed a leak. Offloading stopped until a piece of 6" PVC was slipped over the hose and joint and offloading was finished. This truck was thoroughly flushed with water and received into pit #1 for treatment.

All during the above the original truck was left untouched until we could direct our attention toward a solution.

The original truck's hatch was opened to ascertain whether or not a gaseous problem still existed. A less intense cloud was observed. A hose (water) was inserted into the hatch and the hatch was pulled snug. The truck was filled with water and once again emptied via truck #2.

The damaged valve of the original truck was replaced at this time and both trucks were thoroughly rinsed.

At no time during the entire rectification process was either myself and a representative of Chemical Services not on the scene. All personnel involved were properly equipped (gloves, respirators etc.). All operations were performed on the truck pad which is properly constructed to collect any liquid waste fall out.

We at Chem-Clear fully understand the potential severity of an unchecked air emission of this nature, however given the alternative of rejecting the load and sending the problem elsewhere Chem-Clear felt it was better equipped to solve rather than to ignore. The cooperation of Chemical Services was commendable and the attention of the Division of Air Pollution Control during the corrective action time was appreciated.

If any additional clairification is needed this office is more than willing to provide any data requested.

Sincerely, Alregoy E. Valocchi /16

Gregory E. Valocchi General Manager

Chicago Facility



Illinois Environmental Protection Agency P. O. Box 19276. Springfield, IL 62794-9276

217/782-6762

Refer to: 0316000051 -- Cook County

Clean Harbors of Chicago. Inc.

ILD000608471

Permit No.: 1980-36-0P

Log No's.: 1990-478 (1990-476, 1990-277, 1990-250, 1990-156, 1990-155, 1990-007, 1989-237, 1984-759, 1985-219, 1986-083, 1986-101, 1986-145, 1987-022, 1988-294, 1989-007, 1989-173)

Permit File

October 22, 1981 Revised December 20, 1990

Clean Harbors of Chicago, Inc. ATTN: James R. Laubsted 11800 South Stony Island Avenue Chicago, Illinois 60617

Gentlemen:

Permit is hereby granted to Clean Harbors, to operate a solid waste management site located on 26.5 acres in that part of the East 1/4 of fractional Section 23 and of the West 1/2 of Section 24, all in Township 37N, Range 14E of the 3rd P.M., south of the Indian Boundary Line and that part of Lake Calumet in said Township and Range, as more specifically described in the original application for a development permit.

Final plans, specifications, application(s) and supporting documents as submitted and approved shall constitute part of this permit and are identified on the records of the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency, Division of Land Pollution Control by the permit number(s) and log number(s) designated in the heading above. The permit is issued subject to the standard conditions attached hereto and incorporated herein by reference, and further subject to the following special conditions:

- 1. This permit allows Clean Harbors to operate the following units:
 - Α. Four (4) 7,000 gallon in-ground, lines concrete receiving tanks.
 - В. A 200,000 gallon steel, primary settling tank.
 - C. A 400,000 gallon steel, mix tank.
 - 0. A chemical treatment unit (IPSI Model #SAL2-100).
 - Ε. Three (3) gravitators/clarifiers (IPSI Model #ESS-075).
 - F. A 4,000 gallon steel, effluent collection tank.
 - G. A 175,000 gallon steel, effluent discharge tank.



- H. A 13,000 gailon in-ground, lined, concrete, sludge storage tank.
- I. A 200,000 gallon steel, sludge concentrator tank.
- J. A 10,000 gallon steel, sludge conditioning tank.
- K. A plate and frame filter press (Netzch Model 1200/88).
- L. A chemical reduction/oxidation pretreatment system (for hexavalent chrome, cyanide, phenolic and ammonia contaminated waste streams) consisting of (3) reactor vessels, each equipped with a air scrubber emission control system.
- M. An oily wastewater pretreatment system consisting of two (2) 6,000 gallon steel, oil/water separators, a heat exchanger, a 6,000 gallon steel (oil storage) tank and a 6,000 gailon steel (cuff storage) tank.
- A carbon adsorption system (Baron-Blakeslee Dual Bed Model No. CAV40-EX), including a water/solvent condensate separation unit designed to control organic emissions for the aerated storage/mix tanks and oil/water separators.
- A sludge dewatering system consisting of a 10,000 gallon sludge feed tank and a trailer-mounted recessed plate and frame filter press (Netzch Model 1200/88).
- P. Two (2) 300 gallon mixing chambers.
- Q. One (1) 850 gallon flocculation tank.
- R. One (1) 1400 gailon surge tank.
- S. One (1) cooling tank and cooling tower.

iv) Organic drums area

All pipping, sumps, pumps, containment systems and other appurtenances as described in the afore referenced application(s).

| U. | Unit | t Designation | Size | # of Drums |
|----|------|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------|
| | Cont | tainer Storage Area | | |
| | a. | (within Process Building #2) | | |
| | | i) Staging area ii) Acidic drums area iii) Alkaline drums area | 20 x 26 29 x 26 12 x 26 | 72 1 92 96 |

- b. outside storage area #1 (for development only)
 - i) Medical waste 20×50 400

24 x 26

192



c. outside storage area #2 (for development only)

| i) Staging area | 41 x 51 | 80 |
|------------------|---------|-----|
| ii) Oxidizers | 20 x 30 | 96 |
| iii) Reactives | 20 x 30 | 96 |
| iv) Poisons | 20 x 30 | 96 |
| v) Flammable #1 | 50 x 42 | 160 |
| vi) Flammable #2 | 50 x 42 | 160 |

No waste may be received for the outside storages area until such time as an operating permit is issued by this Division for each area.

- The treated effluent shall meet the requirements specified by the 2. Metropolitan Sanitary District of Greater Chicago and this Agency's Division of Water Pollution Control, including Permit No. 1986-EP-1157.
- The facility is permitted to accept for storage and treatment liquid hazardous and special wastes with these parameters and within the following limitations:

| Lead 15 Nickel 15 Phenol 50 Selenium 10 Silver 10 Zinc 18 Cyanide 1, Mercury 1. | ,000 ppm ,000 ppm ,000 ppm ,0,000 ppm ,0,000 ppm ,0,000 ppm ,000 ppm ,000 ppm ,000 ppm ,000 ppm ,000 ppm |
|---|--|
| | 0 ppm 0,000 ppm |

The facility is also permitted to accept for storage and treatment for purposes of dewatering solely non-hazardous semi-solids and sludges.

- The concentrations of Mercury in the wastes accepted for treatment shall not exceed 3 ppb unless Clean Harbors demonstrates that their treatment is effective for that particular waste stream in reducing the concentration of Mercury below this criteria. Documentation of the demonstration shall be maintained at the facility and shall be made available for inspection upon request.
- Wastes containing any amount of the following items shall not be permitted for acceptance at the facility: PCB, PBB, Insecticides and Pesticides.



de litera

Page 4

- ignitable or explosive shall not be permitted for treatment at the facility. Aqueous wastes containing treatment levels of organics may not be accepted at this facility unless a treatment demonstration is made to the Agency in the form of an attachment to the special waste stream permit application(s) submitted to the Agency for review and approval.
- 7. Special wastes received at the site for storage and treatment shall be transported to the facility utilizing the Agency's supplemental waste stream permit and manifest systems.
- 8. Special wastes generated at the facility for disposal, storage, incineration, recovery or further treatment elsewhere shall be transported to the receiving facility utilizing the Agency's supplemental waste stream permit and manifest systems.
- 9. This facility shall be operated in accordance with this Agency's Division of Air Pollution Control Permit Number 83120017.
- 10. All loading/unloading of special wastes shall be accomplished over spill containment devices.
- 11. Any modification to the facility shall be subject of an application for supplemental permit for site modification submitted to this Agency.
- 12. Permittee shall notify the Agency of any changes from the information submitted to the Agency in its application for a developmental and operating permit for this site. Permittee shall notify the Agency of any changes in the names and addresses of both beneficial and legal titleholders, to the herein permitted site. Such notification shall be made in writing within fifteen (15) days of such change and shall include the name or names of any parties in interest and the address of their place of abode; or if a corporation, the names and address of its registered agent.
- 13. This permit is issued subject to review and modification by the Agency as deemed necessary to fulfill the intent and purpose of the Illinois Environmental Protection Act and all applicable environmental rules and regulations.
- 14. The new units shall not be constructed and operated until such time that a permit has been issued by the Division of Air Pollution Control for their construction and operation.
- 15. The new reactors shall be constructed in accordance with ASTM 3299 or its equivalency.
- 16. The Permittee shall inspect the tanks handling nazardous waste (i.e. tanks involved in receiving, storing, and treating the hazardous waste) and the chemical storage tank for sodium hydroxide yearly to assess their condition. This inspection shall consist of the visual inspections subject to the following modifications:



- Tanks shall be entered in accordance with 20 CFR 1910.41(d)(11).
- b. A detailed visual inspection of the tank's interior shall be conducted on an annual basis to ensure the tank's integrity. During this internal inspection, the interior surface shall be inspected for softening, indentations, cracks, exposed fibers, aging, checking, lack of surface resin, delamination, translucency/discoloration, air bubbles and thin areas. Corrective action as specified by the manufacturer of these tanks shall be taken if the internal inspection indicates that the interior surface of a tank system has been detrimentally affected by the hazardous wastes which have been stored, or treated in it.
- c. A leak test or other integrity assessment as approved by the Agency shall be conducted annually on the ancillary equipment.
- The annual inspection of each tank shall be certified by a qualified, independent, registered professional engineer.
- e. All waste and washwater generated during evacuation of the tanks shall be managed as a hazardous waste.
- f. If the results of these inspections indicate a tank system is leaking, the permittee must cease using the tank until it is repaired or replaced.
- g. Results of the inspection shall be maintained onsite and made available to the Agency upon request.
- 17. The Permittee shall submit a plan for determining the compatibility between the wastes which are proposed to be received. This shall be submitted at the time that an application for operating the drum storage area is submitted.
- A container holding hazardous waste must always be closed during storage, except when it is necessary to add or remove waste.
- A container holding hazardous waste must not be opened, handled or stored in a manner which may rupture the container or cause it to leak.
- The container in the storage areas must be arranged so that a 2 foot aisle space exists for inspection. Furthermore, containers may only be stored in rows two abreast.
- The container storage areas must be inspected daily for signs of cracks or gaps in the base. Containers must be removed from areas which are showing structural deficiency until such time that the area has been repaired.



- The approval of the design of these container storage areas does not imply that these areas are designed in compliance with 35 IAC 724.
- All wastes received at the facility shall be reviewed for compatibility 23. using the methods and procedures described in "A Method for Determining the Compatibility of Hazardous Waste" USEPA document EPA-600/2-80-076 dated April 1980, in addition to the facilities approved waste analysis plan. The Permittee shall not store containers holding waste that is incompatible with any waste or other materials stored nearby unless it is separated from the other material and protected from them by means of a dike, berm or other device.
- All lab packs shall be opened within the confines of an operating fume 24. hood.
- 25. A packing list identifying all hazardous waste classes inside of a lab pack must be attached to its outside container prior to it being placed into storage.
- 26. Only lab packs packaged in accordance with 49 CFR 173.12 may be received at this site for temporary storage, repackaging/consolidation of compatible materials for onsite treatment, or treatment/disposal offsite at permitted facilities.
- 27. Fume hoods shall be constructed in accordance with the practices recommended by ACGIH Committee on Industrial Ventilation.
- 28. Ventilation of the lab pack area must be in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1000.
- 29. The new line storage silo and ferric chloride storage tank shall not be constructed and operated until all necessary permits from the Division of Water Pollution Control and Air Pollution Control have also been obtained.
- 30. The collection of precipitation and run-on within the concrete containment area around the medical waste storage area shall be removed as soon as possible and processed through the treatment plant.
- The facility may only accept wastes in outside storage area #1 which meet the definition of hazardous (infectious) hospital waste as defined in 35 IAC 809.901 or medical waste as defined in 40 CFR 359.30. All wastes received at this facility must be managed as hazardous (infectious) hospital waste. This facility is not permitted to receive any RCRA hazardous waste as defined by 35 IAC 721.103, radioactive waste, mixed waste, or asbestos waste. The facility may only accept the following chemotherapy wastes: gloves, gowns, absorbent pads, empty vials, empty syringes, and empty tubing.



- 32. All wastes in outside storage area #1 shall be stored in an area where the ambient temperature is less than 45° degrees Fahrenheit except when conducting waste transfer operations to avoid putrescible conditions. During waste transfer operations at no time shall the surface temperature of the waste containers be permitted to rise above 60° degrees Fahrenheit.
- Any area in the concrete containment area contaminated by a spill or leak from a medical waste container shall be disinfected in accordance with the truck decontamination procedure.
- The coating in the outside storage area #2 shall be inspected for signs of deterioration after each spill and shall be touched up (i.e. the coating reapplied in the area) if such signs are present.
- 35. All medical wastes shall be packaged in accordance with the requirement set forth in 77 Illinois Administrative Code 250.1720(g)(4).
- 36. A vector control specialist shall inspect the outside storage area #1 at least quarterly. If necessary, vector control measures shall be taken. The results of these inspections shall be maintained as part of the facility's operating record and be made available to the Agency upon written or verbal request.
- 37. The facility shall maintain a daily operating record. The operating record must be able to track waste streams as they pass through the facility. It must have the following entries for each shipment of waste received:
 - A unique identification number for each container received.
 - The generator's name and location.
 - The date and time of arrival.
 - The amount received.

The date treated or shipped offsite.

Very truly yours,

Permit Section

Division of Land Pollution Control

LWE:MS:r1c/3917n.46-53

cc: Northern Region

Compliance Monitoring Section

Division File

HEARING NOTES

1

HYON WASTE MANAGEMENT - 11700 Stony Island Ave. Chicago

LIQUID WASTE TREATMENT

DATE -

January 22, 1973

IN ATTENDANCE -

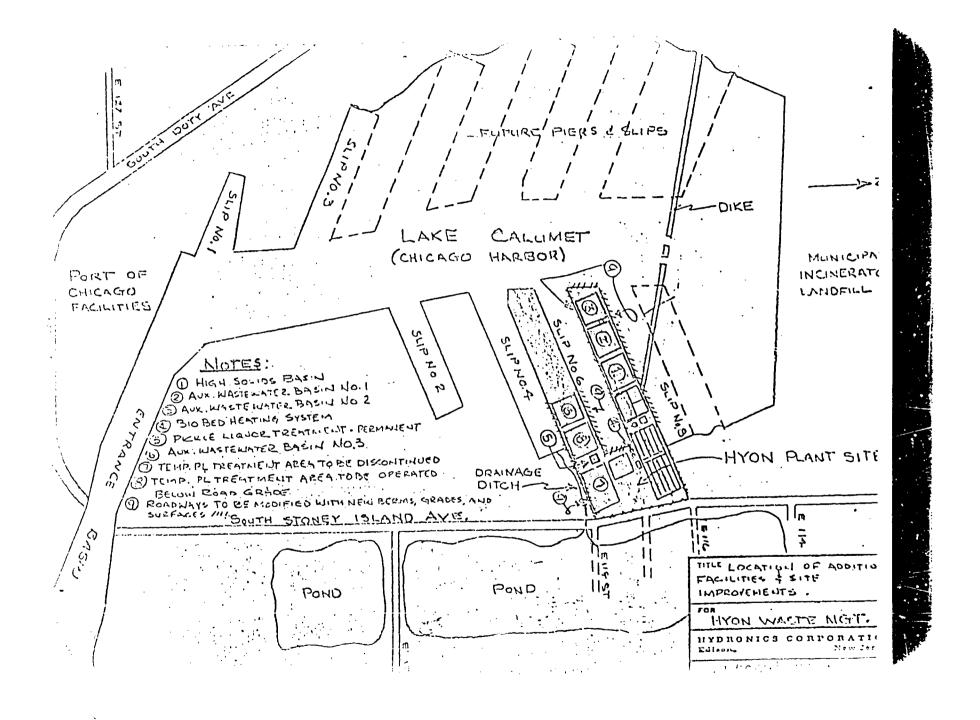
Don Gallay, Div. of Envir. Control, Chicago Ed Pundergast, Div. of Envir. Control, Chicago Ed Pundergast, Div. of Envir. Control, Chicago Walter L. Redmon, U.S.EPA, Chgo.Enforcement Jack A. Meindl, Hyon, Chicago W. Gerry Cousins, International Hydronics Earl W. Knight, MSDGC Thomas Carmody, MSDGC Benn J. Leland, IEPA, DWPC Lawrence Ziemba, IEPA, DWPC

The continuation of the January 19, 1973 MSDGC conciliatory hearing concerning Hyon Waste Management operation was resumed at MSDGC offices at 100 East Erie. During the course of the hearing, the following information was presented:

- A formal proposal for improvement of plant facilities and operation was submitted by Hyon and is attached. Included in this report is a record of operations from January 1 to January 20, 1973 including volumes of receipts received.
- 2. Based on the two-foot liquid basin freeboard requirement, the existing wastewater inventory (excluding pickle liquor system) includes 11,673,000 gallons of a total capacity of 11,800,000 gallons.
- 3. Pickle Liquor System: Iron grade stakes will be provided to ascertain road grade level (10 feet CCD) and adherence to two foot liquid free-board requirement (8 feet CCD). Existing pickle liquor, on hand, will be neutralized and the sludge residue not used in on site road construction will be removed from the site. Over the weekend about 40,000 gallons of pickle liquor was received from Republic Steel and placed in an empty 400,000 gallon lime basin to relieve the existing storage problems at Republic Steel. Hyon's request for additional pickle liquor receipts was withdrawn pending Agency approval and inspection of improved operating practices including construction of appropriate truck off-loading facilities.
- 4. Proposal for future plant operations:
 - (a) Combustibles: Will be received to limit of tank farm storage.
 - (b) Pickle Liquor: As outlined in Item (3) above.

- Final Stabilization Basins: About 1/2 foot freehoard below road grade. (Pisture #7)
- 6. High Solids Area: Surface of contents slightly above road grade. Temporary 3 to 4 foot dyke of piled clay surrounds area perimeter. Mounds of solids within pockets of frozen liquids were observed. Perimeter road was hardened and immediate threat of pollution of adjacent waters (50 feet away) had been alleviated. The odors in the area were quite strong. (Pictures #8 § #9)
- 7. Auxiliary Basin #1: Approximately 2 feet of freeboard (below adjacent road grade) was available. Liquids from the High Solids Area were being pumped to here. Contents were partially frozen. (Picture #10)
 - 8. Auxiliary Basin #2: Diked clay perimeter was 4 to 5 feet above road grade. Basin contents were below road grade. (Picture #11)
 - 9. Pickle Liquor Treatment Area (South Pier):
 - (a) Irregular arrangement and sizing of lime pits for acid disposal. Basins intended to be 60 feet x 150 foot. Two basins of approximately this size were full of liquid to about 3 feet above road grade (contained only by powdered lime dike). A third basin (at least 150 feet long by about 6 to 8 feet wide) had liquid below road grade. No immediate threat to adjacent Lake Calumet, however, above grade storage, contained only by powdered lime dikes offers a potential threat. (Pictures #12, 13 & 14)
 - (b) Lime pit which received Mobil Oil of Joliet spill: West most basin on south pier: Approximately 250 feet (on a side) square with small finger extending east from north side. Heavy in oil accumulations which were apparently off loaded at east extending end where diking is almost reduced to road grade (balance of perimeter diking is about 2 feet above road grade). (Pictures #15 & #16.)
 - (c) Permanent Pickle Liquor Treatment Facility: Concrete pad and structure were in place. (Picture #17)
- 10. During the course of the inspection the only visible evidence of water pollution was seen south of the High Solids Area on the north Pier. A large (approximately 3000 ft² area) of reddish-brown discoloration was noted in slip No. 6 about 20 feet from shore. This discoloration was frozen in the slip surface. A drainage gully, originating on the southern perimeter road, was observed proceeding down the embankment. The discoloration in the gully was similar to that observed in the lake and dissimilar to perimeter road coloring in areas not immediately adjacent to the observed gully. The gully had been partially filled with loose fill and a canvas hose was laying beside the gully. (See attached pictures #'s 20 & 21)

Eawrence E. Ziemba, Environmental Protection Engineer, Chicago



REFERENCE 5



INSPECTION NOTES

HYON WASTE MANAGEMENT SERVICES -

LIQUID WASTE TREATMENT

DATE -

April 4, 1973

INTERVIEWED -

R. B. Bruns, Hyon Jack Meindl, Hyon

WEATHER -

Temperature about 40°F, Cloudy, Light Rain Earlier

At 11:30 A.M. a visit was made to inspect the plant site and to determine the progress being made in correcting the operating deficiencies which culminated in the January suspension of plant operations. During the course of the inspection the following information was obtained:

Pickle Liquor Treatment Area: The two temporary basins contained minimal amounts of waste pickle liquor. Levels were several feet below the maximum operating depth of 8 feet CCD (2 feet below road grade). According to Bruns, only small amounts of pickle liquor are being received since their major customer Republic Steel (past average volumes of 40,000 gallons per day) is no longer hauling to Hyon. Bruns stated that the stabilized acid-lime sludge is being used for road construction on the west end of the undeveloped south pier (as a foundation for clay surfacing). In addition, this sludge is being used to prepare the barge receiving area on the extreme western edge of the south pier (the only part of the plant site that is adequately dredged off shore for barge traffic). Bruns stated that this sludge will not be used close to the water's edge in order to preclude any possible leaching into Lake Calumet.

Bruns and Meindl gave the impression that large scale pickle liquor operation will be discouraged due to past problems and the eminent disposal problem associated with final sludge disposal due to the approximate volume ratio of 1.4: 1.0 (stabilized, dewatered, acid-lime sludge: Sulfuricacid pickle liquor). Even though volume reductions are anticipated, the permanent pickle liquor treatment system should be ready within the month.

- 2. Bio-Chemical Treatment Area (low insoluble content wastes):
 - (a) Receiving Station: Being used as temporary oil-water separator for disposition of potential incincrables.
 - (b) Dewatering of beds to Auxilliary Basin almost completed (continuing due to new rainfall).

2. Continued

- (c) Renovation of bed electrical work has been completed.
- (d) Activated Sludge System: Diffused air aeration will be installed in mix tanks. Existing mechanical aerators will be used in intermediate basin. All above ground piping has been adequately insulated.
- (e) Intermediate and Final Stabilization Basins: No available capacity since liquid levels, are almost at road level. Immediate relief will be initiated by next week when a new 3 inch line will be used to dewater the intermediate basin to the new 5 million gallon auxilliary basin (#3) on the south pier. This new 3" line will be constructed from the incinerator to auxilliary basin #3 (existing piping conveys waste water from the intermediate basin to the incinerators for use in the evaporative scrubbers).
- (f) Additional piping will transfer storm drainage from the incinerator area into the new auxilliary basin #3 in order to releive the loading on the eastern Final Basin which presently receives storm runoff from the incinerator area.
- 3. Utilization of the new auxilliary basin (#3) was deemed necessary by Hyon in order to releive the existing wastewater imbalance. Hyon estimated that over the past weekend approximately 680,000 gallons of storm water were accumulated in plant basins. This wastewater imbalance will be continually increased by spring rains and can only be relieved by warmer drier weather (evaporation), the new auxilliary basin #3, or start-up of the new incinerator.
- 4. Incinerator Area: Adequate control of wastewater inventory is contingent upon start-up of the main incinerator and evaporative scrubber. The transformer, switch gear, and motor control system are completed. Permission has been received from the City of Chicago to "dry out" the refractory with #2 fuel oil sometime next week. If start up operations proceed as scheduled the incinerator should be on line by the last week in April.
- 5. Oil from Mobil, Joliet Oil Spill: Basin level has been reduced to below road grade by partial tank truck skimming to small incinerator and draining of pickle liquor to adjacent (eastern) lime basin.
- 6. High Solids Area: No immediate plans; final action contingent upon clement weather which will allow removal of solids and planned installation of concrete base. The area is presently diked with clay in order to contain any liquids.
- 7. March Receipts: Detailed inventory will be presented in monthly operations report to be submitted shortly. However, of estimated 500,000 gallons received, about one-half dispatched to storage (on site tank farm and North American Tank Car storage facilities in Lemont) and balance burned in small incinerator or treated in temporary pickle liquor facilities.

- 8. Anticipated Start-Up of Bio-Chemical System: Due to corporate economical pressures, all efforts will be made to resume operation by late next week (conditionally contingent upon large incinerator operation and/or dewatering of north pier intermediate and final stabilization basins to auxilliary basin #3). An on site inspection by all concerned regulatory agencies will be held prior to resumption of operations.
- 9. Area northeast of old temporary pickle liquor disposal sites (location: directly cast of permanent pickle liquor treatment facilities presently under construction). See January 21, 1973 Inspection Notes for description of these "old" temporary sites (item 9 (a) and Pictures No. 12, 13 & 14): An area of approximately 20,000 ft² was covered with brown surface waters which Meindl referred to as leachate from the neutralized pickle liquor. The color was attributed to Iron Sulfate. There was no immediate pollutional threat to any surface waters due to the low, localized elevation; however, the problem of future liquid leaching from anticipated acid disposal operations may pose a problem. The contributing factor to the accumulated brown waters may have been the above road grade levels that were maintained, initially, in these lime basins.
- 10. The attached pictures were taken during the time of the inspection [(refer to the attached map).

Lawrence E. Ziemba, Environmental Protection Engineer, Chicago

LEZ:arl 4/12/73

